

**Features**

- Low-Voltage Operation: Down to 1.24V
- 1% Reference-Voltage Tolerance
- Adjustable Output Voltage,  $V_o = V_{ref}$  to 12V
- Low Operational Cathode Current... $50 \mu A$
- $0.25\Omega$  Typical Output Impedance
- SOT-23 and TO-92 Packages

**Application**

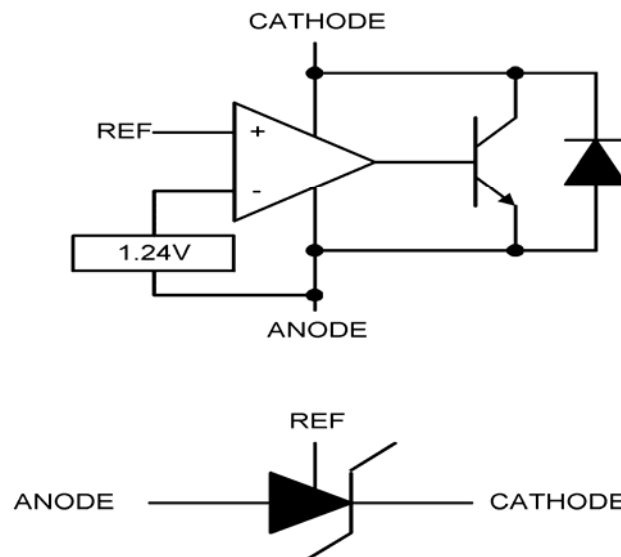
- Linear Regulators
- Voltage Reference for Power Circuit

**Description**

The AT431 is low-voltage three-terminal adjustable voltage reference with specified thermal stability over applicable commercial temperature ranges. Output voltage may be set to any value between  $V_{ref}$  (1.24V) and 12V with two external resistors (see Figure 2).

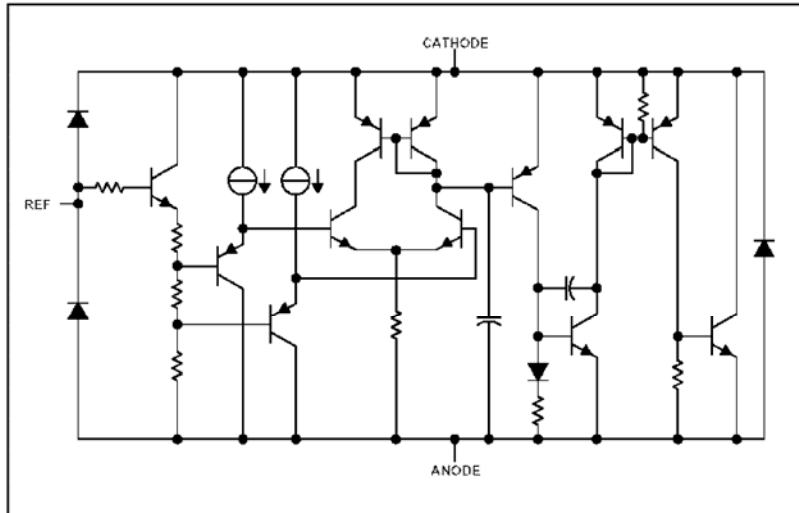
When used with an optocoupler, the AT431 is ideal voltage reference in isolated feedback circuits for 1.8V to 12 V switching-mode power supplies. This device has typical output impedance of  $0.20\Omega$ . Active output circuitry provides a very sharp turn-on characteristic, making the AT431 excellent replacements for low-voltage zener diodes in many applications, including onboard regulation and adjustable power supplies.

**Block Diagram and Symbol**

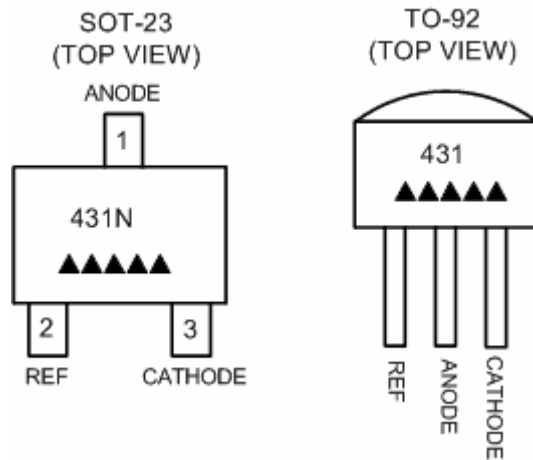


**Aimtron reserves the right without notice to change this circuitry and specifications.**

**Equivalent Schematic**



**Pin Assignments**



**Ordering Information**

Part number	Package	Marking
AT431Z	TO-92	▲▲▲▲▲ Date Code
AT431UN	SOT-23	▲▲▲▲▲ Date Code
AT431UN_GRE	SOT-23, Green	▲▲▲▲▲, Date Code with one bottom line

▲▲▲▲▲ : Date Code

*\*For more marking information, contact our sales representative directly*

**Absolute maximum ratings (T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C)**

Parameter	Symbol	Limits	unit
Cathode voltage	V <sub>KA</sub>	12	V
Continuous cathode current range	I <sub>K</sub>	-20~20	mA
Reference Current	I <sub>REF</sub>	-0.05~3	mA
Operating temperature	T <sub>OPR</sub>	-30~+85	°C
Storage temperature	T <sub>STG</sub>	-55~+150	°C
Package thermal impedance θ <sub>JA</sub>	SOT-23-5	347	°C / W
	SOT-23-3		
	TO-92	156	
Power Dissipation	PD	(T <sub>J(max)</sub> -T <sub>A</sub> )/ θ <sub>JA</sub>	

Stresses beyond those listed under “absolute maximum ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

**Recommend operating condition**

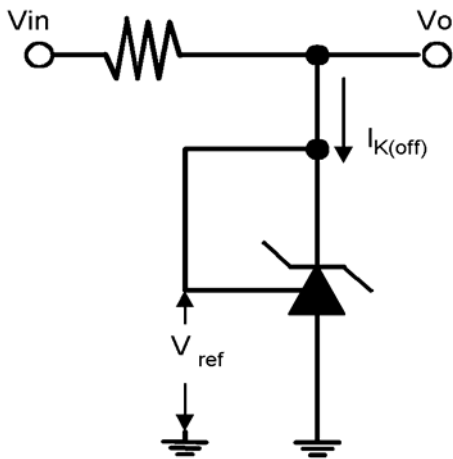
Parameter	min	Max	unit
Cathode voltage V <sub>KA</sub>	V <sub>ref</sub>	12	V
Continuous cathode current range I <sub>K</sub>	0.05	15	mA
Operating free-air temperature range T <sub>A</sub>	0	70	°C

**Electrical characteristics (unless otherwise noted)**

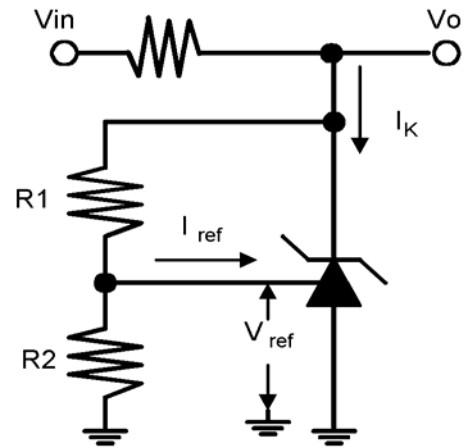
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
Reference Voltage	V <sub>ref</sub> (T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C)	1.228	1.24	1.252	V	V <sub>KA</sub> = V <sub>ref</sub>
	V <sub>ref</sub> (T <sub>A</sub> = full range 0~70 °C)	1.221	-	1.259	V	I <sub>K</sub> =10mA (Figure 1)
V <sub>ref</sub> deviation over full temperature range	V <sub>ref</sub> (dev)	-	4	20	mV	V <sub>KA</sub> = V <sub>ref</sub> I <sub>K</sub> =10mA (Figure 1)
Ratio of V <sub>ref</sub> change in cathode voltage change	Δ V <sub>ref</sub> / Δ V <sub>KA</sub>	-	-1.5	-2.7	mV/V	V <sub>KA</sub> = V <sub>ref</sub> to 12V I <sub>K</sub> =10mA (Figure 2)
Reference terminal current	I <sub>ref</sub>	-	0.15	0.5	μA	I <sub>K</sub> =10mA R1=10KΩ (Figure 2)
I <sub>ref</sub> deviation over full temperature range	I <sub>ref</sub> (dev)	-	0.05	0.3	μA	I <sub>K</sub> =10mA R1=10KΩ R2=open (Figure 2)
Minimum cathode current for regulation	I <sub>K</sub> (min)	-	40	50	μA	V <sub>KA</sub> = V <sub>ref</sub> (Figure 1)
Off-state cathode current	I <sub>K</sub> (off)	-	0.001	0.1	μA	V <sub>KA</sub> =12V V <sub>ref</sub> =0V (Figure 3)
Dynamic impedance	Z <sub>KA</sub>	-	0.20	0.4	Ω	V <sub>KA</sub> = V <sub>ref</sub> f≤1KHz I <sub>K</sub> =0.1mA to 15mA (Figure 1)

\* The dynamic impedance is defined as : |Z<sub>KA</sub>| = Δ V<sub>KA</sub> / Δ I<sub>KA</sub>

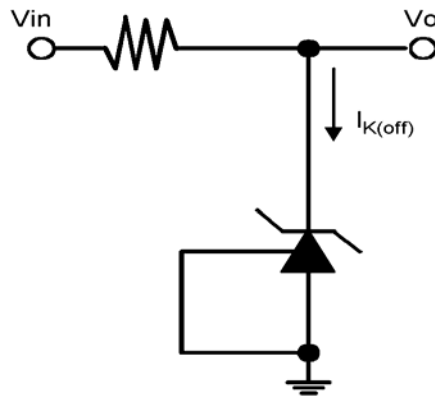
**Parameter Measurement Information**



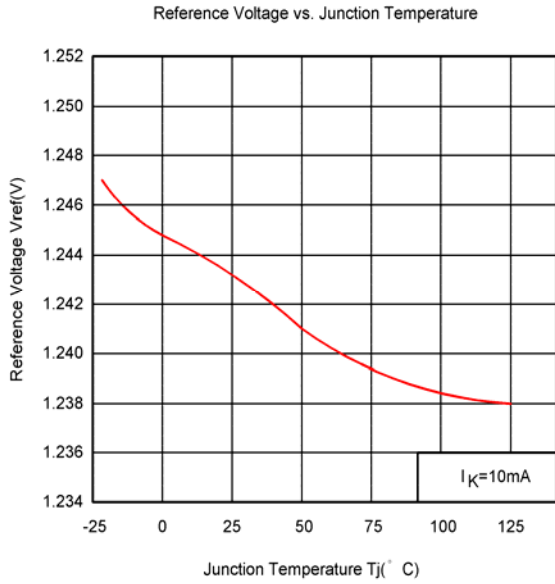
**Figure 1. Test Circuit for  $V_{KA} = V_{ref}$**   
 $V_O = V_{KA} = V_{ref}$



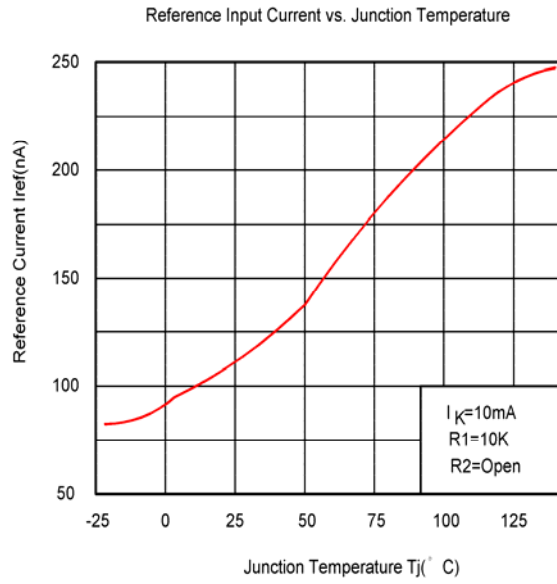
**Figure 2. Test Circuit for  $V_{KA} > V_{ref}$**   
 $V_O = V_{KA} = V_{ref} * (1 + R1/R2) + I_{ref} * R1$



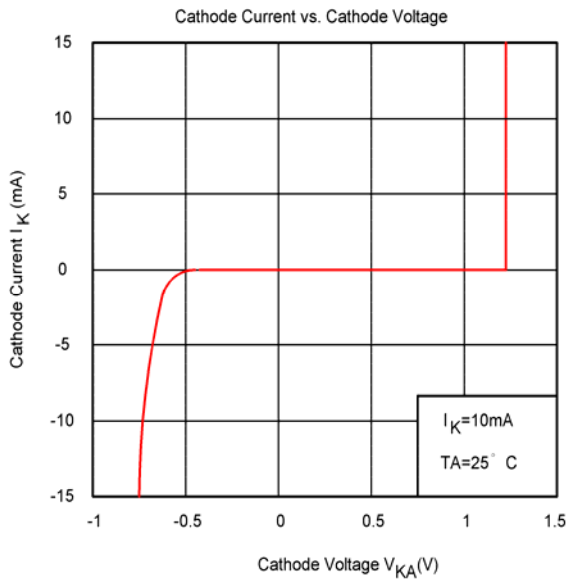
**Figure 3. Test Circuit for  $I_{K(off)}$**



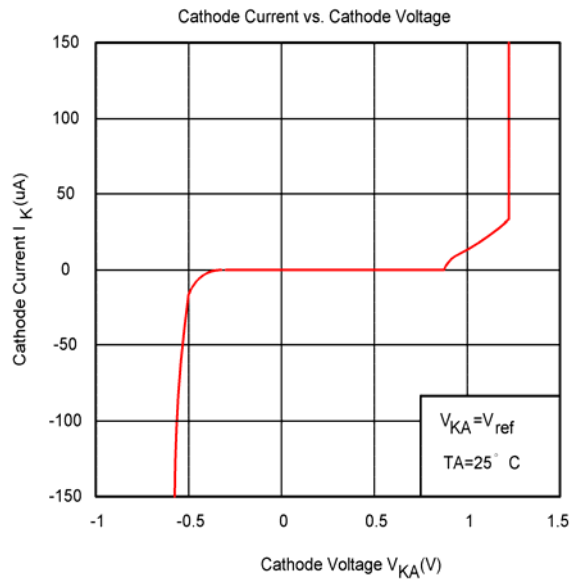
**Figure 4.**



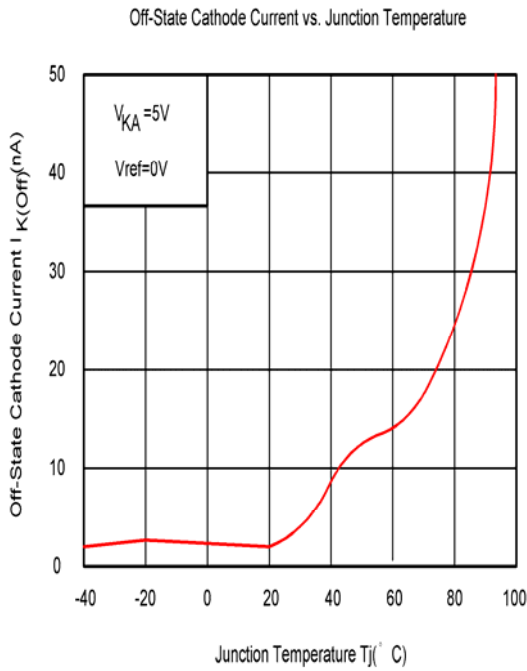
**Figure 5.**



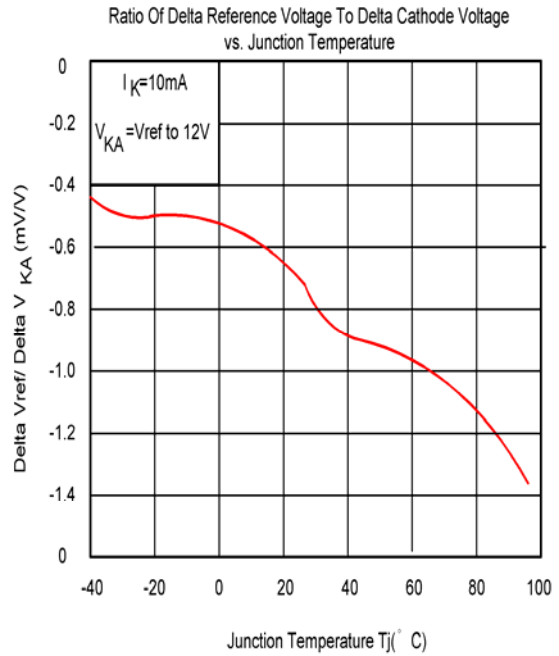
**Figure 6.**



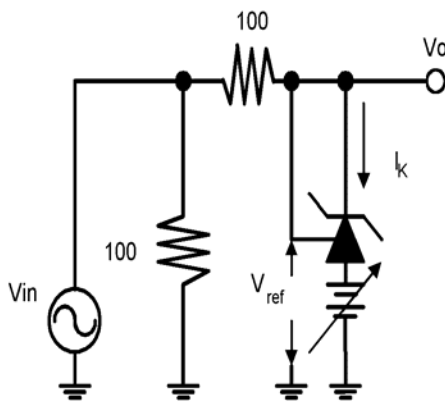
**Figure 7.**



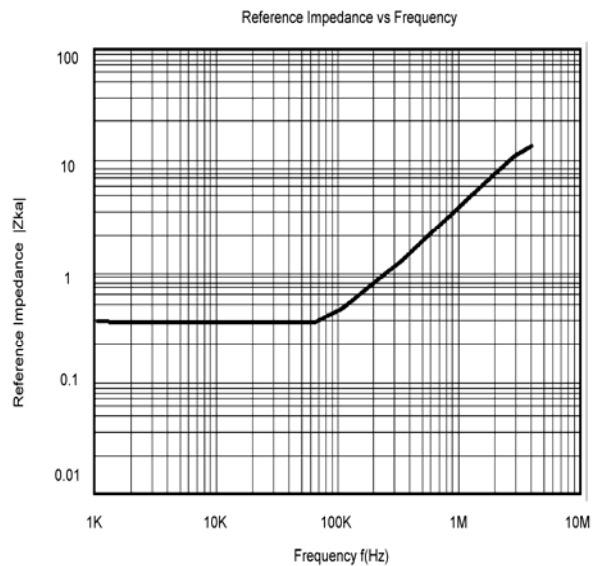
**Figure 8.**



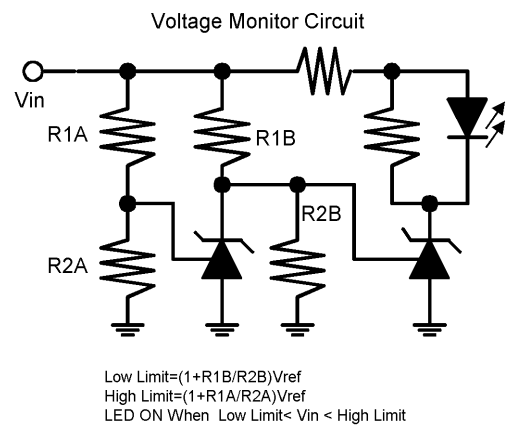
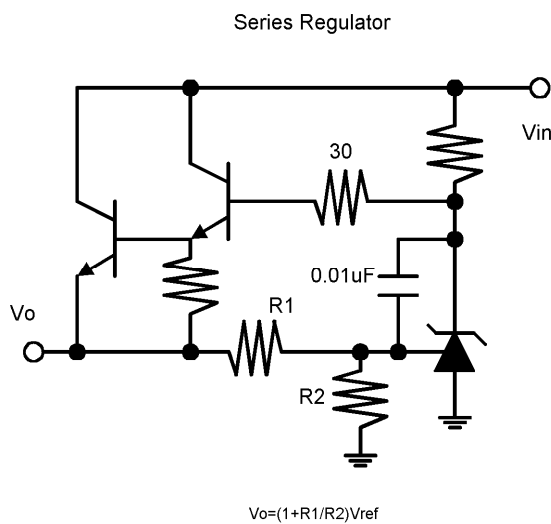
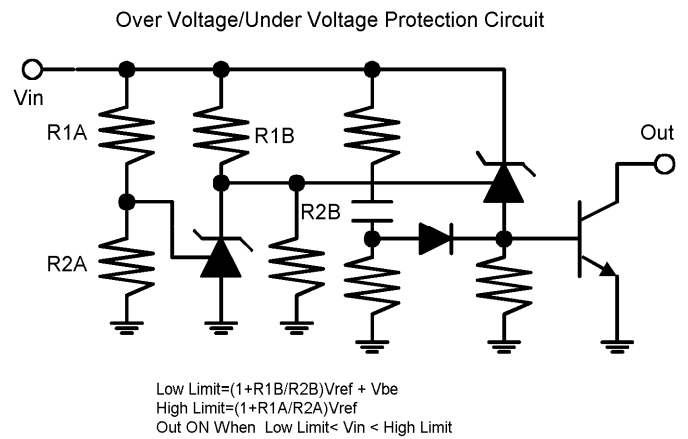
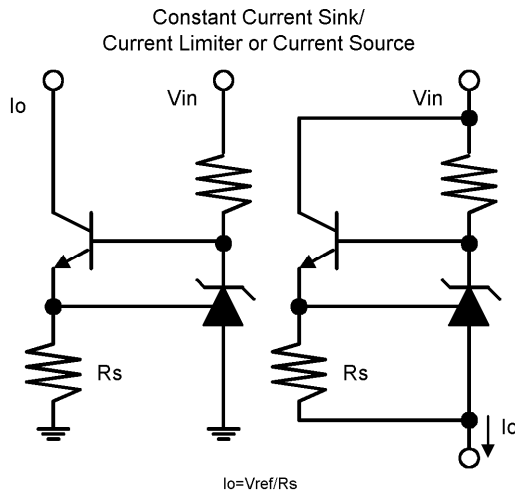
**Figure 9.**

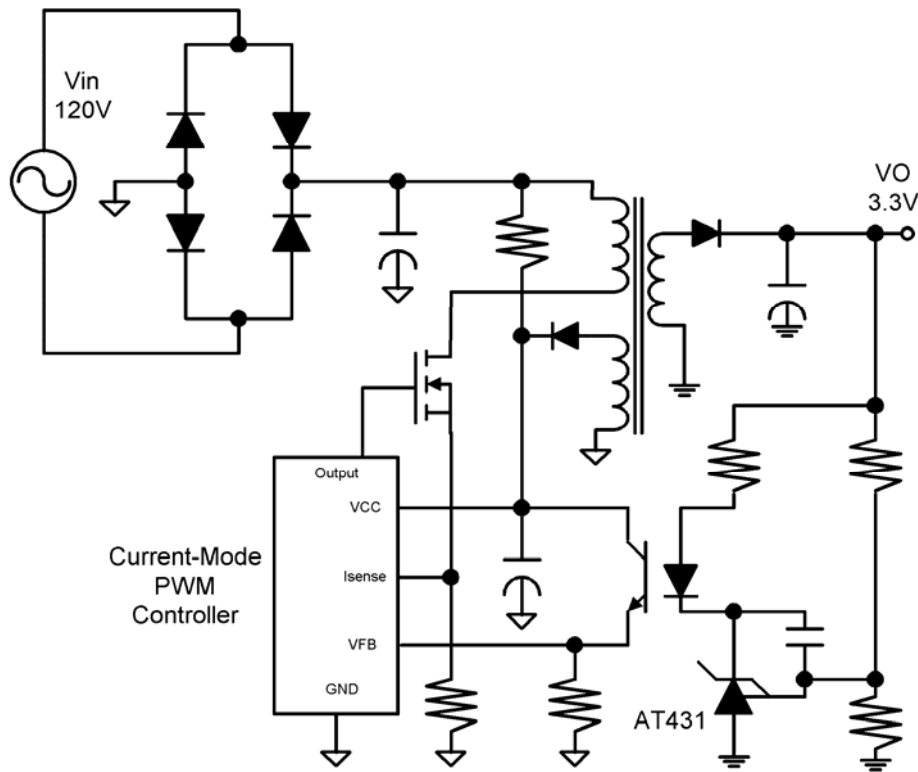


**Figure 10.**



**Application Circuit**

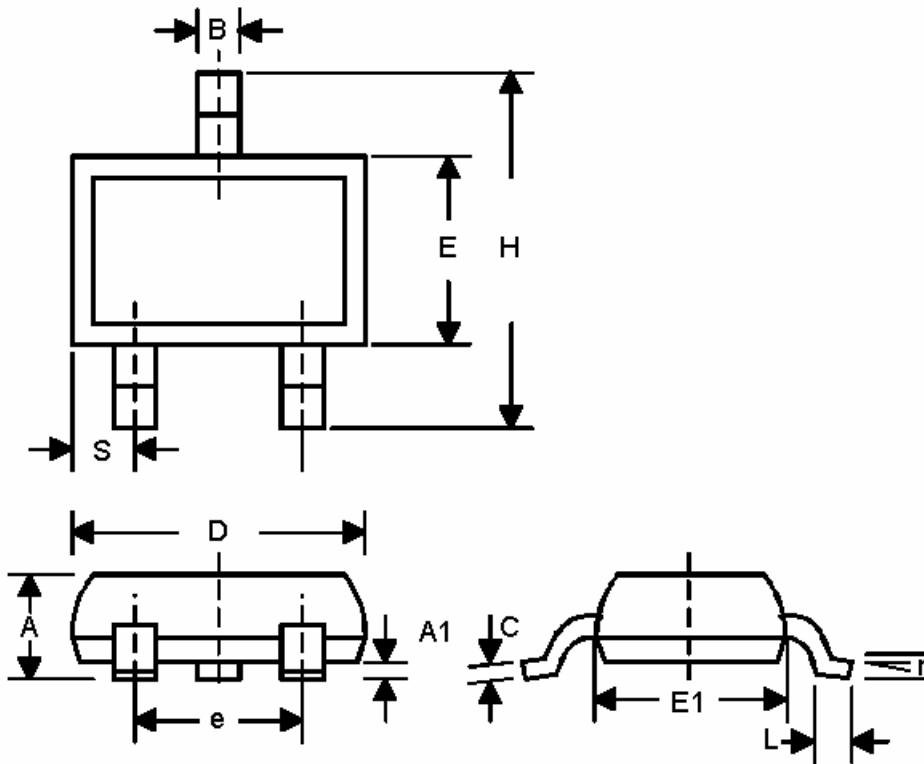




Above shows the AT431 used in a 3.3V isolated flyback supply. Output voltage  $V_o$  can be as low as reference voltage  $V_{ref}$  ( $1.24V \pm 1\%$ ). The output of the regulator, plus the forward voltage drop of the optocoupler LED ( $1.24+1.4=2.64V$ ), determine the minimum voltage that can be regulated in an isolated in an isolated supply configuration. Regulated voltage as low as 2.7V is possible using the circuit.

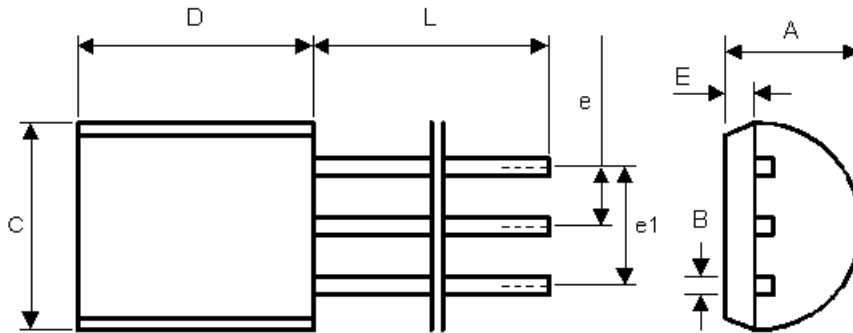


**Package Information**  
 SOT-23



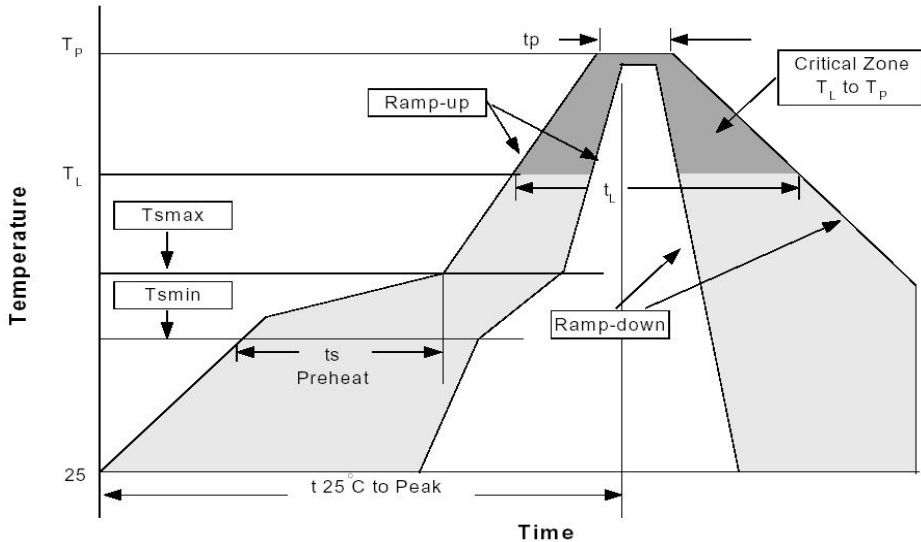
SYMBOL	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	0.787	1.194	0.031	0.047
A1	0.025	0.127	0.001	0.005
B	0.356	0.559	0.014	0.022
C	0.086	0.152	0.0034	0.006
D	2.667	3.048	0.105	0.120
E	1.194	1.397	0.047	0.055
E	1.778	2.032	0.070	0.080
H	2.083	2.489	0.082	0.098
L	0.102	0.305	0.004	0.012
S	0.432	0.559	0.017	0.022
R	0°	8°	0°	8°

**TO-92**



SYMBOL	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	3.4	3.8	0.134	0.150
B	0.3	0.5	0.012	0.020
C	4.4	4.8	0.173	0.189
D	4.4	4.8	0.173	0.189
E	0.9	1.5	0.035	0.059
e	1.17	1.37	0.046	0.054
e1	2.39	2.69	0.094	0.106
L	12	16	0.472	0.630

**Reflow Profiles**



Profile Feature	Sn-Pb Eutectic Assembly		Pb-Free Assembly	
	Large Body Pkg. thickness $\geq 2.5\text{mm}$ or Pkg. volume $\geq 350\text{mm}^3$	Small Body Pkg. thickness $< 2.5\text{mm}$ or Pkg. volume $< 350\text{mm}^3$	Large Body Pkg. thickness $\geq 2.5\text{mm}$ or Pkg. volume $\geq 350\text{mm}^3$	Small Body Pkg. thickness $\geq 2.5\text{mm}$ or Pkg. volume $\geq 350\text{mm}^3$
Average ramp-up rate ( $T_L$ to $T_P$ )	3°C/second max.		3°C/second max.	
Preheat				
-Temperature Min( $T_{\text{min}}$ )	100°C		150°C	
-Temperature Max ( $T_{\text{max}}$ )	150°C		200°C	
-Time (min to max)( $t_s$ )	60-120 seconds		60-180 seconds	
$T_{\text{max}}$ to $T_L$			3°C/second max.	
-Ramp-up Rate				
Time maintained above:				
-Temperature ( $T_L$ )	183°C		217°C	
-Time ( $t_L$ )	60-150 seconds		60-150 seconds	
Peak Temperature( $T_P$ )	225+0/-5°C	240+0/-5°C	245+0/-5°C	250+0/-5°C
Time within 5°C of actual Peak Temperature ( $t_p$ )	10-30 seconds	10-30 seconds	10-30 seconds	20-40 seconds
Ramp-down Rate	6°C/second max.		3°C/second max.	
Time 25°C to Peak Temperature	6 minutes max.		8 minutes max.	

\*All temperatures refer to topside of the package, measured on the package body surface.