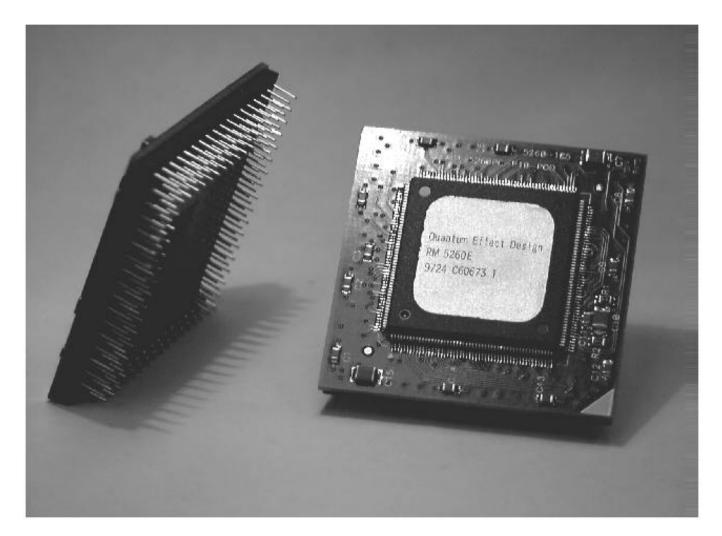
		AC	T5260PC-P10-F	0	D_			
			\pm FR4 Adapter $$					

The Aeroflex ACT5260PC-P10-POD adapts a QED RM5260 MIPS microprocessor to an R4400PC, R4600 or R4700 processor's 179 pin PGA footprint. This product allows the evaluation of the latest MIPS IV 5XXX series performance in existing 4XXX series hardware. Some of the performance enhancements include:

- Allows potentially higher pipeline clock rates due to it multiplication of the input clock by 2,3,4,5,6,7 or 8 compared to the 4XXX series method of multiplying the input clock by only 2, then dividing it down by 2,3,4 etc for output system clock.
- The RM5260 is a 3.3 volt device with 5 volt tolerant I/O's.
- It has a fully operational IEEE 1149.1 JTAG boundary scan interface.
- On-board supply de-coupling capacitors and PLL filter network.



ACT5260 FR4 Adapter

Aeroflex Circuit Technology – RISC TurboEngines For The Future © 9/15/97 SCD5260PC REV A

ACT5260 DESCRIPTION:

The ACT5260 is a highly integrated superscalar microprocessor that implements a superset of the MIPS IV Instruction Set Architecture(ISA). It has a high performance 64-bit integer unit, a high throughput, fully pipelined 64-bit floating point unit, an operating system friendly memory management unit with a 48-entry fully associative TLB, a 16 KByte 2-way set associative instruction cache, a 16 KByte 2-way set associative data cache, and a high-performance 64-bit system interface. The ACT5260 can issue both an integer and a floating point instruction in the same cycle.

The ACT5260 is ideally suited for high-end embedded control applications such as internetworking, high performance image manipulation, high speed printing, and 3-D visualization.

HARDWARE OVERVIEW

The ACT5260 offers a high-level of integration targeted at high-performance embedded applications. Some of the key elements of the ACT5260 are briefly described below.

Superscalar Dispatch

The ACT5260 has an efficient asymmetric superscalar dispatch unit which allows it to issue an integer instruction and a floating-point computation simultaneously. instruction With respect to superscalar issue, integer instructions include alu, branch, load/store, and floating-point load/store, while floating-point computation instructions include floating-point add, subtract, combined multiply-add, converts, etc. In combination with its high throughput fully pipelined floating-point execution unit, the superscalar capability of the ACT5260 provides unparalleled price/performance in computationally intensive embedded applications.

CPU Registers

Like all MIPS ISA processors, the ACT5260 CPU has a simple, clean user visible state consisting of 32 general purpose registers, two special purpose registers for integer multiplication and division, a program counter, and no condition code bits.

Pipeline

For integer operations, loads, stores, and other non-floating-point operations, the ACT5260 uses the simple 5-stage pipeline also found in the circuits R4600, R4700, and R5000. In addition to this standard pipeline, the ACT5260 uses an extended seven stage pipeline for floating-point operations. Like the R5000, the ACT5260 does virtual to physical translation in parallel with cache access.

Integer Unit

Like the R5000, the ACT5260 implements the MIPS IV Instruction Set Architecture, and is therefore fully upward compatible with applications that run on processors implementing the earlier generation MIPS I-III instruction sets. Additionally, the ACT5260 includes two implementation specific instructions not found in the baseline MIPS IV ISA but that are useful in the embedded market place. Described in detail in a later section, these instructions are integer multiply-accumulate and 3-operand integer multiply.

The ACT5260 integer unit includes thirty-two general purpose 64-bit registers, a load/store architecture with single cycle ALU operations (add, sub, logical, shift) and an autonomous multiply/divide unit. Additional register resources include: the HI/LO result registers for the two-operand integer multiply/ divide operations, and the program counter(PC).

Register File

The ACT5260 has thirty-two general purpose registers with register location 0 hard wired to zero. These registers are used for scalar integer operations and address calculation. The register file has two read ports and one write port and is fully bypassed to minimize operation latency in the pipeline.

ALU

The ACT5260 ALU consists of the integer adder/ subtractor, the logic unit, and the shifter. The adder performs address calculations in addition to arithmetic operations, the logic unit performs all logical and zero shift data moves, and the shifter performs shifts and store alignment operations. Each of these units is optimized to perform all operations in a single processor cycle

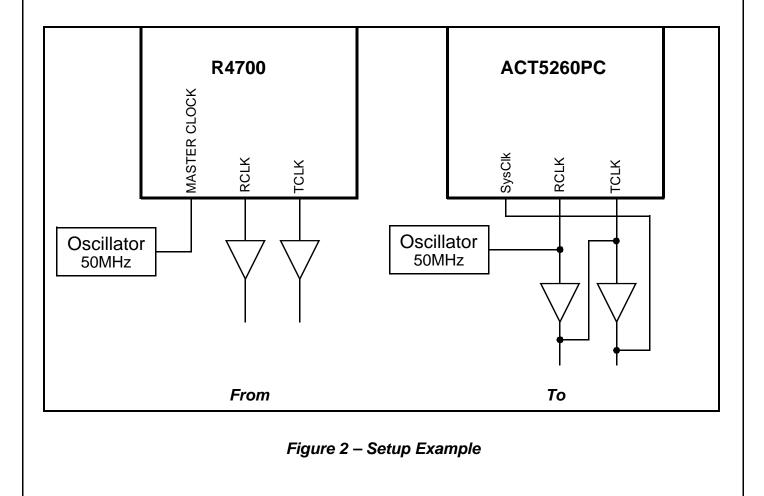
For Detail Information regarding the operation of the Quantum Effect Design (QED) RISCMark™ RM5260[™], 64-Bit Superscalar Microprocessor see the QED datasheet.

Application Considerations:

Although the device has a 4XXX PC 179 pin PGA compatible footprint, it is not a drop-in replacement since the RM5260 has a different clocking scheme. The RM5260 does not generate the system clocks the same as the R4400, R4600 and R4700. Instead, the system clock is an input, which is multiplied up to the pipeline rate. On the adapter, the Tclock and Rclock pins are floating; not connected to anything. SYNCout and IOout are connected to ground to commit possible unconnected CMOS inputs to a level. Depending on the system configuration, accommodating the clocking difference can be as simple as a few re-routing jumpers or generating divisors of the original MasterClock and the addition of some phase-skewing buffers to emulate the Rclock and Tclock system clocks. In addition, the boot time mode bit serial stream needs to be scrutinized before plugging in a RM5260 into an

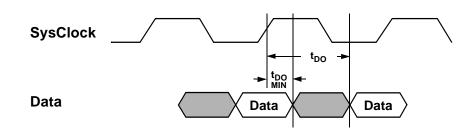
R4700 or R4400 socket. The R4700 is closest to the RM5260 whereas the R4400 is quite different.

Figure 2 is an example of what had to be done to an Algorithmics P4000i (IDT79S460) Single Board Computer which was originally configured for an R4700 with a 50 MHz input clock (100 MHz pipeline) and a divide by 2 output clock (50 MHz bus rate). With three wire jumpers, the ACT5260PC-P10-POD was up and running with no changes to the boot and monitor PROM or any recompilation of application programs. In this case, the R4700's modebit stream happened to be compatible, where a board jumper used to change the output clocks (Tclock and Rclock) from divide by 2 to divide by 3 had the effect of changing the Pclock multiplier from 2 to 3, upping the pipeline rate up to 150 Mhz without changing the board oscillator.



Boot Time Mode Stream Comparison Ch	hart – 5260 vs 4700
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	5260		4700
Mode Bit	Description	Mode Bit	Description
0	Reserved (must be zero)	0	Reserved: Must be zero (0)
41	Write-back data rate $0 \rightarrow DDDD$ $1 \rightarrow DDxDDx$ $2 \rightarrow DDxxDDxx$ $3 \rightarrow DxDxDxDx$ $4 \rightarrow DDxxxDDxxx$ $5 \rightarrow DDxxxDDxxxx$ $6 \rightarrow DxxDxxDxxDxxxx$ $7 \rightarrow DDxxxxxDDxxxxx$ $8 \rightarrow DxxxDxxxDxxxDxxx$ 9-15 reserved	41	Write-back data rate $0 \rightarrow D$ $1 \rightarrow DDx$ $2 \rightarrow DDxx$ $3 \rightarrow DxDx$ $4 \rightarrow DDxxx$ $5 \rightarrow DDxxxx$ $6 \rightarrow DxxDxx$ $7 \rightarrow DDxxxxxx$ $8 \rightarrow DxxxDxxx$ 9-15 reserved
75	Pclock to SysClock Multiplier $0 \rightarrow$ Multiply by 2, 1 \rightarrow Multiply by 3 $2 \rightarrow$ Multiply by 4, 3 \rightarrow Multiply by 5 $4 \rightarrow$ Multiply by 6, 5 \rightarrow Multiply by 7 $6 \rightarrow$ Multiply by 8, 7 reserved	75	Clock divisor $0 \rightarrow 2, 1 \rightarrow 3$ $2 \rightarrow 4, 3 \rightarrow 5$ $4 \rightarrow 6, 5 \rightarrow 7$ $6 \rightarrow 8, 7 \rightarrow reserved$
8	Specifies byte ordering. Logically ORed with BigEndian input signal. $0 \rightarrow$ Little endian $1 \rightarrow$ Big endian	8	$0 \rightarrow$ Little endian 1 \rightarrow Big endian
109	$\begin{array}{l} 00 \rightarrow \text{R4000 compatible non-block writes,} \\ 01 \rightarrow \text{reserved,} \\ 10 \rightarrow \text{pipelined non-block writes,} \\ 11 \rightarrow \text{non-block write re-issue} \end{array}$	109	$00 \rightarrow R4000$ compatible, $01 \rightarrow$ reserved, $10 \rightarrow$ pipelined writes, $11 \rightarrow$ write re-issue
11	$0 \rightarrow$ Enable the timer interrupt on Int[5], 1 \rightarrow Disable the timer interrupt on Int[5].	11	$0 \rightarrow$ Enable the timer interrupt on Int[5], 1 \rightarrow Disable the timer interrupt on Int[5].
12	Reserved: Must be zero (0)	12	Reserved: Must be zero (0)
1413	Output driver strength $10 \rightarrow 100\%$ strength (fastest), $11 \rightarrow 83\%$ strength, $00 \rightarrow 67\%$ strength, $01 \rightarrow 50\%$ strength (slowest)	1413	Output driver strength $10 \rightarrow 100\%$ strength (fastest), $11 \rightarrow 83\%$ strength, $00 \rightarrow 67\%$ strength, $01 \rightarrow 50\%$ strength (slowest)
15	Reserved: Must be zero (0)	15	$0 \Rightarrow TClock[0]$ enabled, 1 \Rightarrow TClock[0] disabled
1716	System configuration identifiers - software visible in processor Config[2120]	16	$0 \Rightarrow TClock[1]$ enabled, 1 \Rightarrow TClock[1] disabled
		17	$0 \Rightarrow \text{RClock}[0] \text{ enabled},$ 1 $\Rightarrow \text{RClock}[0] \text{ disabled}$
18	$0 \rightarrow$ Set Timer/Counter to run at Pclock/2 1 \rightarrow Set Timer/Counter to run at Pclock	18	$0 \Rightarrow \text{RClock}[1] \text{ enabled},$ 1 $\Rightarrow \text{RClock}[1] \text{ disabled}$
2119	Reserved: Must be zero (0)	25519	Reserved: Must be zero (0)
2422	Write address to write data delay in P cycles $000 \rightarrow 0$ cycles(R5000),, 111 \rightarrow 7 cycles		
25525	Reserved: Must be zero (0)		





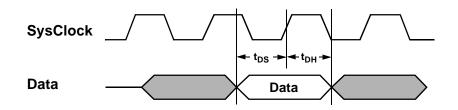


Figure 4 – Input Timing

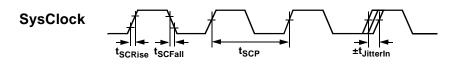


Figure 5 – SysClock Timing

Absolute Maximum Ratings¹

Symbol	Rating	Range	Units
V _{TERM}	Terminal Voltage with respect to GND	-0.5 ² to 4.6	V
T _{CASE}	Operating Temperature	0 to +85	°C
T _{BIAS}	Case Temperature under Bias	-55 to +125	°C
T _{STG}	Storage Temperature	-55 to +125	°C
I _{IN}	DC Input Current	20 ³	mA
I _{OUT}	DC Output Current	50	mA

Notes:

1. Stresses above those listed under "AbsoluteMaximums Rating" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

2. VIN minimum = -2.0V for pulse width less than 15nS. VIN maximum should not exceed +5.5 Volts.

3. When VIN < 0V or VIN > $\dot{V}cc$.

4. No more than one output should be shorted at one time. Duration of the short should not exceed more than 30 second.

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Units
V _{CC}	Power Supply Voltage	+3.135	+3.465	V
V _{IH}	Input High Voltage	$0.7V_{CC}$	V _{CC} + 0.5	V
V _{IL}	Input Low Voltage	-0.5	0.2V _{CC}	V
т _с	Operating Temperature Case (Commercial)	0	+85	°C

Recommended Operating Conditions

DC Characteristics (Vcc = 3.3V ±5%; TCASE = 0°C to +85°C)

Deremeter	<u>Cum</u>	Conditions	133 / 1	133 / 150MHz		
Parameter	Sym	Conditions	Min	Max	Units	
Output Low Voltage	V _{OL1}	I _{OL} = 20 μA		0.1	V	
Output High Voltage	V _{OH1}	I _{OL} = 20 μA	Vcc - 0.1		V	
Output Low Voltage	V _{OL2}	I _{OL} = 4 mA		0.4	V	
Output High Voltage	V _{OH2}	I _{OL} = 4 mA	2.4		V	
Input High Voltage	V _{IH}		0.7V _{CC}	V _{CC} + 0.5	V	
Input Low Voltage	V _{IL}		-0.5	0.2V _{CC}	V	
Input Current	I _{IN1}	$V_{IN} = 0V$	-20	+20	μA	
Input Current	I _{IN2}	$V_{IN} = V_{CC}$	-20	+20	μA	
Input Current	I _{IN3}	$V_{IN} = 5.5V$	-250	+250	μA	
Input Capacitance	C _{IN}			10	pF	
Output Capacitance	C _{OUT}			10	pF	

Power Consumption

Parameter	Symbol	Symbol Conditions 1		133MHz, 3.3V		z, 3.3V	Units
Parameter	Symbol			Max	Тур ⁵	Max	Units
Active Operating Supply Current	I _{CC1}	CL = 0pF, 150/75MHz, No SysAD activity	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	mA
	I _{CC2}	CL = 50pF, 150/75MHz, R4000 write protocol without FPU operation	1000	1750	1150	1950	mA
	I _{CC3}	CL = 50pF, 150/75MHz, write re-issue or pipelined writes	1100	2000	1250	2250	mA
Standby Current	I _{SB1}	C∟ = 0pF, 150/75MHz		TBD		TBD	mA
	I _{SB1}	C∟ = 50pF, 150/75MHz		TBD		TBD	mA

Notes:

5. Typical integer instruction mix and cache miss rates.

AC Characteristics (Vcc = 3.3V ±5%; TcASE = 0°C to +85°C)

Capacitive Load Deration

Symbol	Parameter	133 / 1	50MHz	Units
Symbol	Falantelei	133 / 150MHzMinimumMaximu2	Maximum	Units
Cld	Load Derate		2	ns/25pF

Clock Parameters

Deremeter	Symbol	Test Conditions	133/150MHz		Units
Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Max	Units
SysClock High	t _{SCHigh}	Transition <u><</u> 5ns	4		ns
SysClock Low	t _{SCLow}	Transition <u><</u> 5ns	4		ns
SysClock Frequency ⁶			33	75	MHz
SysClock Period	t _{SCP}			30	ns
Clock Jitter for SysClock	t _{JitterIn}			±250	ps
SysClock Rise Time	t _{SCRise}			5	ns
SysClock Fall Time	t _{SCFall}			5	ns
ModeClock Period	t _{ModeCKP}			256*t _{SCP}	ns
JTA Clock Period	t _{JTAGCKP}			4*t _{SCP}	ns

Notes:

6. Operation of the ACT5260 is only guaranteed with the Phase Loop enabled.

System Interface Parameters⁷

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	133MHz		150	Units		
Farameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Max	D TBD TBD D TBD TBD	Max	onits	
Data Output ⁸		mode1413 = 10 (fastest)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	ns	
	4	mode1413 = 11	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	ns	
	t _{DO}	mode1413 = 00	1.0	8.0	1.0	8.0	ns	
		mode1413 = 01 (slowest)	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	ns	
Data Setup	t _{DS}	t _{RISE} = 5ns	4.0		4.0		ns	
Data Hold	t _{DH}	t _{FALL} = 5ns	0		0		ns	

Notes: 7. Timmings are are measured from from 1.5V of the clock to 1.5V of the signal. 8. Capacitive load for all output timing is 50pF.

Boot Time Interface Parameters

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	133/1	50MHz	Units
Falameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min Max		Units
Mode Data Setup	t _{DS}		4		SysClock cycles
Mode Data Hold	t _{DH}		0		SysClock cycles

ACT5260PC Adapter Pinouts

		1						1
4XXX	PGA	5260	4XXX	PGA	5260	4XXX	PGA	5260
Signal	Pin	Pin	Signal	Pin	Pin	Signal	Pin	Pin
INT0	N2	93	SYSAD45	B17	37	VCC	A13	VCC
INT1	L3	94	SYSAD46	E17	39	VCC	A16	VCC
INT2	K3	95	SYSAD47	F17	43	VCC	B18	VCC
INT3	J3	96	SYSAD48	L2	115	VCC	C1	VCC
INT4	H3	97	SYSAD49	M3	119	VCC	D18	VCC
INT5	F2	98	SYSAD5	C4	8	VCC	F1	VCC
IOIN	T13	NC	SYSAD50	N3	121	VCC	G18	VCC
IOOUT	U12	GND	SYSAD51	R2	121	VCC	H1	VCC
JTCK	H17	49	SYSAD52	T3	129	VCC	J18	VCC
JTDI	G16	48	SYSAD53	U3	131	VCC	K1	VCC
JTDO	F16	47	SYSAD54	Т6	135	VCCP	K17	64
JTMS	E16	50	SYSAD55	T7	139	VCC	L18	VCC
MODECLK	B4	46	SYSAD56	T10	141	VCC	M1	VCC
MODEIN	U4	58	SYSAD57	T11	145	VCC	N18	VCC
MSTRCLK	J17	66 ¹	SYSAD58	U13	149	VCC	R1	VCC
MSTROUT	P17	NC	SYSAD59	V15	151	VCC	T18	VCC
RCLK0	T17	NC	SYSAD6	B5	12	VCC	U1	VCC
RCLK1	R16	NC	SYSAD60	T15	164	VCC	V3	VCC
SYNCIN	J16	NC	SYSAD61	U17	164	VCC	V6	VCC
SYNCOUT	P16	GND	SYSAD62	N16	170	VCC	V8	VCC
SYSAD0	J2	189	SYSAD63	N10	170	VCC	V0 V10	VCC
SYSADI	G2			B6	174	VCC	V10 V12	VCC
		193	SYSAD7	-	-			1
SYSAD10	C12	26	SYSAD8	B9	18	VCC	V14	VCC
SYSAD11	B14	28	SYSAD9	B11	22	VCC	V17	VCC
SYSAD12	B15	32	SYSADC0	C8	183	VCC	Т9	VCC
SYSAD13	C16	36	SYSADC1	G17	187	GND	A3	GND
SYSAD14	D17	38	SYSADC2	Т8	175	GND	A6	GND
SYSAD15	E18	42	SYSADC3	L16	179	GND	A8	GND
SYSAD16	K2	114	SYSADC4	B8	184	GND	A10	GND
SYSAD17	M2	118	SYSADC5	H16	188	GND	A12	GND
SYSAD18	P1	120	SYSADC6	U8	176	GND	A14	GND
SYSAD19	P3	124	SYSADC7	L17	180	GND	A17	GND
SYSAD2	E1	197	SYSCMD0	E2	73	GND	A18	GND
SYSAD20	T2	128	SYSCMD1	D3	74	GND	B1	GND
SYSAD21	T4	130	SYSCMD2	B2	75	GND	C18	GND
SYSAD22	U5	134	SYSCMD3	A5	76	GND	D1	GND
SYSAD23	U6	134	SYSCMD4	B7	70	GND	F18	GND
	U9	130		C9		GND	G1	GND
SYSAD24			SYSCMD5		80			1
SYSAD25	U11 T10	144	SYSCMD6	B10	83	GND	H18	GND
SYSAD26	T12	148	SYSCMD7	B12	84	GND	J1	GND
SYSAD27	U14	150	SYSCMD8	C13	85	VSSP	K16	65
SYSAD28	U15	163	SYSCMDP	C14	86	GND	K18	GND
SYSAD29	T16	165	TCLK0	C17	NC	GND	L1	GND
SYSAD3	E3	199	TCLK1	D16	NC	GND	M18	GND
SYSAD30	R17	169	VCCOK	M17	110	GND	N1	GND
SYSAD31	M16	173	CLDRST	T14	109	GND	P18	GND
SYSAD32	H2	190	EXTRQST	U2	107	GND	R18	GND
SYSAD33	G3	194	FAULT	B16	NC	GND	T1	GND
SYSAD34	F3	198	NMI	U7	106	GND	U18	GND
SYSAD35	D2	200	RDRDY	T5	59	GND	V1	GND
SYSAD36	C3	7	RELEASE	V5	63	GND	V2	GND
SYSAD37	B3	9	RESET	U16	108	GND	V2 V4	GND
SYSAD38	C6		VALIDOUT	R3	62	GND	V4 V7	GND
SYSAD39	C7	17	VALIDIN	P2	61	GND	V9	GND
SYSAD4	C2	6	WRRDY	C5	60 \\(00	GND	V11	GND
SYSAD40	C10	19	VCC	A2	VCC	GND	V13	GND
SYSAD41	C11	23	VCC	A4	VCC	GND	V16	GND
SYSAD42	B13	27	NC	A7	NC	GND	V18	GND
SYSAD43	A15	29	VCC	A9	VCC	GND		111 ²

Notes: 1. 5260 pin function SysClk 2. 5260 pin function BigEndian



Ordering Information

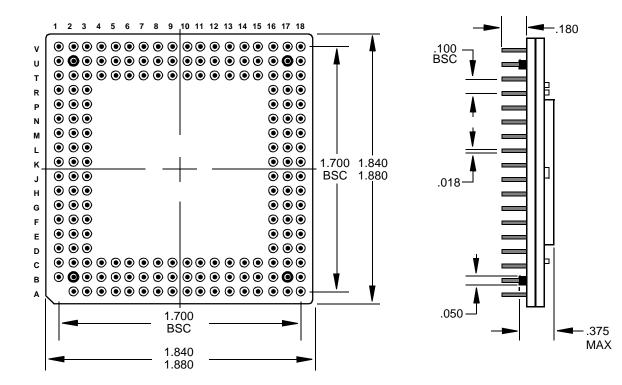
Model Number

ACT5260PC-P10-POD

Package Outline

Bottom View

Side View



Specification subject to change without notice

Aeroflex Circuit Technology 35 South Service Road Plainview New York 11830 www.aeroflex.com/act1.htm Telephone: (516) 694-6700 FAX: (516) 694-6715 Toll Free Inquiries: (800) 843-1553 E-Mail: sales-act@aeroflex.com