

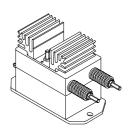
# Voltage Transducer LV 100-3000

For the electronic measurement of voltages: DC, AC, pulsed..., with a galvanic isolation between the primary circuit (high voltage) and the secondary circuit (electronic circuit).





# $V_{PN} = 3000 \text{ V}$



### **Electrical data**

V <sub>PN</sub> V <sub>P</sub>	Primary nominal r.m.s. voltage Primary voltage, measuring range Primary nominal r.m.s. current		3000 0 ± 4500 3.33		V V mA
$oldsymbol{I}_{\scriptscriptstylePN} \ oldsymbol{R}_{\scriptscriptstyleM}$	Measuring resistance	Carrent	$\mathbf{R}_{Mmin}$	$\mathbf{R}_{Mmax}$	
	with ± 15 V	@ $\pm 3000 \text{ V}_{max}$ @ $\pm 4500 \text{ V}_{max}$	0 0	170 90	$\Omega \ \Omega$
I <sub>sn</sub> K <sub>n</sub>	Secondary nominal r.m.s. current Conversion ratio		50 3000 V	/ 50 m	mA A
V <sub>C</sub>	Supply voltage (± 5 %) Current consumption R.m.s. voltage for AC is	) solation test, 50 Hz, 1 mn	± 15 10 + <b>I</b> <sub>s</sub> 9		V mA kV

## Accuracy - Dynamic performance data

X <sub>G</sub>	Overall Accuracy @ $\mathbf{V}_{PN}$ , $\mathbf{T}_{A}$ = 25°C Linearity		± 0.7 < 0.1		% %
I <sub>о</sub> I <sub>от</sub>	Offset current @ $\mathbf{I}_{\mathrm{p}} = 0$ , $\mathbf{T}_{\mathrm{A}} = 25^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ Thermal drift of $\mathbf{I}_{\mathrm{O}}$	0°C + 70°C	Typ ± 0.2	Max ± 0.2 ± 0.3	mA mA
$\mathbf{t}_{_{\mathrm{r}}}$	Response time @ 90 % of $\mathbf{V}_{\scriptscriptstyle{\mathrm{PN}}}$		180		μs

#### General data

$T_A$	Ambient operating temperature	0 + 70	°C
T <sub>s</sub>	Ambient storage temperature	- 25 + 85	°C
N	Turns ratio	30000 : 2000	
Р	Total primary power loss	10	W
$R_{_1}$	Primary resistance @ T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	900	$k\Omega$
R <sub>s</sub>	Secondary coil resistance @ T <sub>A</sub> = 70°C	60	Ω
m	Mass	850	g
	Standards	EN 50155	

#### **Features**

- Closed loop (compensated) voltage transducer using the Hall effect
- Insulated plastic case recognized according to UL 94-V0
- Primary resistor R<sub>1</sub> incorporated into the housing.

## **Advantages**

- Excellent accuracy
- Very good linearity
- Low thermal drift
- High immunity to external interference.

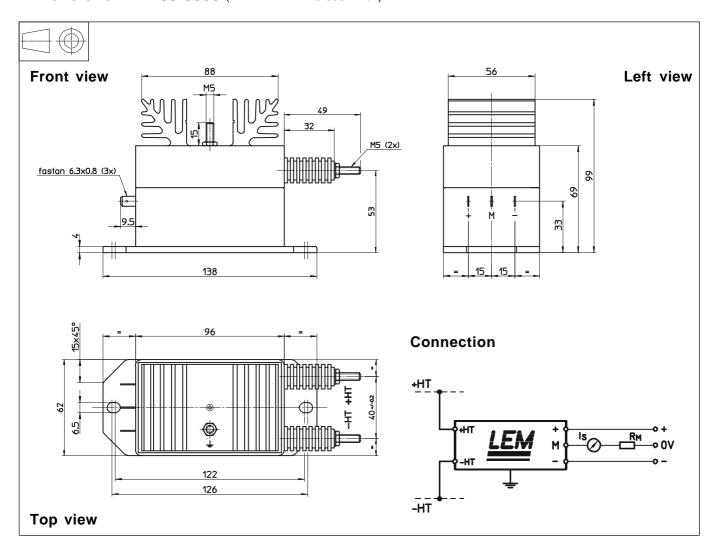
### **Applications**

- AC variable speed drives and servo motor drives
- Static converters for DC motor drives
- Uninterruptible Power Supplies (UPS)
- Power supplies for welding applications.

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## **Dimensions LV 100-3000** (in mm. 1 mm = 0.0394 inch)



#### **Mechanical characteristics**

- General tolerance
- Transducer fastening

Fastening torque max

- Connection of primary
- Connection of secondary
- Connection to the ground
- Fastening torque max
- ± 0.3 mm 2 holes Ø 6.5 mm M6 steel screws 5 Nm or 3.69 Lb - Ft. M5 threaded studs Faston 6.3 x 0.8 mm M5 threaded stud 2.2 Nm or 1.62 Lb. -Ft.

### **Remarks**

- $\bullet$   $\mathbf{I}_{_{\mathrm{S}}}$  is positive when  $\mathbf{V}_{_{\mathrm{P}}}$  is applied on terminal +HT.
- The primary circuit of the transducer must be linked to the connections where the voltage has to be measured.
- This is a standard model. For different versions (supply voltages, turns ratios, unidirectional measurements...), please contact us.