



ALPHA & OMEGA
SEMICONDUCTOR

AOWF12T60P

600V, 12A N-Channel MOSFET

General Description

- Trench Power AlphaMOS-II technology
- Low $R_{DS(ON)}$
- Low C_{iss} and C_{rss}
- High Current Capability
- RoHS and Halogen Free Compliant

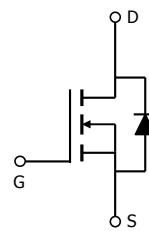
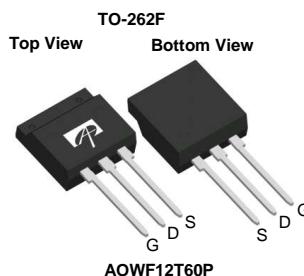
Product Summary

$V_{DS} @ T_{j,max}$	700V
I_{DM}	48A
$R_{DS(ON),max}$	< 0.52Ω
$Q_{g,typ}$	33nC
$E_{oss} @ 400V$	4.4μJ

Applications

- General Lighting for LED and CCFL
- AC/DC Power supplies for Industrial, Consumer, and Telecom

100% UIS Tested
100% R_g Tested



Orderable Part Number	Package Type	Form	Minimum Order Quantity
AOWF12T60P	TO-262F	Tube	1000

Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	Maximum	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	V_{DS}	600	V
Gate-Source Voltage	V_{GS}	± 30	V
Continuous Drain Current	I_D	12*	A
$T_C=100^\circ\text{C}$		9*	
Pulsed Drain Current ^C	I_{DM}	48	
Avalanche Current ^C $L=1\text{mH}$	I_{AR}	12	A
Repetitive avalanche energy ^C	E_{AR}	72	mJ
Single pulsed avalanche energy ^G	E_{AS}	750	mJ
MOSFET dv/dt ruggedness	dv/dt	50	V/ns
Peak diode recovery dv/dt ^J		15	
Power Dissipation ^B $T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$	P_D	28	W
Derate above 25°C		0.2	W/°C
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	T_J, T_{STG}	-55 to 150	°C
Maximum lead temperature for soldering purpose, 1/8" from case for 5 seconds	T_L	300	°C

Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Maximum	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^{A,D}	$R_{\theta JA}$	65	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Case	$R_{\theta JC}$	4.5	°C/W

* Drain current limited by maximum junction temperature.

Electrical Characteristics ($T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
STATIC PARAMETERS						
BV_{DSS}	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D=250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}, T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$	600			V
		$I_D=250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}, T_J=150^\circ\text{C}$		700		
$BV_{DSS}/\Delta T_J$	Breakdown Voltage Temperature Coefficient	$I_D=250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$		0.58		$\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}=600\text{V}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$			1	μA
		$V_{DS}=480\text{V}, T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$			10	
I_{GSS}	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}=0\text{V}, V_{GS}=\pm 30\text{V}$			± 100	nA
$V_{GS(\text{th})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=5\text{V}, I_D=250\mu\text{A}$	3	4.1	5	V
$R_{DS(\text{ON})}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, I_D=6\text{A}$		0.44	0.52	Ω
g_{FS}	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=40\text{V}, I_D=6\text{A}$		11		S
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_S=1\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$		0.73	1	V
I_S	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				12	A
I_{SM}	Maximum Body-Diode Pulsed Current ^C				48	A
DYNAMIC PARAMETERS						
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=100\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		2028		pF
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance			71		pF
$C_{o(er)}$	Effective output capacitance, energy related ^H	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=0 \text{ to } 480\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		52		pF
$C_{o(tr)}$	Effective output capacitance, time related ^I			94		pF
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=100\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		13		pF
R_g	Gate resistance	$f=1\text{MHz}$		2.2		Ω
SWITCHING PARAMETERS						
Q_g	Total Gate Charge	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=480\text{V}, I_D=12\text{A}$		33	50	nC
Q_{gs}	Gate Source Charge			13		nC
Q_{gd}	Gate Drain Charge			10		nC
$t_{D(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=300\text{V}, I_D=12\text{A}, R_G=25\Omega$		52		ns
t_r	Turn-On Rise Time			72		ns
$t_{D(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time			66		ns
t_f	Turn-Off Fall Time			42		ns
t_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=12\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}, V_{DS}=100\text{V}$		483		ns
Q_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_F=12\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}, V_{DS}=100\text{V}$		7		μC

A. The value of $R_{\theta JA}$ is measured with the device in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$.

B. The power dissipation P_D is based on $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.

C. Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$. Ratings are based on low frequency and duty cycles to keep initial $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$.

D. The $R_{\theta JA}$ is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case $R_{\theta JC}$ and case to ambient.

E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300 ms pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

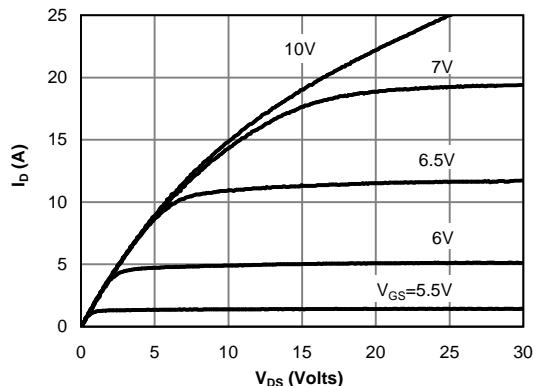
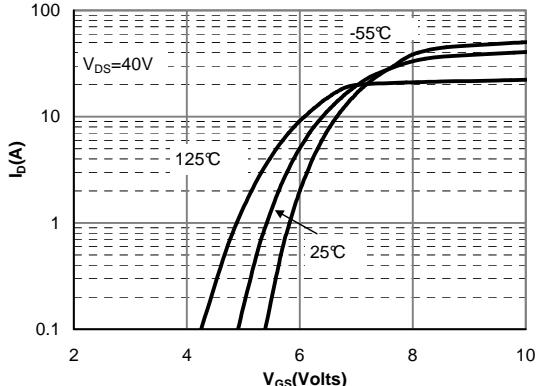
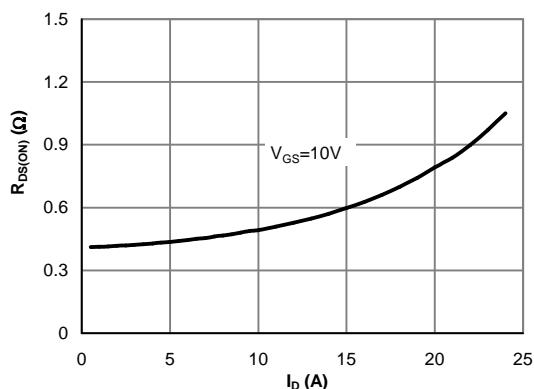
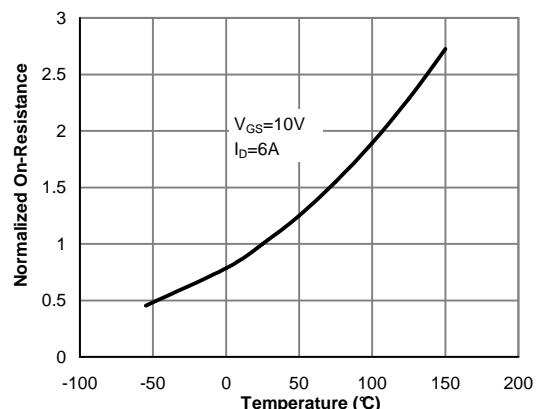
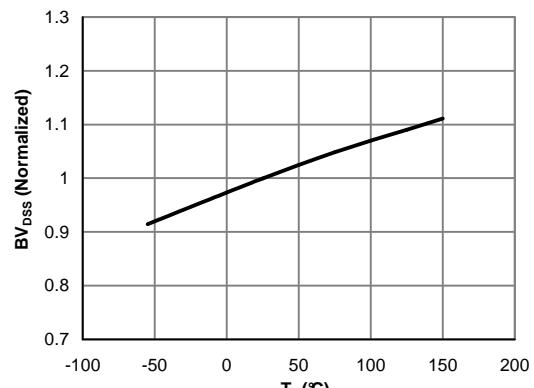
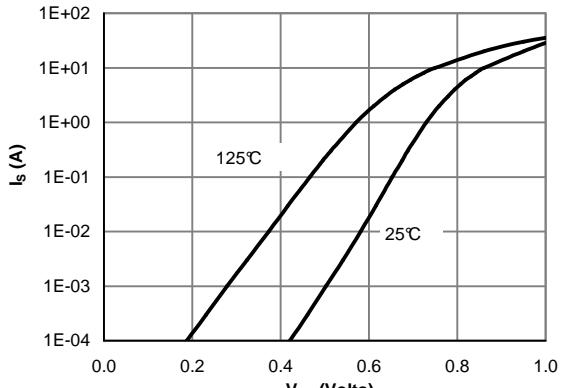
G. $L=60\text{mH}, I_{AS}=5\text{A}, V_{DD}=150\text{V}, R_G=25\Omega$, Starting $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$.

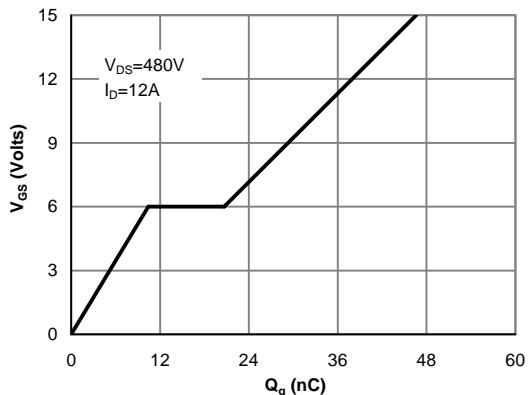
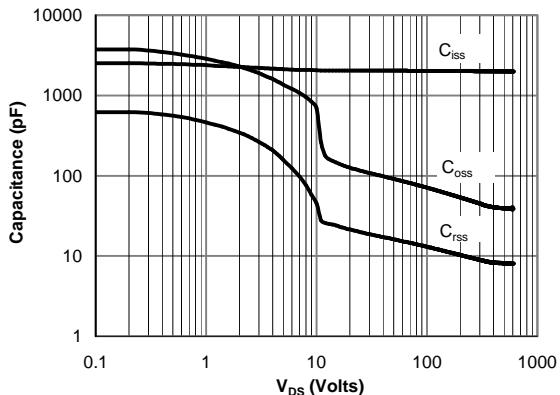
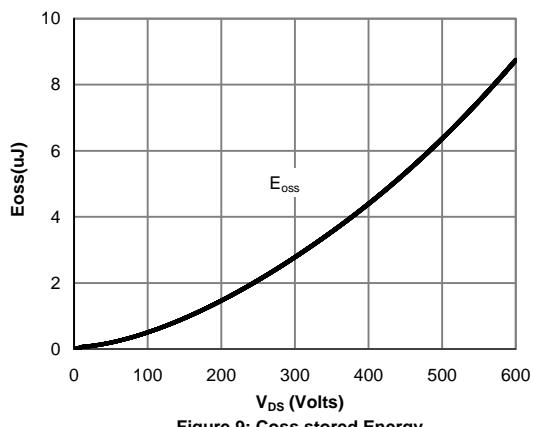
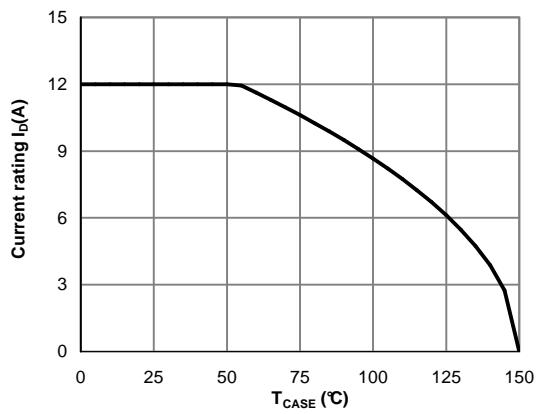
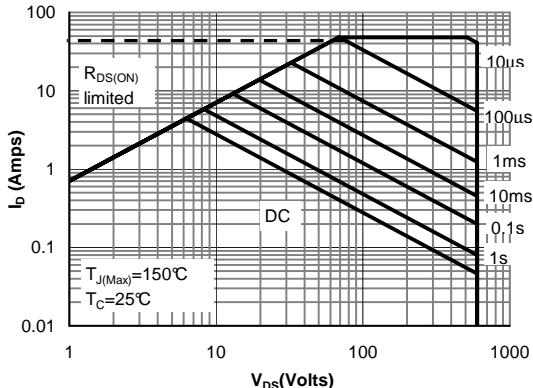
H. $C_{o(er)}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same stored energy as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 80% $V_{(BR)DSS}$.

I. $C_{o(tr)}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 80% $V_{(BR)DSS}$.

J. $I_{SD} \leq I_D, dI/dt \leq 200\text{A}/\mu\text{s}, V_{DD}=400\text{V}, T_J \leq T_{J(\text{MAX})}$.

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TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Figure 1: On-Region Characteristics

Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics

Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage

Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

Figure 5: Break Down vs. Junction Temperature

Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics

Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics

Figure 9: Coss stored Energy

Figure 10: Current De-rating (Note F)

Figure 11: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area for TO-262F (Note F)

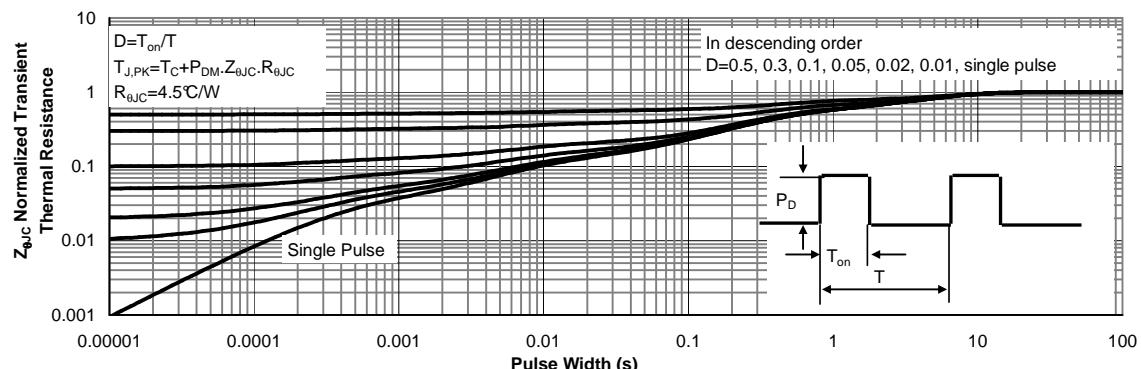
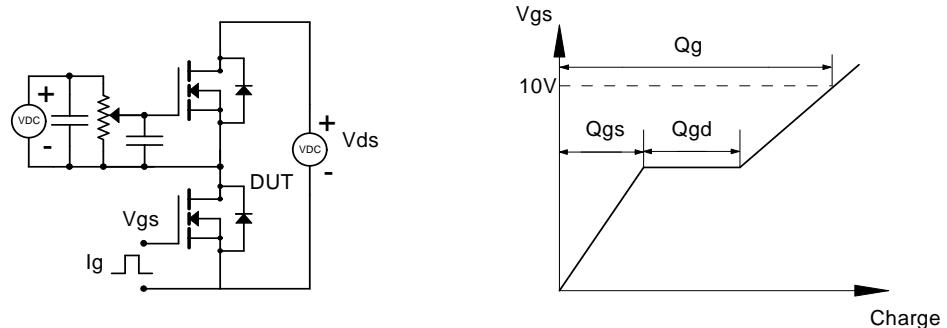
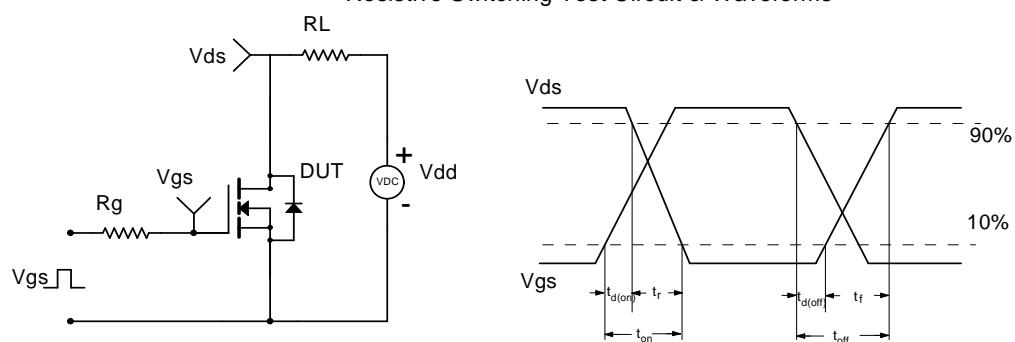
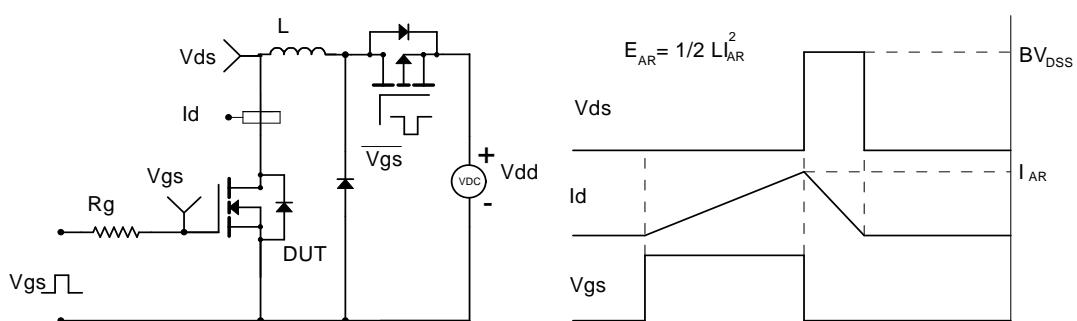
TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS


Figure 12: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance for TO-262F (Note F)

Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform

Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms

Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms

Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms
