

MINIATURE SIGNAL RELAY UC2/UD2 SERIES

Ultra-small package, Low profile, Surface mounting type

DESCRIPTION

NEC TOKIN's UC2/UD2 relay is a new generation miniature signal relays of super compact and low profile package.

FEATURES

- Small mounting size and low profile package.
- Telcordia (2500 V surge coil to contacts) and FCC (1500 V) surge capability.
- IEC60950/UL1950/EN60950 spacing and high breakdown voltage. (Basic insulation class on 200 V working voltage)
- Low power consumption 140 mW

APPLICATION

Electronic switching systems, PBX, terminal equipment, telephone.



For Right Use of Miniature Relays

DO NOT EXCEED MAXIMUM RATINGS.

Do not use relays under exceeding conditions such as over ambient temperature, over voltage and over current. Incorrect use could result in abnormal heating, damage to related parts or cause burning.

READ CAUTIONS IN THE SELECTION GUIDE.

Read the cautions described in NEC/TOKIN's "Miniature Relays" when your choose relays for your application.

The information in this document is subject to change without notice.

DIMENSIONS AND PAD LAYOUTS (Unit : mm [inch])

UC2 SERIES







Note. General tolerance : ±0.1

UD2 SERIES

0.2

(1.5)

STANDARD



Tolerance of lead pitch is : ± 0.15 mm [0.006inch] Another tolerance is ± 0.3 mm [0.012 inch] () is reference value.







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(Bottom view)

Note. General tolerance : ±0.1

(Bottom view)

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(mm)

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mm [inch]

mm [inch]

PIN CONFIGURATIONS (bottom view)



UL Recoginzed (UL508)* File No E73266	CSA Certified (CSA C22.2 No. 14)* File No.1 B46266		
110100.270200	1 10 100.21140200		
30 Vdc,1A (resistive)			
110 Vdc, 0.3A (resistive)			
125 Vac,0.5A (resistive)			

*Spacing : UL840 *Spacing : CSA std950



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PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Community)

Contact Form		2 Form c			
Contact Ratings	Maximum Switching Power	30W (resistive)	37.5 VA (resistive)		
	Maximum Switching Voltage	220 Vdc	250 Vac		
	Maximum Switching Current	1 A			
	Maximum Carrying Current	1 A			
Minimun Contact Ratings		10 mV.dc, 10 µA *4			
Initial Contact Resistance		100 mΩ Max. (Initial)			
Contact Material		Silver alloy with gold alloy overlay			
Nominal Operating Power	Non-Latch Type	140 to 230 mW			
Nominal Operating I ower	Single Coil Latch Type	100 to 120 mW			
Operate Time (Excluding Bour	nce)	Approximately 2 ms	Approximately 2 ms		
Release Time (Excluding Bour	nce)	Approximately 1 ms without diode			
Insulation Resistance	Insulation Resistance				
	Between Open Contacts	1000 Vac for one minute (1500 V surge, 10 × 160 μ s *1)			
Breakdown Voltage	Between Adjacent Contacts				
	Between Coil and Contacts	1500 Vac for one minute (2500 V surge, 2 × 10 μ s *1)			
Shock Posistance		735 m / s ² (misoperating)			
Onook nesistance		980 m / s ² (destructive failure)			
		10 to 55 Hz at double amplitude of 3 mm			
Vibration Resistance		(misoperating)			
Vibration resistance		10 to 55 Hz, double amplitude of 5 mm			
		(Destructive failure)			
Ambient Temperature		-40 to +85°C			
Coil Temperature Rise		18 degrees at nominal coil voltage (140 mW)			
	No load	5 × 10 ⁷ * ³ operations (Non-latch type)			
Running specifications	INO-IDAU	1×10^7 operations (Latch type)			
rianning opcomotions	Load	30 Vdc 1 A (resistive), 1×10^5 operations at 20°C			
		125 Vac 0.3 A (resistive), 1 × 10 ⁵ operations at 20°C			
Weight		Approximately 0.8 grams			

 *1 rise time : 10 $\mu s,$ decay time to half crest : 160 μs

 *2 rise time : 2 $\mu s,$ decay time to half crest : 10 μs

- ^{*3} This shows a number of operation where it can be running by which a fatal is not caused, and number of operation by which a steady characteristic is maintained is 1 × 10⁷ operations.
- *4 This value is a reference value in the resistive load. Minimum capacity changes depending on switching frequency and environment temperature and the load.

RECOMMENDED RELAY DRIVE CONDITIONS

Drive under conditions. If it is impossible, please inquire to NEC/TOKIN.

Nonlatch type	Voltage : within $\pm 5\%$ st nominal voltage	
Single coil latch type	Square pulse (rise and fall time is rapidly) Pulse height : within $\pm 5\%$ at nomianl voltage Pulse width : More than 10 ms	Ambient temperature -40 ~ +85°C



PART NUMBER SYSTEM





NOMINAL LINEUP

Non-latch Type

				at 20°C
Nominal Coil	Coil	Must Operate	Must Release	Nominal
Voltage	Resistance	Voltage*	Voltage*	operate power
(Vdc)	(Ω) ±10 %	(Vdc)	(Vdc)	(mW)
1.5	16	1.13	0.15	140
3	64.3	2.25	0.3	140
4.5	145	3.38	0.45	140
5	178	3.75	0.5	140
6	257	4.5	0.6	140
9	579	6.75	0.9	140
12	1028	9.0	1.2	140
24	2504	18.0	2.4	230

Single-Coil Latch Type

at 20°C

Nominal Coil	Coil	Must Operate	Must Release	Nominal
Voltage	Resistance	Voltage*	Voltage*	operate power
(Vdc)	(Ω) ±10 %	(Vdc)	(Vdc)	(mW)
1.5	22.5	1.13	1.13	100
3	90	2.25	2.25	100
4.5	202.5	3.38	3.38	100
5	250	3.75	3.75	100
6	360	4.5	4.5	100
9	810	6.75	6.75	100
12	1440	9.0	9.0	100
24	4800	18.0	18.0	120

* Test by pulse voltage

The latch type relays should be initialized at appointed position before using, and should be enegized to specific polarity by above polarity to avoid wrong operation. Any special coil requirement, Please contact NEC/TOKIN for availability.



PERFORMANCE DATA

■COIL TEMPERATURE RISE

Temperature is measured by coil resistance.





This is allowed maximum value.

Inquiry for NEC/TOKIN under maximum value at continuous use.











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MAXIMUM COIL VOLTAGE

This is a maximum value of permissible alteration. Inquiry for NEC/TOKIN at continuous use.



■OPERATE AND RLEASE VOLTAGE VS. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

This shows a typical change of operate (release) voltage. Maximum value of operate is estimated, so it must be applied more than this value for safety operation. In case of "hot start operation", please inquiry for NEC/TOKIN.



RUNNING TEST (Nonload)

(Load : None, Driving : 5V. DC, 50Hz, 50%duty, Ambient temperature : Room temperature, Sample : UC2-5NU 20 pieces)



RUNNING TEST (Load)

(Load : 50V. DC 0.1A resistive, Driving : 5V. DC, 5Hz, 50% duty, Ambient temperature : 85 degree C, Sample : UC2-5NU 10 pieces)





BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE

Sample: UC2-5NU 10 pieces









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TUBE PACKAGE (UC2, UD2)

Dimension of Package (Unit : mm)

50 pieces / Tube Material : Polyvinyl chloride (anti-static treated)





Outline of Package



TAPE PACKAGE (UD2)



Relay orientation mark and tape carrying direction.





SOLDERING TEMPERATURE CONDITION

Through-hole mounting type (UC2)

- <1> Automatic soldering
 - * Preheating : 100°C max. 1 minute max.
 - * Solder temperature : 260°C max.
 - * Solder time : 5 seconds max.
- <2> Manual soldering
 - * Solder temperature : 350°C max.
 - * Solder time : 3 seconds max.

Surface mounting type (UD2)

IRS Method



Note:

- 1. Temperature profile shows printed circuit board surface on the relay termianl portion.
- 2. Check the actual soldering to use other method except above mentioned temperature profiles.



NOTES ON CORRECT USE

1. Notes on contact load

• Make sure that the contact load is within the specified range; otherwise, the lifetime of the contacts will be shortened considerably. Note that the running performance shown is an example, and that it varies depending on parameters such as the type of load, switching frequency, driver circuit, and ambient temperature under the actual operating conditions. Evaluate the performance by using the actual circuit before using the relay.

2. Driving relays

• If the internal connection diagram of a relay shows + and - symbols on the coil, apply the rated voltage to the relay in the specified direction. If a rippled DC current source is used, abnormalities such as beat at the coil may occur.

. The maximum voltage that can be applied to the coil of the relay varies depending on the ambient temperature. Generally, the higher the voltage applied to the coil, the shorter the operating time. Note, however, that a high voltage also increases the bounce of the contacts and the contact opening and closing frequency, which may shorten the lifetime of the contacts.

. If the driving voltage waveform of the relay coil rises and falls gradually, the inherent performance of the relay may not be fully realized. Make sure that the voltage waveform instantaneously rises and falls as a pulse.



• For a latching relay, apply a voltage to the coil according to the polarity specified in the internal connection diagram of the relay.

• If a current is applied to the coil over a long period of time, The operating upprice to the operation of organic gas inside the relay, which may result in faulty contacts. In this case, use of a latching relay is recommended.
The operating time and release time indicate the time required

for each contact to close after the voltage has been applied to or removed from the coil. However, because the relay has a mechanical structure, a bounce state exists at the end of the operating and release times. Furthermore, because additional time is required until the contact stabilizes after being in highresistance state, care must be taken when using the relay at high speeds.

3. Operating environment

• Make sure that the relay mounted in the application set is used within the specified temperature range. Use of a relay at a temperature outside this range may adversely affect insulation or contact performance.

• If the relay is used for a long period of time in highly humid (RH 85% or higher) environment, moisture may be absorbed into the relay. This moisture may react with the NOx and SOx generated by glow discharges that occur when the contacts are opened or closed, producing nitric or sulfuric acid. If this happens, the acid produced may corrode the metallic parts of the relay, causing operational malfunction.



Permanent magnets are used in polarized relays. For this reason, when magnet, transformer, or speaker is located nearby, the relay characteristics may change and faulty operations may result.

• The relay maintains constant sealability under normal atmospheric pressure (810 to 1,200 hpa). Its sealability may be degraded or the relay may be deformed and malfunction if it is used under barometric conditions exceeding the specified range.

 The same applies when the relay is stored or transported. Keep the upper-limit value of the temperature to which the relay is exposed after it is removed from the carton box to within 50°C.

. If excessive vibration or shock is applied to the relay, it may malfunction and the contacts remain closed. Vibration or shock applied to the relay during operation may cause considerable damage to or wearing of the contacts. Note that operation of a snap switch mounted close to the relay or shock due to the operation of magnetic solenoid may also cause malfunctioning.

4. Notes on mounting relays

• When mounting a relay onto a PC board using an automatic chip mounter, if excessive force is applied to the cover of the relay when the relay is chucked or inserted, the cover may be damaged or the characteristics of the relay degraded. Keep the force applied to the relay to within 1 kg.

 Avoid bending the pins to temporarily secure the relay to the PC board. Bending the pins may degrade sealability or It is recommended to solder the relay onto a PC board under

the following conditions:

<1> Reflow soldering

- Refer to the recommended soldering temperature profile. <2> Flow soldering
- Solder temperature: 260°C max., Time: 5 seconds max., Preheating: 100°C max./1 minute max.
 <3> Manual soldering Solder temperature: 350°C, Time: 2 to 3 seconds

· Ventilation immediately after soldering is recommended. Avoid immersing the relay in cleaning solvent immediately after soldering due to the danger of thermal shock being applied to the relay.

• Use an alcohol-based or water-based cleaning solvent. Never use thinner and benzene because they may damage the relay housing.

 Do not use ultrasonic cleaning because the vibration energy generated by the ultrasonic waves may cause the contacts to remain closed.

5. Handling

· Relays are packaged in magazine cases for shipment. If a space is created in the case after some relays have been removed, be sure to insert a stopper to secure the remaining relays in the case. If relays are not well secured, vibration during

transportation may cause malfunctioning of the contacts. • Exercise care in handling the relay so as to avoid dropping it or allowing it to fall. Do not use a relay that has been dropped. If a relay drops from a workbench to the floor, a shock of 9,800 m/s² (1,000 G) or more is applied to the relay, possibly damaging its functions. Even if a light shock has been applied

to the relay, thoroughly evaluate its operation before using it. Latching relays are factory-set to the reset state for shipment.
 A latching relay may be set, however, by vibration or shock applied while being transported. Be sure to forcibly reset the relay before using it in the application set. Also note that the relay may be set by unexpected vibration or shock when it is used in a portable set.

• The sealability of a surface-mount relay may be lost if the relay absorbs moisture and is then heated during soldering. When storing relays, therefore, observe the following points: <1> Please use relays within 12 months after delivery. (Storage conditions : 30 degrees C / 60% RH)

- <2> For MBB packing, Please use relays within 2 years after delivery.
 - (Storage conditions : 30 degrees C / 60% RH) After opening MBB packing, Please use within 3 months. (Storage conditions : 30 degrees C / 60% RH)



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- Standard: Computers, office equipment, communications equipment, test and measurement equipment, audio and visual equipment, home electronic appliances, machine tools, personal electronic equipment and industrial robots
- Special: Transportation equipment (automobiles, trains, ships, etc.), traffic control systems, anti-disaster systems, anti-crime systems, safety equipment and medical equipment (not specifically designed for life support)
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(Note)

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