

QUAD RAIL-TO-RAIL CMOS OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The ALD4704A/ALD4704B/ALD4704 is a dual monolithic operational amplifier with MOSFET input that has rail-to-rail input and output voltage ranges. The input voltage range and output voltage range are very close to the positive and negative power supply voltages. Typically the input voltage can be beyond positive power supply voltage V+ or the negative power supply voltage V- by up to 300mV. The output voltage swings to within 60mV of either positive or negative power supply voltages at rated load.

With high impedance load, the output voltage of the ALD4704A/ALD4704B/ALD4704 approaches within 1mV of the power supply rails. This device is designed as an alternative to the popular J-FET input operational amplifier in applications where lower operating voltages, such as 9V battery or ±3.25V to ±5V power supplies are being used. The ALD4704A/ALD4704B/ALD4704 offers high slew rate of 5V/μs. It is designed and manufactured with Advanced Linear Devices' standard enhanced ACMOS silicon gate CMOS process, and it offers low unit cost and exceptional reliability.

The rail-to-rail input and output feature of the ALD4704A/ALD4704B/ALD4704 expands signal voltage range for a given operating supply voltage and allows numerous analog serial stages to be implemented without losing operating voltage margin. The output stage is designed to drive up to 10mA into 400pF capacitive and 1.5KΩ resistive loads at unity gain and up to 4000pF at a gain of 5. Short circuit protection to either ground or the power supply rails is at approximately 15mA clamp current. Due to complementary output stage design, the output can source and sink 10mA into a load with symmetrical drive and is ideally suited for applications where push-pull voltage drive is desired.

For each of the operational amplifier, the offset voltage is trimmed on-chip to eliminate the need for external nulling in many applications. For precision applications, the output is designed to settle to 0.1% in 2μs. In large signal buffer applications, the operational amplifier can function as an ultrahigh input impedance voltage follower /buffer that allows input and output voltage swings from positive to negative supply voltages. This feature is intended to greatly simplify systems design and eliminate higher voltage power supplies in many applications. Additionally, robust design and rigorous screening make this device especially suitable for operation in temperature-extreme environments and rugged conditions.

ORDERING INFORMATION ("L" suffix denotes lead-free (RoHS))

Operating Temperature Range		
0°C to +70°C	0°C to +70°C	-55°C to 125°C
14-Pin Small Outline Package (SOIC)	14-Pin Plastic Dip Package	14-Pin CERDIP Package
ALD4704ASBL	ALD4704APBL	ALD4704ADB
ALD4704BSBL	ALD4704BPBL	ALD4704BDB
ALD4704SBL	ALD4704PBL	ALD4704DB

* Contact factory for leaded (non-RoHS) or high temperature versions.

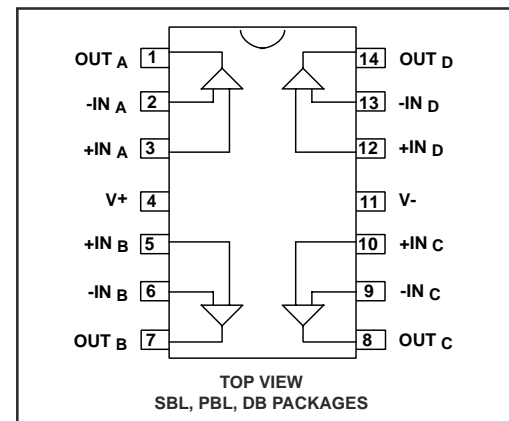
FEATURES

- Rail-to-rail input and output voltage ranges
- 5.0V/μs slew rate
- Symmetrical push-pull output drive
- Inputs can extend beyond supply rails by 300mV
- Outputs settle to 2mV of supply rails
- High capacitive load capability -- up to 4000pF
- No frequency compensation required -- unity gain stable
- Extremely low input bias currents -- 1.0pA typical (20pA max.)
- Ideal for high source impedance applications
- High voltage gain -- 100V/mV typical
- Output short circuit protected
- Unity gain bandwidth of 2.1MHz
- Suitable for rugged, temperature-extreme environments

APPLICATIONS

- Voltage amplifier
- Voltage follower/buffer
- Charge integrator
- Photodiode amplifier
- Data acquisition systems
- High performance portable instruments
- Signal conditioning circuits
- Low leakage amplifiers
- Active filters
- Sample/Hold amplifier
- Picoammeter
- Current to voltage converter
- Coaxial cable driver
- Capacitive sensor amplifier
- Piezoelectric transducer amplifier

PIN CONFIGURATION



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Supply voltage, V_+ referenced to V_-	-0.3V to $V_+ + 10.6V$
Supply voltage, V_S referenced to V_-	$\pm 5.3V$
Differential input voltage range	-0.3V to $V_+ + 0.3V$
Power dissipation	600 mW
Operating temperature range	SBL, PBL packages: $0^\circ C$ to $+70^\circ C$ DB package: $-55^\circ C$ to $+125^\circ C$
Storage temperature range	$-65^\circ C$ to $+150^\circ C$
Lead temperature, 10 seconds	$+260^\circ C$

CAUTION: ESD Sensitive Device. Use static control procedures in ESD controlled environment.

OPERATING ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$T_A = 25^\circ C$ $V_S = \pm 5.0V$ unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	4704A			4704B			4704			Unit	Test Conditions
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max		
Supply Voltage	V_S V_+	± 3.25 6.5		± 5.0 10.0	± 3.25 6.5		± 5.0 10.0	± 3.25 6.5		± 5.0 10.0	V	Dual Supply Single Supply
Input Offset Voltage	V_{OS}			1.0 1.5			2.0 3.0			5.0 6.0	mV mV	$R_S \leq 100K\Omega$ $0^\circ C \leq T_A \leq +70^\circ C$
Input Offset Current	I_{OS}		1.0	15 240		1.0	15 240		1.0	15 240	pA pA	$T_A = 25^\circ C$ $0^\circ C \leq T_A \leq +70^\circ C$
Input Bias Current	I_B		1.0	20 300		1.0	20 300		1.0	20 300	pA pA	$T_A = 25^\circ C$ $0^\circ C \leq T_A \leq +70^\circ C$
Input Voltage Range	V_{IR}	-5.3		5.3	-5.3		5.3	-5.3		5.3	V	
Input Resistance	R_{IN}		10^{12}			10^{12}			10^{12}		Ω	
Input Offset Voltage Drift	TCV_{OS}		5			5			5		$\mu V/^\circ C$	$R_S \leq 100K\Omega$
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	65	80		65	80		60	80		dB	$R_S \leq 100K\Omega$ $0^\circ C \leq T_A \leq +70^\circ C$
Common Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	65	83		65	83		60	83		dB	$R_S \leq 100K\Omega$ $0^\circ C \leq T_A \leq +70^\circ C$
Large Signal Voltage Gain	A_V	15	28 100		15	28 100		10	28 100		V/mV V/mV V/mV	$R_L = 100K\Omega$ $R_L \geq 1M\Omega$ $R_L = 10K\Omega$
Output Voltage Range	$V_{O\ low}$		-4.96	-4.90		-4.96	-4.90		-4.96	-4.90	V	$R_L = 10K\Omega$ $0^\circ C \leq T_A \leq +70^\circ C$
	$V_{O\ high}$	4.90	4.95		4.90	4.95		4.90	4.95		V	
	$V_{O\ low}$ $V_{O\ high}$	4.99	-4.998 4.998	-4.99	4.99	-4.998 4.998	-4.99	4.99	-4.998 4.998	-4.99	V V	$R_L \geq 1M\Omega$ $0^\circ C \leq T_A \leq +70^\circ C$
Output Short Circuit Current	I_{SC}		15			15			15		mA	
Supply Current	I_S		10	13		10	13		10	13	mA	$V_{IN} = -5.0V$ No Load
Power Dissipation	P_D			130			130			130	mW	All amplifiers, No Load $V_S = \pm 5.0V$
Input Capacitance	C_{IN}		1			1			1		pF	
Bandwidth	B_W		2.1			2.1			2.1		MHz	
Slew Rate	S_R		5.0			5.0			5.0		V/ μs	$A_V = +1$ $R_L = 2.0K\Omega$
Rise time	t_r		0.1			0.1			0.1		μs	$R_L = 10K\Omega$
Overshoot Factor			15			15			15		%	$R_L = 10K\Omega$ $C_L = 100pF$

OPERATING ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (cont'd)

$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $V_S = \pm 5.0\text{V}$ unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	4704A			4704B			4704			Unit	Test Conditions
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max		
Maximum Load Capacitance	C_L		400 4000			400 4000			400 4000		pF pF	Gain = 1 Gain = 5
Input Noise Voltage	e_n		26			26			26		nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$	f = 1KHz
Input Current Noise	i_n		0.6			0.6			0.6		fA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$	f = 10Hz
Settling Time	t_s		5.0 2.0			5.0 2.0			5.0 2.0		μs μs	0.01% 0.1% $A_V = -1$ $R_L = 5\text{K}\Omega$ $C_L = 50\text{pF}$

$V_S = \pm 5.0\text{V}$ $-55^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +125^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified

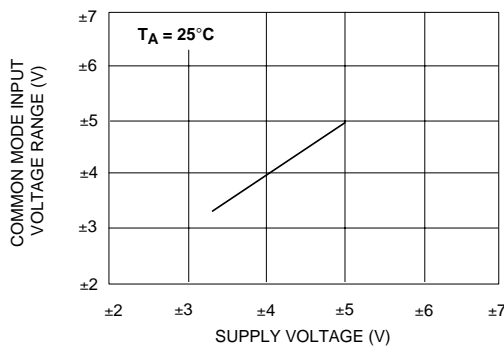
Parameter	Symbol	4704ADB			4704BDB			4704DB			Unit	Test Conditions
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max		
Input Offset Voltage	V_{OS}			2.0			4.0			7.0	mV	$R_S \leq 100\text{K}\Omega$
Input Offset Current	I_{OS}			8.0			8.0			8.0	nA	
Input Bias Current	I_B			10.0			10.0			10.0	nA	
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	60	75		60	75		60	75		dB	$R_S \leq 100\text{K}\Omega$
Common Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	60	83		60	83		60	83		dB	$R_S \leq 100\text{K}\Omega$
Large Signal Voltage Gain	A_V	10	25		10	25		10	25		V/mV	$R_L = 10\text{K}\Omega$
Output Voltage Range	$V_{O\text{ low}}$ $V_{O\text{ high}}$	4.8	-4.9 4.9	-4.8	4.8	-4.9 4.9	-4.8	4.8	-4.9 4.9	-4.8	V V	$R_L = 10\text{K}\Omega$ $R_L = 10\text{K}\Omega$

Design & Operating Notes:

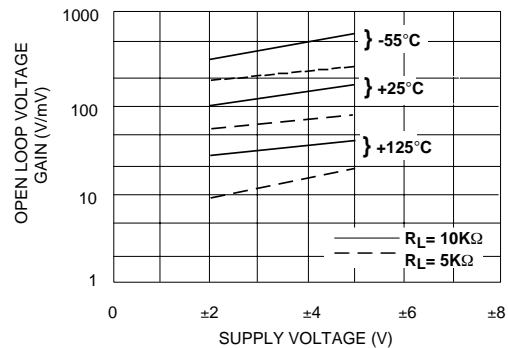
- The ALD4704A/ALD4704B/ALD4704 CMOS operational amplifier uses a 3 gain stage architecture and an improved frequency compensation scheme to achieve large voltage gain, high output driving capability, and better frequency stability. The ALD4704A/ALD4704B/ALD4704 is internally compensated for unity gain stability using a novel scheme. This design produces a clean single pole roll off in the gain characteristics while providing for more than 70 degrees of phase margin at the unity gain frequency. A unity gain buffer using the ALD4704A/ALD4704B/ALD4704 will typically drive 400pF of external load capacitance without stability problems. In the inverting unity gain configuration, it can drive up to 800pF of load capacitance. Compared to other CMOS operational amplifiers, the ALD4704A/ALD4704B/ALD4704 is much more resistant to parasitic oscillations.
- The ALD4704A/ALD4704B/ALD4704 has complementary p-channel and n-channel input differential stages connected in parallel to accomplish rail to rail input common mode voltage range. With the common mode input voltage close to the power supplies, one of the two differential stages is switched off internally. To maintain compatibility with other operational amplifiers, this switching point has been selected to be about 1.5V above the negative supply voltage. As offset voltage trimming on the ALD4704A/ALD4704B/ALD4704 is made when the input voltage is symmetrical to the supply voltages, this internal switching does not affect a large variety of applications such as an inverting amplifier or non-inverting amplifier with a gain greater than 2.5 (5V operation), where the common mode voltage does not make excursions below this switching point.
- The input bias and offset currents are essentially input protection diode reverse bias leakage currents, and are typically less than 1pA at room Temperature. This low input bias current assures that the analog signal from the source will not be distorted by input bias currents. For applications where source impedance is very high, it may be necessary to limit noise and hum pickup through proper shielding.
- The output stage consists of class AB complementary output drivers, capable of driving a low resistance load. The output voltage swing is limited by the drain to source on-resistance of the output transistors as determined by the bias circuitry, and the value of the load resistor when connected. In the voltage follower configuration, the oscillation resistant feature, combined with the rail to rail input and output feature, makes the ALD4704A/ALD4704B/ALD4704 an effective analog signal buffer for medium to high source impedance sensors, transducers, and other circuit networks.
- The ALD4704A/ALD4704B/ALD4704 operational amplifier has been designed with static discharge protection and to minimize latch up. However, care must be exercised when handling the device to avoid strong static fields. In using the operational amplifier, the user is advised to power up the circuit before, or simultaneously with, any input voltages applied and to limit input voltages to not exceed 0.3V of the power supply voltage levels. Alternatively, a 100K Ω or higher value resistor at the input terminals will limit input currents to acceptable levels while causing very small or negligible accuracy effects.

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

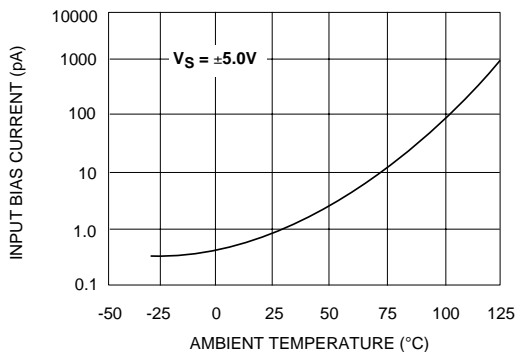
COMMON MODE INPUT VOLTAGE RANGE AS A FUNCTION OF SUPPLY VOLTAGE



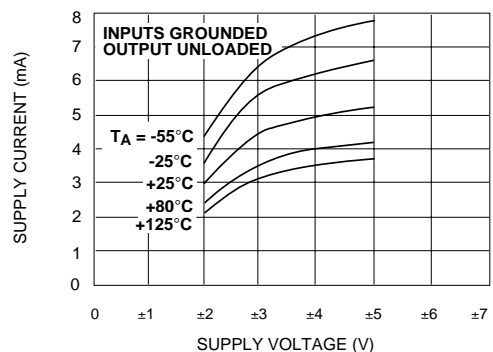
OPEN LOOP VOLTAGE GAIN AS A FUNCTION OF SUPPLY VOLTAGE AND TEMPERATURE



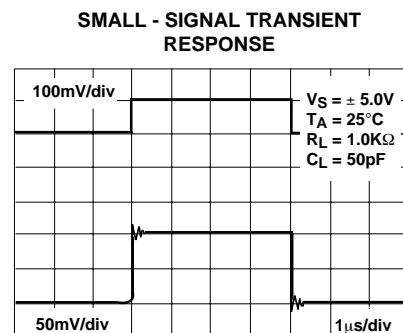
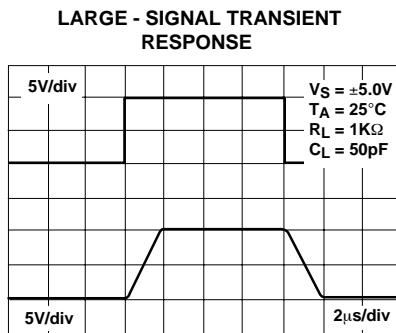
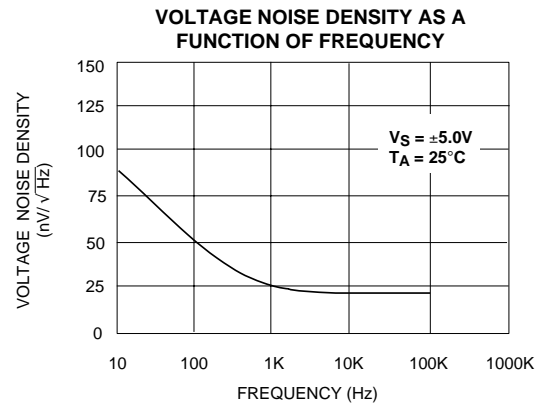
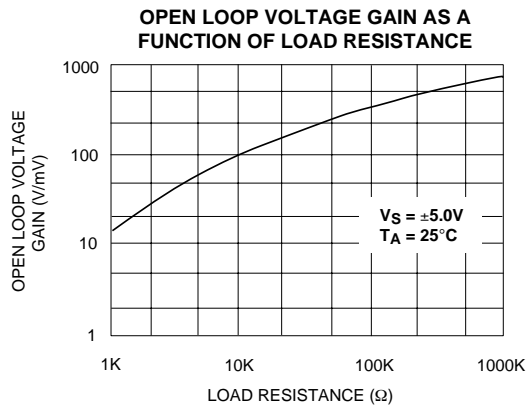
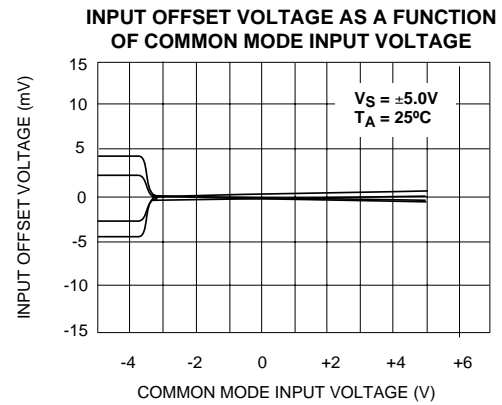
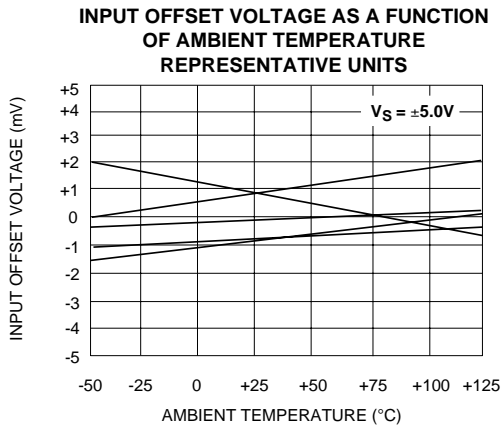
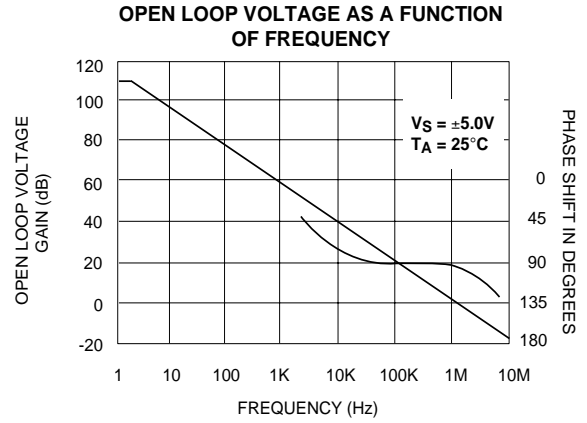
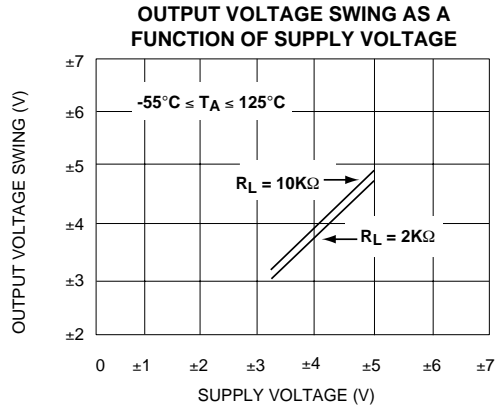
INPUT BIAS CURRENT AS A FUNCTION OF AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



SUPPLY CURRENT AS A FUNCTION OF SUPPLY VOLTAGE

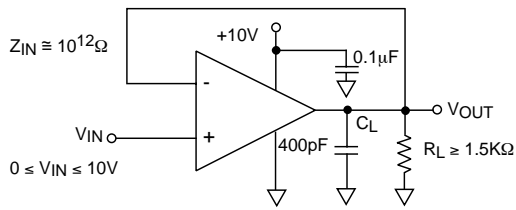


TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (cont'd)

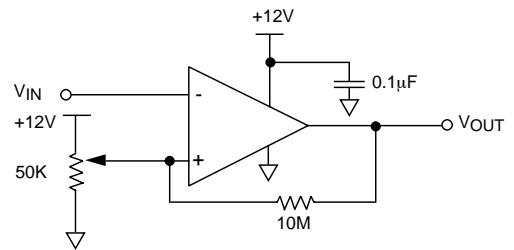


TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

RAIL-TO-RAIL VOLTAGE FOLLOWER/BUFFER



RAIL-TO-RAIL VOLTAGE COMPARATOR



LOW OFFSET SUMMING AMPLIFIER

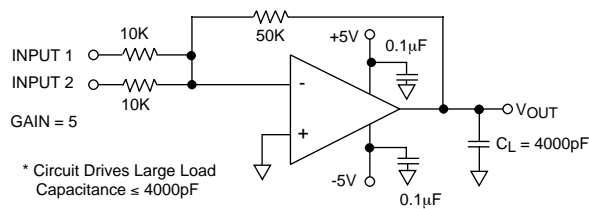
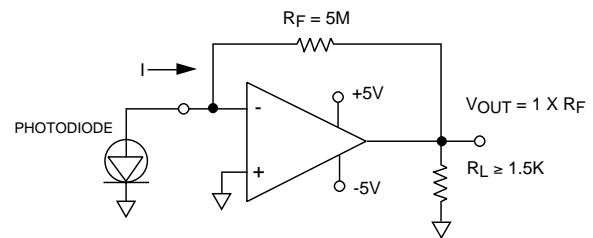
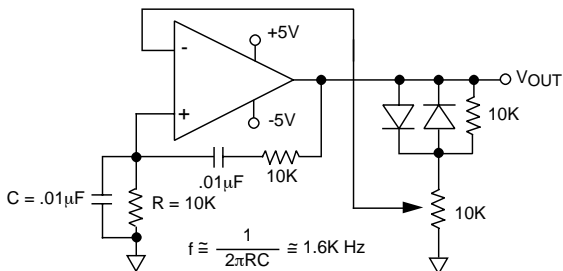


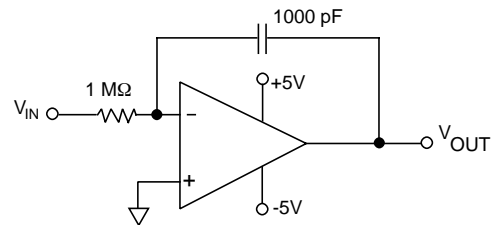
PHOTO DETECTOR CURRENT TO VOLTAGE CONVERTER



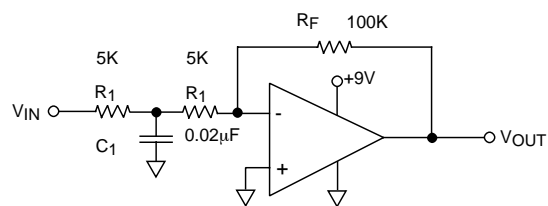
WIEN BRIDGE OSCILLATOR (RAIL-TO-RAIL) SINE WAVE GENERATOR



PRECISION CHARGE INTEGRATOR



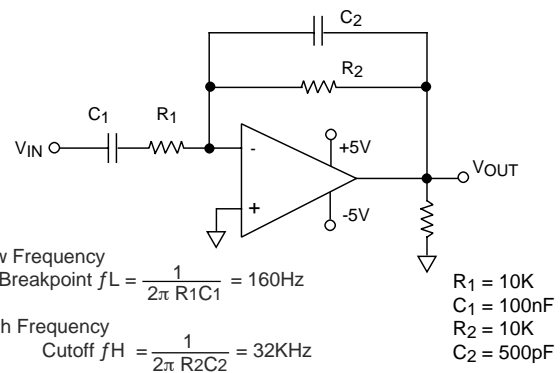
LOW PASS FILTER (RFI FILTER)



$$\text{Cutoff frequency} = \frac{1}{\pi R_1 C_1} = 3.2\text{kHz}$$

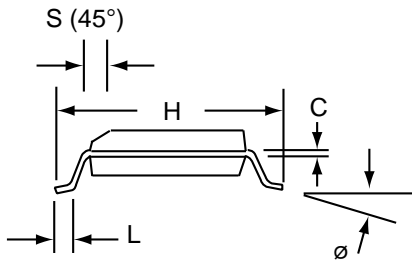
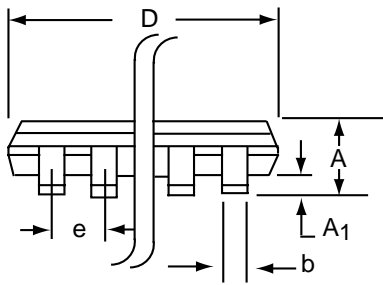
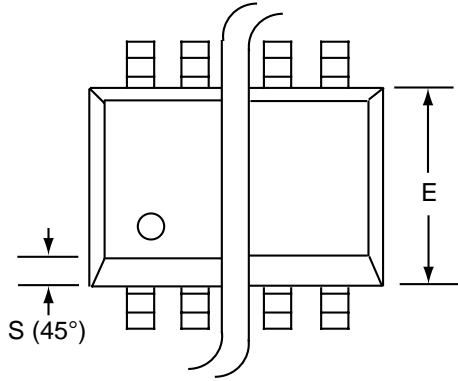
Gain = 10 Frequency roll-off 20dB/decade

BANDPASS NETWORK



SOIC-14 PACKAGE DRAWING

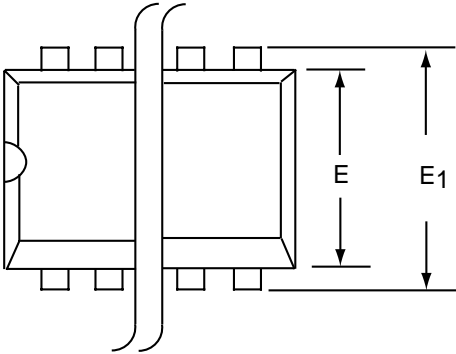
14 Pin Plastic SOIC Package



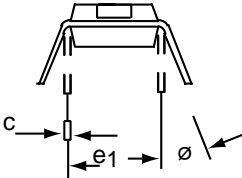
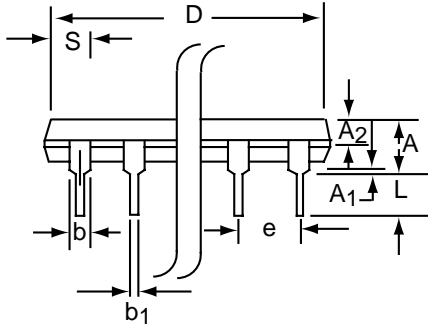
Dim	Millimeters		Inches	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	1.35	1.75	0.053	0.069
A ₁	0.10	0.25	0.004	0.010
b	0.35	0.45	0.014	0.018
C	0.18	0.25	0.007	0.010
D-14	8.55	8.75	0.336	0.345
E	3.50	4.05	0.140	0.160
e	1.27 BSC		0.050 BSC	
H	5.70	6.30	0.224	0.248
L	0.60	0.937	0.024	0.037
ø	0°	8°	0°	8°
S	0.25	0.50	0.010	0.020

PDIP-14 PACKAGE DRAWING

14 Pin Plastic DIP Package

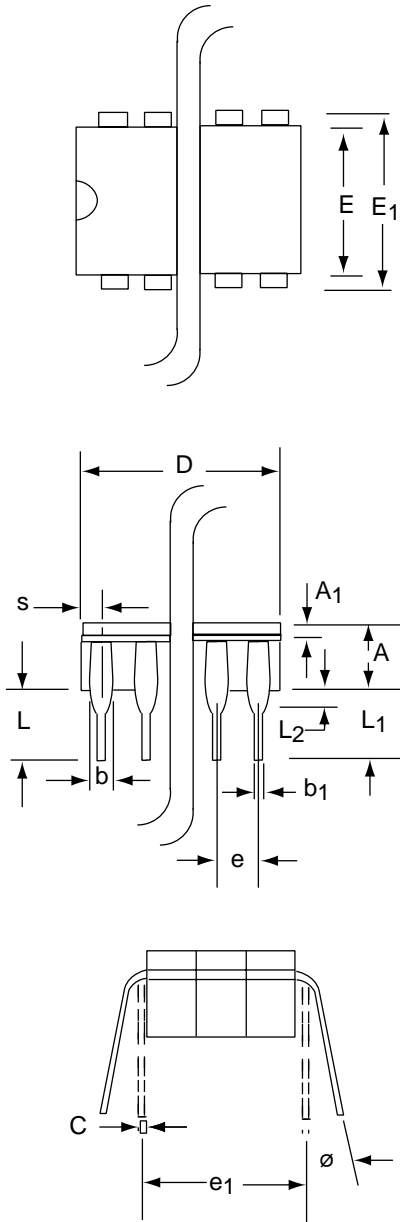


Dim	Millimeters		Inches	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	3.81	5.08	0.105	0.200
A ₁	0.38	1.27	0.015	0.050
A ₂	1.27	2.03	0.050	0.080
b	0.89	1.65	0.035	0.065
b ₁	0.38	0.51	0.015	0.020
c	0.20	0.30	0.008	0.012
D-14	17.27	19.30	0.680	0.760
E	5.59	7.11	0.220	0.280
E ₁	7.62	8.26	0.300	0.325
e	2.29	2.79	0.090	0.110
e ₁	7.37	7.87	0.290	0.310
L	2.79	3.81	0.110	0.150
S-14	1.02	2.03	0.040	0.080
∅	0°	15°	0°	15°



CERDIP-14 PACKAGE DRAWING

14 Pin CERDIP Package



Dim	Millimeters		Inches	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	3.55	5.08	0.140	0.200
A₁	1.27	2.16	0.050	0.085
b	0.97	1.65	0.038	0.065
b₁	0.36	0.58	0.014	0.023
C	0.20	0.38	0.008	0.015
D-14	--	19.94	--	0.785
E	5.59	7.87	0.220	0.310
E₁	7.73	8.26	0.290	0.325
e	2.54 BSC		0.100 BSC	
e₁	7.62 BSC		0.300 BSC	
L	3.81	5.08	0.150	0.200
L₁	3.18	--	0.125	--
L₂	0.38	1.78	0.015	0.070
S	--	2.49	--	0.098
∅	0°	15°	0°	15°

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