



**ALPHA & OMEGA**  
SEMICONDUCTOR

**AOT20C60/AOB20C60/AOTF20C60**

**600V,20A N-Channel MOSFET**

### General Description

- Trench Power AlphaMOS-II technology
- Low  $R_{DS(ON)}$
- Low Ciss and Crss
- High Current Capability
- RoHS and Halogen Free Compliant

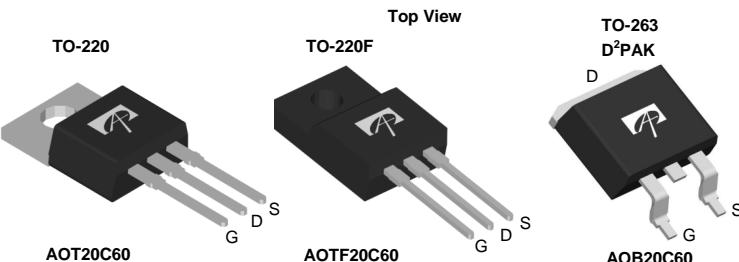
### Applications

- General Lighting for LED and CCFL
- AC/DC Power supplies for Industrial, Consumer, and Telecom

### Product Summary

$V_{DS}$ @ $T_{j,max}$	700V
$I_{DM}$	145A
$R_{DS(ON),max}$	< 0.25Ω
$Q_{g,typ}$	52nC
$E_{oss}$ @ 400V	8.5μJ

100% UIS Tested  
100%  $R_g$  Tested



Orderable Part Number	Package Type	Form	Minimum Order Quantity
AOT20C60L	TO-220 Green	Tube	1000
AOB20C60L	TO-263 Green	Tape & Reel	800
AOTF20C60	TO-220F Pb Free	Tube	1000

### Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	AOT20C60/AOB20C60	AOTF20C60	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	600		V
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	$\pm 30$		V
Continuous Drain Current $T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$	$I_D$	20	20*	A
		11	11*	
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>C</sup>	$I_{DM}$	145		
Avalanche Current <sup>C,J</sup>	$I_{AR}$	20		A
Repetitive avalanche energy <sup>C,J</sup>	$E_{AR}$	200		mJ
Single pulsed avalanche energy <sup>G</sup>	$E_{AS}$	1470		mJ
MOSFET dv/dt ruggedness	dv/dt	100		V/ns
Peak diode recovery dv/dt		20		
Power Dissipation <sup>B</sup> $T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	463	50	W
		3.7	0.4	W/°C
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{STG}$	-55 to 150		°C
Maximum lead temperature for soldering purpose, 1/8" from case for 5 seconds	$T_L$	300		°C

### Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	AOT20C60/AOB20C60	AOTF20C60	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A,D</sup>	$R_{θJA}$	65	65	°C/W
Maximum Case-to-sink <sup>A</sup>	$R_{θCS}$	0.5	--	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Case	$R_{θJC}$	0.27	2.5	°C/W

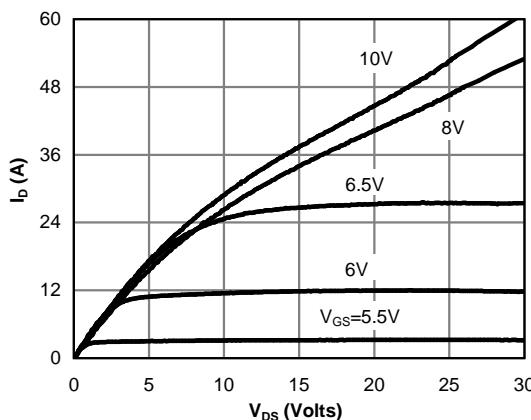
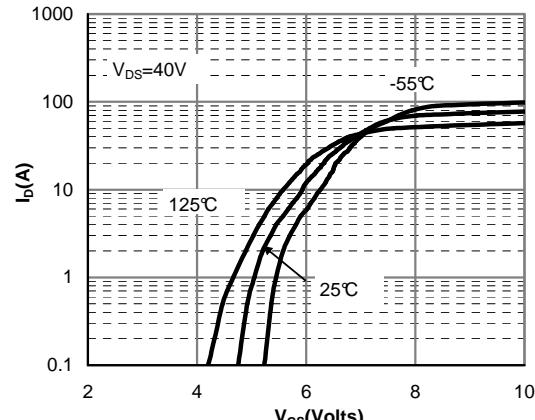
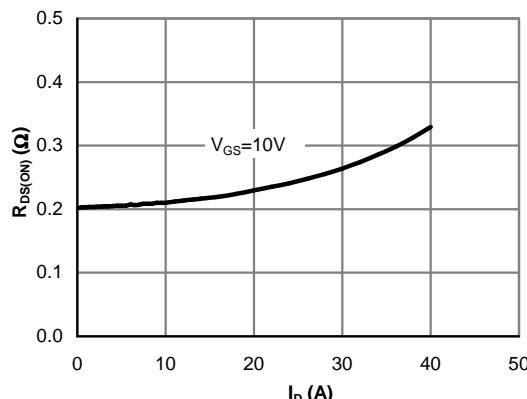
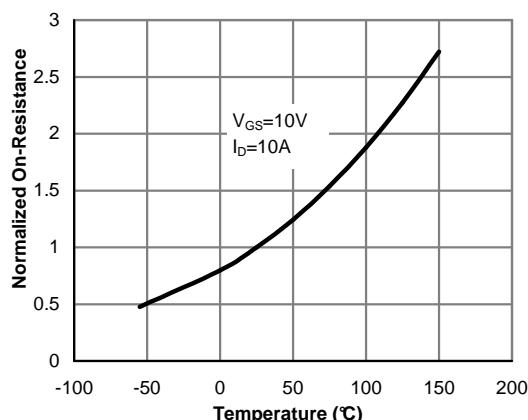
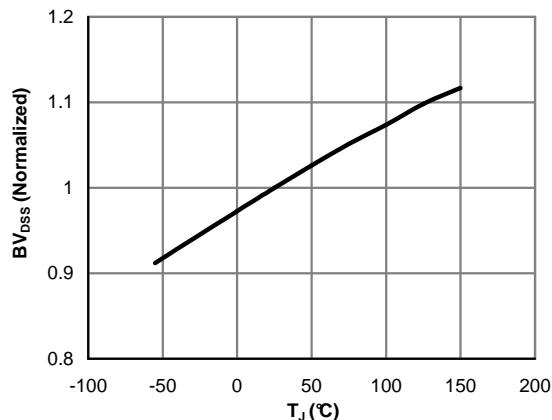
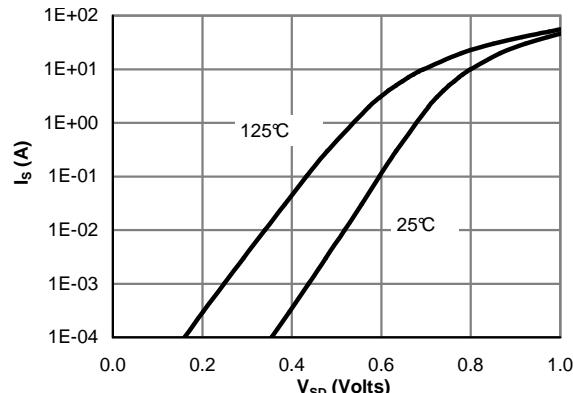
\* Drain current limited by maximum junction temperature.

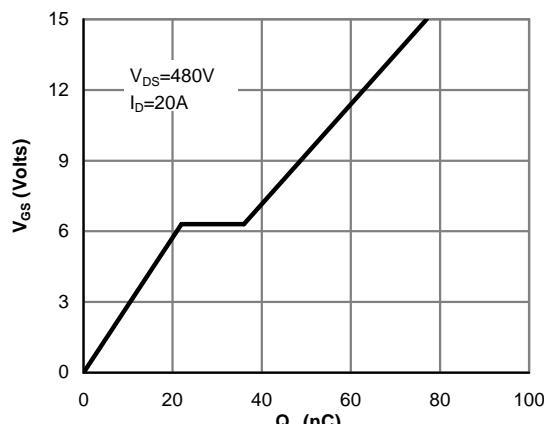
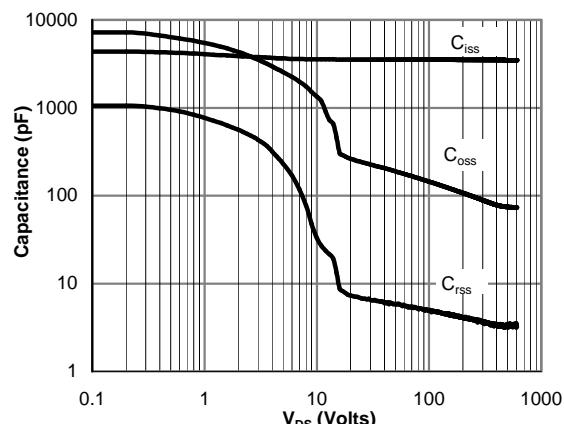
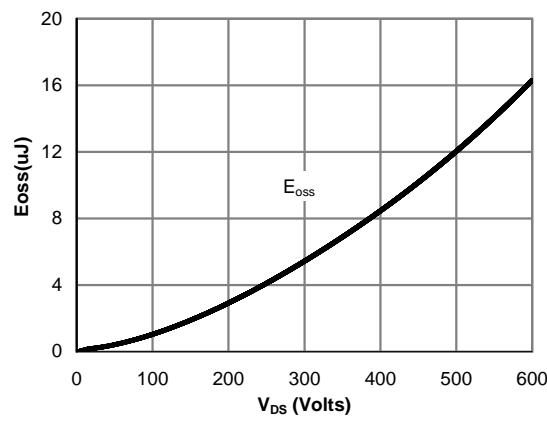
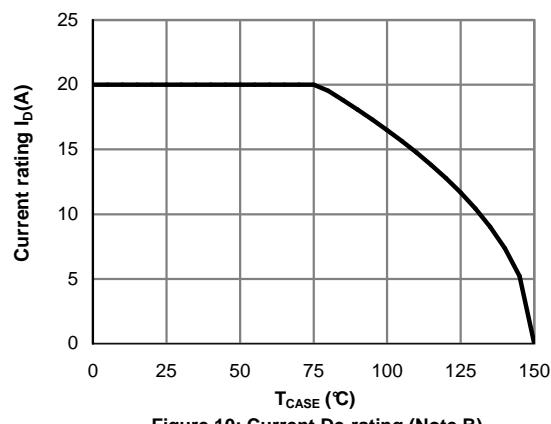
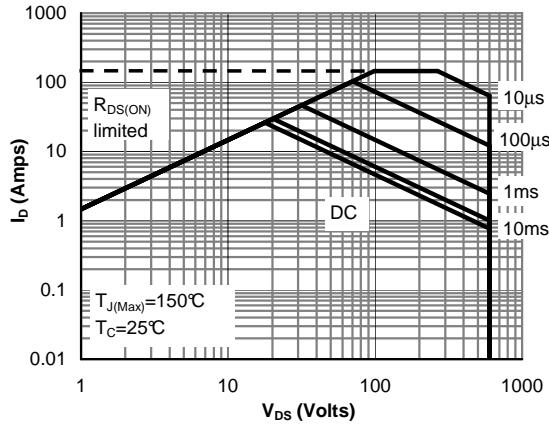
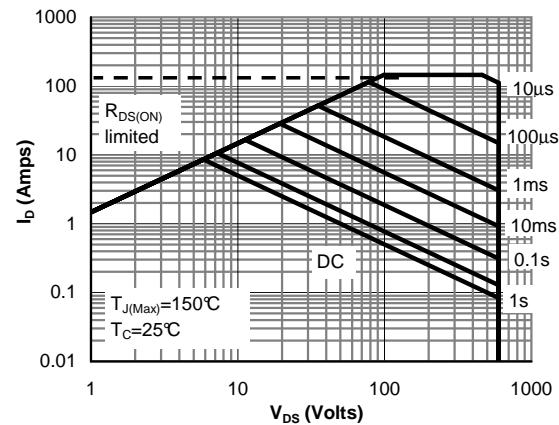
**Electrical Characteristics ( $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>STATIC PARAMETERS</b>						
$BV_{DSS}$	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D=250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}, T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$	600			V
		$I_D=250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}, T_J=150^\circ\text{C}$		700		
$BV_{DSS}/\Delta T_J$	Breakdown Voltage Temperature Coefficient	$I_D=250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$		0.55		$\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
$I_{DSS}$	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}=600\text{V}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$			1	$\mu\text{A}$
		$V_{DS}=480\text{V}, T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$			10	
$I_{GSS}$	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}=0\text{V}, V_{GS}=\pm 30\text{V}$			$\pm 100$	nA
$V_{GS(\text{th})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=5\text{V}, I_D=250\mu\text{A}$	3	4	5	V
$R_{DS(\text{ON})}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, I_D=10\text{A}$		0.21	0.25	$\Omega$
$g_{FS}$	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=40\text{V}, I_D=10\text{A}$		25		S
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_S=1\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$		0.7	1	V
$I_S$	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				20	A
$I_{SM}$	Maximum Body-Diode Pulsed Current <sup>C</sup>				145	A
<b>DYNAMIC PARAMETERS</b>						
$C_{iss}$	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=100\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		3440		pF
$C_{oss}$	Output Capacitance			145		pF
$C_{o(er)}$	Effective output capacitance, energy related <sup>H</sup>	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=0 \text{ to } 480\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		98		pF
$C_{o(tr)}$	Effective output capacitance, time related <sup>I</sup>			185		pF
$C_{rss}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=100\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		5		pF
$R_g$	Gate resistance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=0\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		1		$\Omega$
<b>SWITCHING PARAMETERS</b>						
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=480\text{V}, I_D=20\text{A}$		52	74	nC
$Q_{gs}$	Gate Source Charge			22		nC
$Q_{gd}$	Gate Drain Charge			14		nC
$t_{D(on)}$	Turn-On DelayTime	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=300\text{V}, I_D=20\text{A}, R_G=25\Omega$		74		ns
$t_r$	Turn-On Rise Time			76		ns
$t_{D(off)}$	Turn-Off DelayTime			100		ns
$t_f$	Turn-Off Fall Time			45		ns
$t_{rr}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=20\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}, V_{DS}=100\text{V}$		665		ns
$Q_{rr}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_F=20\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}, V_{DS}=100\text{V}$		14		$\mu\text{C}$

- A. The value of  $R_{QJA}$  is measured with the device in a still air environment with  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ .  
 B. The power dissipation  $P_D$  is based on  $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$ , using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.  
 C. Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature  $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$ . Ratings are based on low frequency and duty cycles to keep initial  $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ .  
 D. The  $R_{QJA}$  is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case  $R_{QJC}$  and case to ambient.  
 E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using  $<300\ \mu\text{s}$  pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.  
 F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of  $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$ . The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.  
 G.  $L=60\text{mH}, I_{AS}=7\text{A}, V_{DD}=150\text{V}, R_G=25\Omega$ , Starting  $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ .  
 H.  $C_{o(er)}$  is a fixed capacitance that gives the same stored energy as  $C_{oss}$  while  $V_{DS}$  is rising from 0 to 80%  $V_{(BR)DSS}$ .  
 I.  $C_{o(tr)}$  is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as  $C_{oss}$  while  $V_{DS}$  is rising from 0 to 80%  $V_{(BR)DSS}$ .  
 J.  $L=1.0\text{mH}, V_{DD}=150\text{V}, R_G=25\Omega$ , Starting  $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ .

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**TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**

**Fig 1: On-Region Characteristics**

**Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics**

**Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage**

**Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature**

**Figure 5:Break Down vs. Junction Temparature**

**Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics (Note E)**

**TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**

**Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics**

**Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics**

**Figure 9: Coss stored Energy**

**Figure 10: Current De-rating (Note B)**

**Figure 11: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area for AOT(B)20C60 (Note F)**

**Figure 12: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area for AOTF20C60 (Note F)**

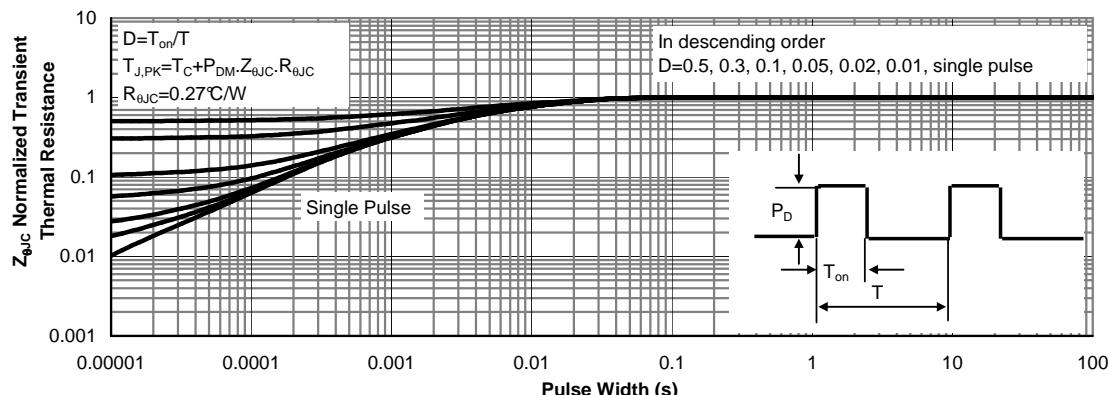
**TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**


Figure 12: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance for AOT(B)20C60 (Note F)

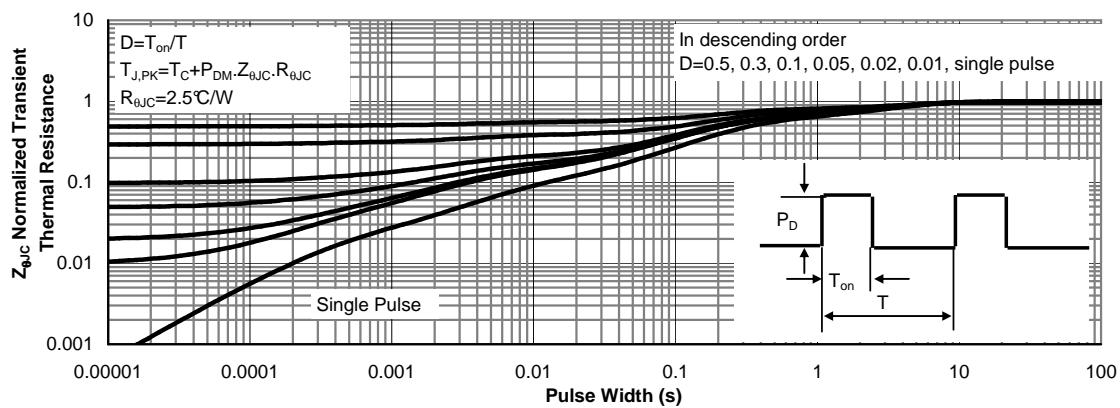
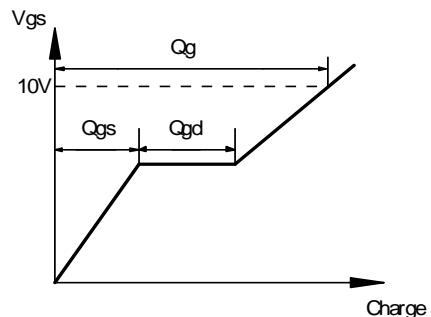
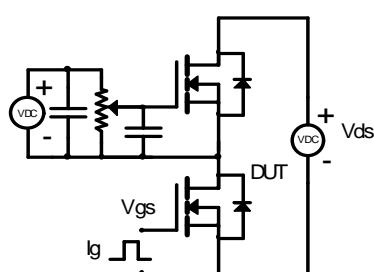
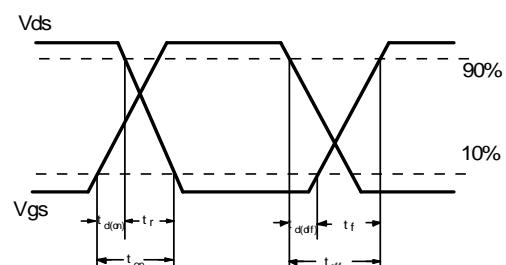
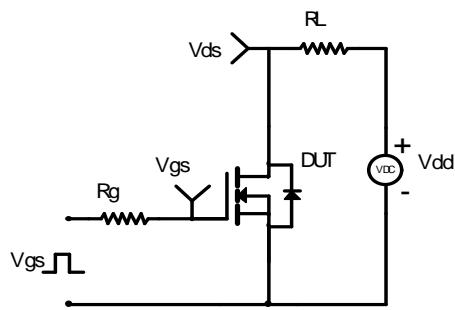
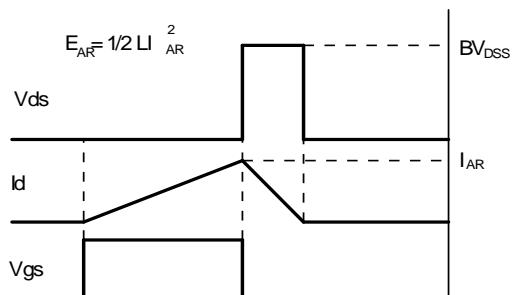
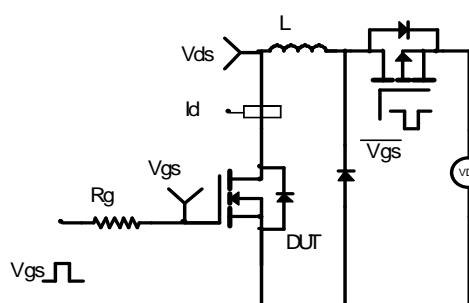


Figure 13: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance for AOTF20C60 (Note F)

**Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform**

**Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms**

**Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms**

**Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms**
