

# Current Transducers HTB 50 .. 400-P/SP5 and HTB 50 .. 100-TP/SP5

For the electronic measurement of currents: DC, AC, pulsed, mixed, with a galvanic isolation between the primary circuit (high power) and the secondary circuit (electronic circuit).





Electrical data						
Primary nomina r.m.s. current $\mathbf{I}_{PN}(A)$	Primary current measuring range I <sub>P</sub> (A)		Туре			
50	±150	HTB 50-P/SP	5, HTB 50-TP/S	SP5 <sup>1)</sup>		
100	±300	HTB 100-P/SP5, HTB 100-TP/SP51)				
200	±500		HTB 200-P/	SP5		
300	±600		HTB 300-P/			
400	±600		HTB 400-P/	/SP5		
<b>V</b> <sub>C</sub>	Supply voltage (±5 %)2)		+12 +15	V		
I <sub>c</sub>	Current consumption		<15	mΑ		
<b>I</b> <sub>C</sub>	R.m.s. voltage for AC isolation	test, 50/60 Hz, 1 mn	2.5	kV		
$R_{ls}$	Isolation resistance @ 500 VD		>500	$M\Omega$		
<b>V</b> <sub>OUT</sub>	Output voltage @ $\pm I_{PN}$ , $R_L = 10$	$0 \text{ k}\Omega, \mathbf{T}_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	$V_{OE} \pm 1.667$	V		
R <sub>OUT</sub>	Output internal resistance		100	Ω		
R	Load resistance		≥10	kΩ		

Accı	uracy - Dynamic perfo	rmance data		
Χ	Accuracy @ $I_{PN}$ , $T_A = 25^\circ$	°C (without offset)	<±1	% of I <sub>PN</sub>
$\mathbf{e}_{\!\scriptscriptstyle \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! $	Linearity (0 ± I <sub>PN</sub> )			% of I <sub>PN</sub>
<b>V</b> OE	Electrical offset voltage,	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	Vc/2±30	
<b>V</b> <sub>OH</sub>	Hysteresis offset voltage			
011	after an excursion of 3 x	I <sub>PN</sub>	<±0.5	% of $I_{PN}$
$\mathbf{V}_{OT}$	Thermal drift of <b>V</b> <sub>OF</sub>	HTB 50-(T)P/SP5	<±1.0	mV/K
		HTB 100-(T)P400-P/S	<b>P5</b> <±0.5	mV/K
TC <b>e</b>	Thermal drift (% of reading	ng)	<±0.05	%/K
t, J	Response time @ 90% of	of I <sub>P</sub>	<3	μs
f	Frequency bandwidth (-3	3 dB) <sup>3)</sup>	DC 50	) kHz

General data							
$\mathbf{T}_{\mathrm{S}}$ $\mathbf{m}$	Ambient operating temperature Ambient storage temperature Mass (-TP version)	-25 +85 -25 +85 <30 (<36)	°C °C				

Notes: EN 50178 approval pending

# $I_{PN} = 50 ... 400 A$



#### **Features**

- Hall effect measuring principle
- Galvanic isolation between primary and secondary circuit
- Isolation voltage 2500V
- Low power consumption
- Primary bus bar option for 50A and 100A version for ease of connection

#### **Special Features**

• Single power supply from 12V to 15V

#### **Advantages**

- Small size and space saving
- Only one design for wide current ratings range
- High immunity to external interference.

#### **Applications**

- AC variable speed drives
- Static converters for DC motor drives
- Battery supplied applications
- Uninterruptible Power Supplies (UPS)
- Switched Mode Power Supplies (SMPS)
- Power supplies for welding applications.

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<sup>1) -</sup>TP version is equipped with a primary bus bar.

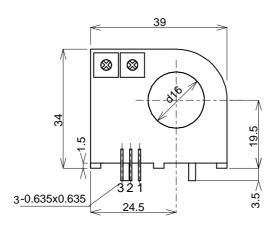
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> Operating at +12V ≤ Vc < +15V will reduce measuring range.

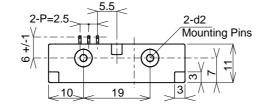
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3)</sup> Derating is needed to avoid excessive core heating at high frequency.



# HTB 50 ... 400-P/SP5

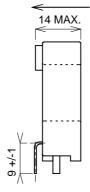
## **Back view**





#### Left view

Positive Current Flow



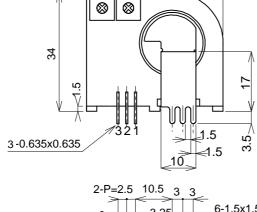
## Secondary Pin Identification

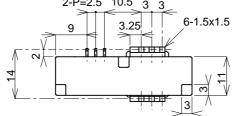
- 1 +Vc
- 2 0V
- 3 Output

# HTB 50 ... 100-TP/SP5

# Back view

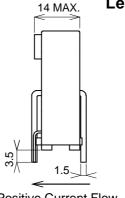
**Bottom View** 





#### **Bottom view**

## Left view



Positive Current Flow

## Secondary Pin Identification

- 1 +Vc
- 2 0V
- 3 Output