


## Solid-State Relays

Accessories

|  | Description | Pkg. Qty. | Cat. No. | Factorystocked Item |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Screw Terminal Socket - Panel or DIN Rail Mounting 8-blade miniature socket for use with DPDT HF relays. Order must be for 10 sockets or multiples of 10 . | 10 | 700-HN116 | $\checkmark$ |
| $0$ | DIN Rail Mounting Pack <br> Standard $35 \times 7.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ DIN Rail, 1 meter long, 10 rails per package. Order must be for 10 rails or multiples of 10 . | 10 | 199-DR1 | $\checkmark$ |
|  | Pre-printed identification tags - contains 10 sheets of pre-printed and blank tags. Each sheet contains 13 sets of the markings CR...9CR, TR...9TR, M...9M, F, R, 1S, and 117 blank tags. Tags are peel-off with sticky backing for easy placement on relays. | 10 | 700-N40 | $\checkmark$ |
|  | Blank identification tags - contains 10 sheets of blank identification tags for customer specialized printing. Each sheet contains 546 blank tags. Tags are peel-off with sticky backing for easy placement on relays. | 10 | 700-N41 | $\checkmark$ |
|  | Retainer Clip for Cat. No. 700-HN103 and -HN128 Sockets with 700-SF Relays and Cat. No. 700-HN116 Sockets Secures relay in socket. Order must be for 10 clips or multiples of 10. | 10 | 700-HN114B¢ | $\checkmark$ |

(1) Bulletin $700-$ SF must use $700-\mathrm{HN} 114$ series B retainer clip.

| Control/Input Ratings |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cat. No. | Rated Control Voltage | Operating Control Voltage Range | Impedance | Control Voltage Levels |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Pick-up Voltage |  | Drop-out Voltage |
| 700-SFZY3Z25 | 5...24V DC | 4...28V DC | 15 mA max. 1 | 4V DC max. |  | 1V DC min. |
| 700-SFTY3Z24 | 24V DC | 19.2..28.8V DC | $2 \mathrm{k} \Omega \pm 20 \%$ | 19.2V DC max. |  | 1V DC min. |
| 700-SFNY3Z25 | 5...24V DC | 4...28V DC | $1.5 \mathrm{k} \Omega+20 \% /-10 \%$ (2) | 4V DC max. |  | 1V DC min. |
| Load/Output Ratings |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cat. No. | Applicable Load |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Rated Load Voltage |  | Load Voltage Range | Continuous Load Current (Resistive) | Max. Inrush Current 3 |  |
| - | - |  | - | Max. 4 |  | - |
| 700-SFZY3Z25 | 100...240V AC |  | 75...264V AC | 3 A | 45 A @ $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$, 1 cycle |  |
| 700-SFTY3Z24 |  |  | 3 A |  |  |
| 700-SFNY3Z25 | 4...48V DC |  |  | 3...52.8V DC | 3 A | $18 \mathrm{~A}(10 \mathrm{~ms})$ |  |
| Characteristics |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cat. No. |  | 700-SFZY3Z25 | 700-SFTY32... |  | 700-SFNY3Z25 |  |
| Load Switching Method/Device |  | Triac | Transistor |  |  |  |
| Pick-up time |  | 1/2 cycle of load power source + 1 ms max. | 1 ms max . |  | 0.5 ms max . |  |
| Drop-out time |  | 1/2 of output switching element cycle of load power source + 1 ms max . |  |  | 2 ms max . |  |
| Output ON voltage drop |  | 1.6 V (RMS) max. |  |  | 1.5 V max. |  |
| Output Leakage current |  | 5 mA max. (at 100 V AC); 10 mA max. (at 200V AC) | 2.5 mA max. (at 100V AC); <br> 5 mA max. (at 200V AC) |  | 5 mA max. (at 50V DC) |  |
| Output $\mathrm{V}_{\text {drm }} \mathrm{V}_{\text {CEO }}(\mathrm{V}$ ) |  | 600 | 600 | 80 |  |  |
| Output di/dt (A/uS) |  | 50 | 50 | - |  |  |
| Output dv/dt (V/uS) |  | 250 | 250 | - |  |  |
| Output 12t (A²S) |  | 18 | 18 | - |  |  |
| Output Tj ( ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) (max.) |  | 125 | 125 | 150 |  |  |
| Insulation resistance |  | $100 \mathrm{M} \Omega \mathrm{min}$. (at 500 V DC) |  |  |  |  |
| Dielectric strength |  | 1,500V AC, $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 min . |  |  |  |  |
| Vibration resistance (max.) |  | $10 . .55 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ double amplitude (10 G) |  |  |  |  |
| Shock resistance (max.) |  | $1,000 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}(100 \mathrm{G})$ |  |  |  |  |
| Ambient temperature |  | Operating: $-30 \ldots 80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(-22 \ldots 176^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ with no icing or condensation Storage: $-30 \ldots 100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(-22 \ldots 212^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ with no icing or condensation |  |  |  |  |
| Ambient humidity |  | 45...85\% (no condensation) |  |  |  |  |
| Standards |  | UL508, CSA C22.2, CE |  |  |  |  |
| Weight |  | Approx. 50 g |  |  |  |  |

[^0](2) Input impedance reaches its maximum at the operating voltage.
(3) If the SSR operation is continuous ON/OFF, this value should be reduced by $50 \%$. Refer to the "Inrush Current Resistivity" graphs on page 50 for more details.
(4) Refer to "Load Current vs. Ambient Temperature Characteristics" on page 50 for additional load current details.

## Bulletin 700-SF

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## Specifications, Continued/Approximate Dimensions

Note: These data are non-repetitive. Keep the inrush current to half the rated value if it occurs repetitively. Inrush current resistivity is the ability of an SSR to withstand a large surge current for a short period of time. Surges are considered non-repetitive (max. repeatability once every $2 \ldots 5$ seconds). Keep the inrush current to half the rated value if it occurs repetitively. Exceeding the non-repetitive inrush current will damage the SSR.

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Approximate Dimensions
All units are in millimeters unless otherwise indicated. Dimensions are not intended for manufacturing purposes.


Terminal Arrangement/ Internal Connections (Bottom View)


Note: The $700-\mathrm{SF}$ is compatible with the $700-\mathrm{HN} 116$ socket.
Basic Application Considerations of Bulletin 700-SF

## High Density Mounting of Multiple SSRs

If multiple SSRs are mounted side by side be aware that the outer case wall of the SSR acts as a radiator. The SSR case serves to dissipate heat. Install the relays so that they are adequately ventilated. If poor ventilation is unavoidable, reduce the load current by half.

## Connection

For DC load switching, the 700-SF SSR will operate properly if the load is connected to either the positive or negative load terminals.

## Protective Component To Extend SSR Life

When controlling AC inductive loads, connect an inrush/surge absorbing device (varistor) across the SSR load terminals. If the SSR has built-in surge suppression (Bulletins $700-$ SE and $700-\mathrm{SH}$ ) and additional surge suppression is required, connect the varistor across the terminals of the load device. Select a varistor that meets the conditions of the load voltage outlined in the table below.

| Load Voltage | Varistor Voltage | Varistor Surge Resistance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $100 \ldots 120 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC}$ | $240 \ldots 270 \mathrm{~V}$ | 1000 A min.$$ |
| $200 \ldots 240 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC}$ | $440 \ldots 470 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |
| $380 \ldots 480 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{AC}$ | $820 \ldots 1000 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |

Note: For additional details applying solid-state relays, refer to pub. number 700-AT001A-EN-E, Solid-State Relay Application Guide. Document available at http://www.theautomationbookstore.com.


[^0]:    (1) With constant current input circuit system, SSR impedance varies with a change in input voltage.

