

## Notice for TAIYO YUDEN products

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Please read this notice before using the TAIYO YUDEN products.

### REMINDERS

- Product information in this catalog is as of October 2015. All of the contents specified herein are subject to change without notice due to technical improvements, etc. Therefore, please check for the latest information carefully before practical application or usage of the Products.

Please note that TAIYO YUDEN CO., LTD. shall not be responsible for any defects in products or equipment incorporating such products, which are caused under the conditions other than those specified in this catalog or individual specification.

- Please contact TAIYO YUDEN CO., LTD. for further details of product specifications as the individual specification is available.

- Please conduct validation and verification of products in actual condition of mounting and operating environment before commercial shipment of the equipment.

- All electronic components or functional modules listed in this catalog are developed, designed and intended for use in general electronics equipment.(for AV, office automation, household, office supply, information service, telecommunications, (such as mobile phone or PC) etc.). Before incorporating the components or devices into any equipment in the field such as transportation,( automotive control, train control, ship control), transportation signal, disaster prevention, medical, public information network (telephone exchange, base station) etc. which may have direct influence to harm or injure a human body, please contact TAIYO YUDEN CO., LTD. for more detail in advance.

Do not incorporate the products into any equipment in fields such as aerospace, aviation, nuclear control, submarine system, military, etc. where higher safety and reliability are especially required.

In addition, even electronic components or functional modules that are used for the general electronic equipment, if the equipment or the electric circuit require high safety or reliability function or performances, a sufficient reliability evaluation check for safety shall be performed before commercial shipment and moreover, due consideration to install a protective circuit is strongly recommended at customer's design stage.

- The contents of this catalog are applicable to the products which are purchased from our sales offices or distributors (so called "TAIYO YUDEN' s official sales channel").

It is only applicable to the products purchased from any of TAIYO YUDEN' s official sales channel.

- Please note that TAIYO YUDEN CO., LTD. shall have no responsibility for any controversies or disputes that may occur in connection with a third party's intellectual property rights and other related rights arising from your usage of products in this catalog. TAIYO YUDEN CO., LTD. grants no license for such rights.

- Caution for export

Certain items in this catalog may require specific procedures for export according to "Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Control Law" of Japan, "U.S. Export Administration Regulations", and other applicable regulations. Should you have any question or inquiry on this matter, please contact our sales staff.

# MULTILAYER COMMON MODE CHOKE COILS(MC SERIES F TYPE)



REFLOW

■ PARTS NUMBER

\* Operating Temp.: -40~+85°C

M	C	F	0	8	0	6	2	G	1	2	0	-	T	△
①			②				③	④			⑤		⑥	⑦

△=Blank space

① Series name

Code	Series name
MCF	Multilayer common mode choke coil

② Dimensions

Code	Dimensions [mm]
0605	0.65 × 0.50
0806	0.85 × 0.65
1210	1.25 × 1.0
2010	2.0 × 1.0

③ No. of Lines

Code	No. of Lines
2	2 lines
4	4 lines

④ Material

Code	Material
G	Refer to impedance curves for material differences
E	
H	

⑤ Nominal common impedance

Code (example)	Nominal common impedance [Ω]
120	12
900	90

⑥ Packaging

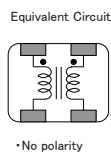
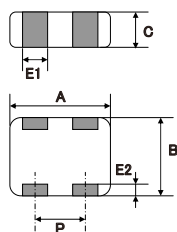
Code	Packaging
-T	Taping

⑦ Internal code

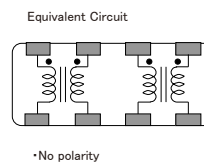
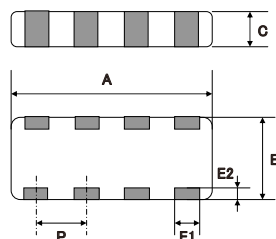
Code	Internal code
△	Standard

■ STANDARD EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS / STANDARD QUANTITY / EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT

2 LINES



4 LINES



Type	A	B	C	E1	E2	P	Standard quantity [pcs] Taping
MCF0605	0.65±0.05 (0.026±0.002)	0.50±0.05 (0.020±0.002)	0.30±0.05 (0.012±0.002)	0.15±0.1 (0.006±0.004)	0.12±0.1 (0.005±0.004)	0.40±0.10 (0.016±0.004)	15000
MCF0806	0.85±0.05 (0.033±0.002)	0.65±0.05 (0.026±0.002)	0.40±0.05 (0.016±0.002)	0.27±0.1 (0.011±0.004)	0.2 +0.05/-0.1 (0.008 +0.002/-0.004)	0.50±0.10 (0.020±0.004)	10000
MCF1210	1.0±0.15 (0.039±0.006)	1.25±0.15 (0.049±0.006)	0.55±0.1 (0.022±0.004)	0.3±0.1 (0.012±0.004)	0.2±0.1 (0.008±0.004)	0.55±0.10 (0.022±0.004)	5000
MCF2010	2.0±0.15 (0.079±0.006)	1.0±0.15 (0.039±0.006)	0.45±0.1 (0.018±0.004)	0.25 +0.15/-0.1 (0.010 +0.006/-0.004)	0.25±0.15 (0.010±0.006)	0.50±0.10 (0.020±0.004)	4000

Unit: mm (inch)

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■ PARTS NUMBER

● MCF0605 type

Parts number	EHS	No. of Lines	Common mode impedance [Ω]	Measuring frequency [MHz]	DC Resistance [Ω] (max.)	Rated current [A] (max.)	Rated voltage [V]	Insulation resistance [MΩ] (min.)
MCF0605 2G120-T	RoHS	2	12±5	100	2.5	0.05	5	100
MCF0605 2G350-T	RoHS	2	35±20%	100	6.5	0.05	5	100
MCF0605 2E600-T	RoHS	2	60±25%	100	4.75	0.05	5	100
MCF0605 2E900-T	RoHS	2	90±25%	100	3.9	0.05	5	100

● MCF0806 type

Parts number	EHS	No. of Lines	Common mode impedance [Ω]	Measuring frequency [MHz]	DC Resistance [Ω] (max.)	Rated current [A] (max.)	Rated voltage [V]	Insulation resistance [MΩ] (min.)
MCF0806 2G120-T	RoHS	2	12±5	100	2.5	0.13	5	100
MCF0806 2G470-T	RoHS	2	47±20%	100	4.0	0.10	5	100
MCF0806 2G900-T	RoHS	2	90±20%	100	5.0	0.10	5	100
MCF0806 2E300-T	RoHS	2	30±25%	100	1.5	0.15	5	100

● MCF1210 type

Parts number	EHS	No. of Lines	Common mode impedance [Ω]	Measuring frequency [MHz]	DC Resistance [Ω] (max.)	Rated current [A] (max.)	Rated voltage [V]	Insulation resistance [MΩ] (min.)
MCF1210 2G400-T	RoHS	2	40±25%	100	2.5	0.10	5	100
MCF1210 2G900-T	RoHS	2	90±25%	100	4.5	0.10	5	100
MCF1210 2H900-T	RoHS	2	90±20%	100	2.5	0.15	5	100

● MCF2010 type

Parts number	EHS	No. of Lines	Common mode impedance [Ω]	Measuring frequency [MHz]	DC Resistance [Ω] (max.)	Rated current [A] (max.)	Rated voltage [V]	Insulation resistance [MΩ] (min.)
MCF2010 4G900-T	RoHS	4	90±25%	100	4.5	0.10	5	100

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## Multilayer chip inductors

Multilayer chip inductors for high frequency, Multilayer chip bead inductors

Multilayer common mode choke coils (MC series F type)

Metal Multilayer Chip Power Inductors (MCOIL™ MC series)

### PACKAGING

#### ① Minimum Quantity

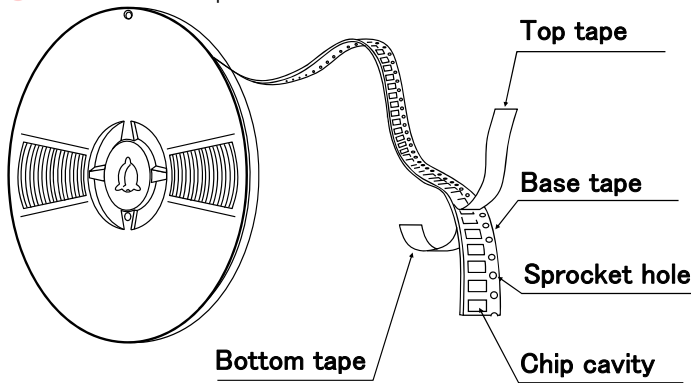
##### ● Tape & Reel Packaging

Type	Thickness mm (inch)	Standard Quantity [pcs]	
		Paper Tape	Embossed Tape
CK1608(0603)	0.8 (0.031)	4000	—
CK2125(0805)	0.85(0.033)	4000	—
	1.25(0.049)	—	2000
CKS2125(0805)	0.85(0.033)	4000	—
	1.25(0.049)	—	2000
CKP1608(0603)	0.8 (0.031)	4000	—
CKP2012(0805)	0.9 (0.035)	—	3000
CKP2016(0806)	0.9 (0.035)	—	3000
CKP2520(1008)	0.7 (0.028)	—	3000
	0.9 (0.035)	—	3000
	1.1 (0.043)	—	2000
NM2012(0805)	0.9 (0.035)	—	3000
NM2520(1008)	0.9 (0.035)	—	3000
	1.1 (0.043)	—	2000
LK1005(0402)	0.5 (0.020)	10000	—
LK1608(0603)	0.8 (0.031)	4000	—
LK2125(0805)	0.85(0.033)	4000	—
	1.25(0.049)	—	2000
HK0603(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	15000	—
HK1005(0402)	0.5 (0.020)	10000	—
HK1608(0603)	0.8 (0.031)	4000	—
HK2125(0805)	0.85(0.033)	—	4000
	1.0 (0.039)	—	3000
HKQ0402(01005)	0.2 (0.008)	20000	40000
HKQ0603W(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	15000	—
HKQ0603C(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	15000	—
HKQ0603S(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	15000	—
HKQ0603U(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	15000	—
AQ105(0402)	0.5 (0.020)	10000	—
BK0402(01005)	0.2 (0.008)	20000	—
BK0603(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	15000	—
BK1005(0402)	0.5 (0.020)	10000	—
BKH0603(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	15000	—
BKH1005(0402)	0.5 (0.020)	10000	—
BK1608(0603)	0.8 (0.031)	4000	—
BK2125(0805)	0.85(0.033)	4000	—
	1.25(0.049)	—	2000
BK2010(0804)	0.45(0.018)	4000	—
BK3216(1206)	0.8 (0.031)	—	4000
BKP0402(01005)	0.2 (0.008)	20000	—
BKP0603(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	15000	—
BKP1005(0402)	0.5 (0.020)	10000	—
BKP1608(0603)	0.8 (0.031)	4000	—
BKP2125(0805)	0.85(0.033)	4000	—
MCF0605(0202)	0.3 (0.012)	15000	—
MCF0806(0302)	0.4 (0.016)	—	10000
MCF1210(0504)	0.55(0.022)	—	5000
MCF2010(0804)	0.45(0.018)	—	4000
MCFE1608(0603)	0.65(0.026)	4000	—
MCKK2012(0805)	1.00(0.039)	—	3000

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## ② Taping material

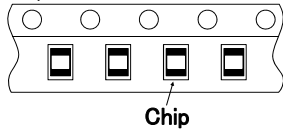
### ● Card board carrier tape



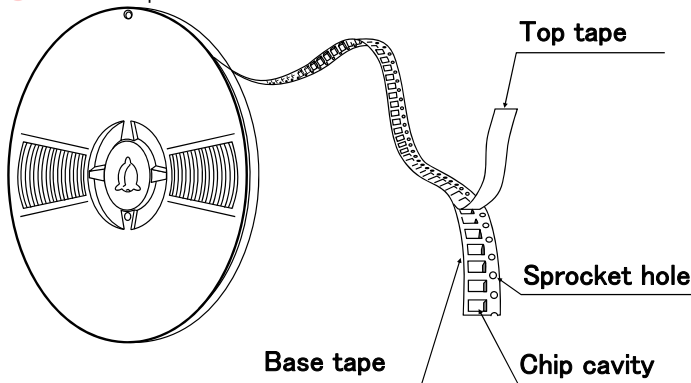
CK	1608
CKP	1608
CK	2125
CKS	2125
LK	1005
LK	1608
LK	2125
HK	0603
HK	1005
HK	1608
HKQ	0402
HKQ	0603
AQ	105

BK	0402
BK	0603
BK	1005
BK	1608
BK	2125
BK	2010
BKP	0402
BKP	0603
BKP	1005
BKP	1608
BKP	2125
BKH	0603
BKH	1005
MCF	0605
MC	1608

### Chip Filled



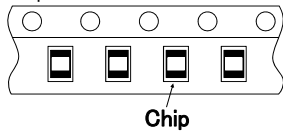
### ● Embossed Tape



CK	2125
CKS	2125
CKP	2012
CKP	2016
CKP	2520
NM	2012
NM	2520
LK	2125
HKQ	0402
HK	2125

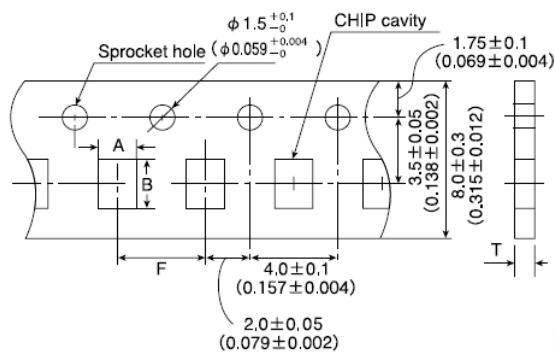
BK	2125
BK	3216
MCF	0806
MCF	1210
MCF	2010
MC	2012

### Chip Filled



## ③ Taping Dimensions

### ● Paper tape (8mm wide)

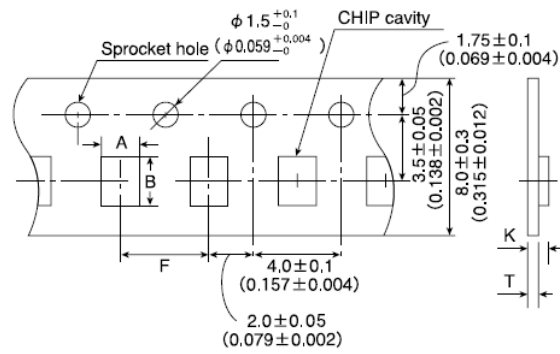


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Type	Thickness mm (inch)	Chip cavity		Insertion Pitch	Tape Thickness
		A	B	F	T
CK1608(0603)	0.8 (0.031)	1.0±0.2 (0.039±0.008)	1.8±0.2 (0.071±0.008)	4.0±0.1 (0.157±0.004)	1.1max (0.043max)
CK2125(0805)	0.85(0.033)	1.5±0.2 (0.059±0.008)	2.3±0.2 (0.091±0.008)	4.0±0.1 (0.157±0.004)	1.1max (0.043max)
CKS2125(0805)	0.85(0.033)	1.5±0.2 (0.059±0.008)	2.3±0.2 (0.091±0.008)	4.0±0.1 (0.157±0.004)	1.1max (0.043max)
CKP1608(0603)	0.8 (0.031)	1.0±0.2 (0.039±0.008)	1.8±0.2 (0.071±0.008)	4.0±0.1 (0.157±0.004)	1.1max (0.043max)
LK1005(0402)	0.5 (0.020)	0.65±0.1 (0.026±0.004)	1.15±0.1 (0.045±0.004)	2.0±0.05 (0.079±0.002)	0.8max (0.031max)
LK1608(0603)	0.8 (0.031)	1.0±0.2 (0.039±0.008)	1.8±0.2 (0.071±0.008)	4.0±0.1 (0.157±0.004)	1.1max (0.043max)
LK2125(0805)	0.85(0.033)	1.5±0.2 (0.059±0.008)	2.3±0.2 (0.091±0.008)	4.0±0.1 (0.157±0.004)	1.1max (0.043max)
HK0603(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	0.40±0.06 (0.016±0.002)	0.70±0.06 (0.028±0.002)	2.0±0.05 (0.079±0.002)	0.45max (0.018max)
HK1005(0402)	0.5 (0.020)	0.65±0.1 (0.026±0.004)	1.15±0.1 (0.045±0.004)	2.0±0.05 (0.079±0.002)	0.8max (0.031max)
HK1608(0603)	0.8 (0.031)	1.0±0.2 (0.039±0.008)	1.8±0.2 (0.071±0.008)	4.0±0.1 (0.157±0.004)	1.1max (0.043max)
HKQ0402(01005)	0.2 (0.008)	0.25±0.04 (0.010±0.002)	0.45±0.04 (0.018±0.002)	2.0±0.05 (0.079±0.002)	0.36max (0.014max)
HKQ0603W(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	0.40±0.06 (0.016±0.002)	0.70±0.06 (0.028±0.002)	2.0±0.05 (0.079±0.002)	0.45max (0.018max)
HKQ0603C(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	0.40±0.06 (0.016±0.002)	0.70±0.06 (0.028±0.002)	2.0±0.05 (0.079±0.002)	0.45max (0.018max)
HKQ0603S(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	0.40±0.06 (0.016±0.002)	0.70±0.06 (0.028±0.002)	2.0±0.05 (0.079±0.002)	0.45max (0.018max)
HKQ0603U(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	0.40±0.06 (0.016±0.002)	0.70±0.06 (0.028±0.002)	2.0±0.05 (0.079±0.002)	0.45max (0.018max)
AQ105(0402)	0.5 (0.020)	0.75±0.1 (0.030±0.004)	1.15±0.1 (0.045±0.004)	2.0±0.05 (0.079±0.002)	0.8max (0.031max)
BK0402(01005)	0.2 (0.008)	0.25±0.04 (0.010±0.002)	0.45±0.04 (0.018±0.002)	2.0±0.05 (0.079±0.002)	0.36max (0.014max)
BK0603(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	0.40±0.06 (0.016±0.002)	0.70±0.06 (0.028±0.002)	2.0±0.05 (0.079±0.002)	0.45max (0.018max)
BK1005(0402)	0.5 (0.020)	0.65±0.1 (0.026±0.004)	1.15±0.1 (0.045±0.004)	2.0±0.05 (0.079±0.002)	0.8max (0.031max)
BK1608(0603)	0.8 (0.031)	1.0±0.2 (0.039±0.008)	1.8±0.2 (0.071±0.008)	4.0±0.1 (0.157±0.004)	1.1max (0.043max)
BK2125(0805)	0.85(0.033)	1.5±0.2 (0.059±0.008)	2.3±0.2 (0.091±0.008)	4.0±0.1 (0.157±0.004)	1.1max (0.043max)
BK2010(0804)	0.45(0.018)	1.2±0.1 (0.047±0.004)	2.17±0.1 (0.085±0.004)	4.0±0.1 (0.157±0.004)	0.8max (0.031max)
BKP0402(01005)	0.2 (0.008)	0.25±0.04 (0.010±0.002)	0.45±0.04 (0.018±0.002)	2.0±0.05 (0.079±0.002)	0.36max (0.014max)
BKP0603(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	0.40±0.06 (0.016±0.002)	0.70±0.06 (0.028±0.002)	2.0±0.05 (0.079±0.002)	0.45max (0.018max)
BKP1005(0402)	0.5 (0.020)	0.65±0.1 (0.026±0.004)	1.15±0.1 (0.045±0.004)	2.0±0.05 (0.079±0.002)	0.8max (0.031max)
BKP1608(0603)	0.8 (0.031)	1.0±0.2 (0.039±0.008)	1.8±0.2 (0.071±0.008)	4.0±0.1 (0.157±0.004)	1.1max (0.043max)
BKP2125(0805)	0.85(0.033)	1.5±0.2 (0.059±0.008)	2.3±0.2 (0.091±0.008)	4.0±0.1 (0.157±0.004)	1.1max (0.043max)
BKH0603(0201)	0.3 (0.012)	0.40±0.06 (0.016±0.002)	0.70±0.06 (0.028±0.002)	2.0±0.05 (0.079±0.002)	0.45max (0.018max)
BKH1005(0402)	0.5 (0.020)	0.65±0.1 (0.026±0.004)	1.15±0.1 (0.045±0.004)	2.0±0.05 (0.079±0.002)	0.8max (0.031max)
MCF0605(0202)	0.3 (0.012)	0.62±0.03 (0.024±0.001)	0.77±0.03 (0.030±0.001)	2.0±0.05 (0.079±0.002)	0.45max (0.018max)
MCFE1608(0603)	0.65(0.026)	1.1±0.05 (0.043±0.002)	1.9±0.05 (0.075±0.002)	4.0±0.1 (0.157±0.004)	0.72max (0.028max)

Unit : mm (inch)

● Embossed Tape (8mm wide)



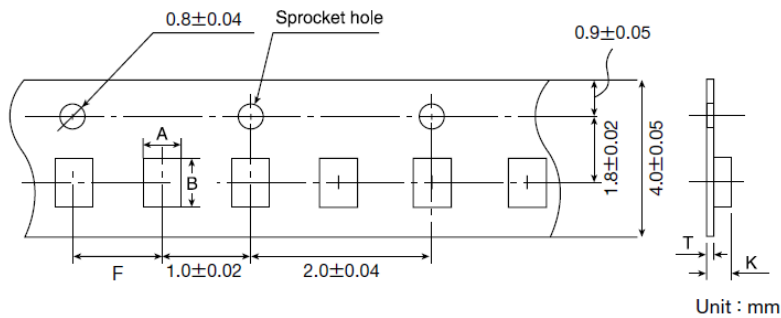
Unit : mm (inch)

Type	Thickness mm (inch)	Chip cavity		Insertion Pitch F	Tape Thickness	
		A	B		K	T
CK2125 (0805)	1.25 (0.049)	$1.5 \pm 0.2$ ( $0.059 \pm 0.008$ )	$2.3 \pm 0.2$ ( $0.091 \pm 0.008$ )	$4.0 \pm 0.1$ ( $0.157 \pm 0.004$ )	2.0 (0.079)	0.3 (0.012)
CKS2125 (0805)	1.25 (0.049)	$1.5 \pm 0.2$ ( $0.059 \pm 0.008$ )	$2.3 \pm 0.2$ ( $0.091 \pm 0.008$ )	$4.0 \pm 0.1$ ( $0.157 \pm 0.004$ )	2.0 (0.079)	0.3 (0.012)
CKP2012 (0805)	0.9 (0.035)	$1.55 \pm 0.2$ ( $0.061 \pm 0.008$ )	$2.3 \pm 0.2$ ( $0.091 \pm 0.008$ )	$4.0 \pm 0.1$ ( $0.157 \pm 0.004$ )	1.3 (0.051)	0.3 (0.012)
CKP2016 (0806)	0.9 (0.035)	$1.8 \pm 0.1$ ( $0.071 \pm 0.004$ )	$2.2 \pm 0.1$ ( $0.087 \pm 0.004$ )	$4.0 \pm 0.1$ ( $0.157 \pm 0.004$ )	1.3 (0.051)	0.25 (0.01)
CKP2520 (1008)	0.7 (0.028)	$2.3 \pm 0.1$ ( $0.091 \pm 0.004$ )	$2.8 \pm 0.1$ ( $0.110 \pm 0.004$ )	$4.0 \pm 0.1$ ( $0.157 \pm 0.004$ )	1.4 (0.055)	0.3 (0.012)
	0.9 (0.035)				1.4 (0.055)	
	1.1 (0.043)				1.7 (0.067)	
NM2012 (0805)	0.9 (0.035)	$1.55 \pm 0.2$ ( $0.061 \pm 0.008$ )	$2.3 \pm 0.2$ ( $0.091 \pm 0.008$ )	$4.0 \pm 0.1$ ( $0.157 \pm 0.004$ )	1.3 (0.051)	0.3 (0.012)
NM2520 (1008)	0.9 (0.035)	$2.3 \pm 0.1$ ( $0.091 \pm 0.004$ )	$2.8 \pm 0.1$ ( $0.110 \pm 0.004$ )	$4.0 \pm 0.1$ ( $0.157 \pm 0.004$ )	1.4 (0.055)	0.3 (0.012)
	1.1 (0.043)				1.7 (0.067)	
LK2125 (0805)	1.25 (0.049)	$1.5 \pm 0.2$ ( $0.059 \pm 0.008$ )	$2.3 \pm 0.2$ ( $0.091 \pm 0.008$ )	$4.0 \pm 0.1$ ( $0.157 \pm 0.004$ )	2.0 (0.079)	0.3 (0.012)
HK2125 (0805)	0.85 (0.033)	$1.5 \pm 0.2$ ( $0.059 \pm 0.008$ )	$2.3 \pm 0.2$ ( $0.091 \pm 0.008$ )	$4.0 \pm 0.1$ ( $0.157 \pm 0.004$ )	1.5 (0.059)	0.3 (0.012)
	1.0 (0.039)				2.0 (0.079)	
BK2125 (0805)	1.25 (0.049)	$1.5 \pm 0.2$ ( $0.059 \pm 0.008$ )	$2.3 \pm 0.2$ ( $0.091 \pm 0.008$ )	$4.0 \pm 0.1$ ( $0.157 \pm 0.004$ )	2.0 (0.079)	0.3 (0.012)
BK3216 (1206)	0.8 (0.031)	$1.9 \pm 0.1$ ( $0.075 \pm 0.004$ )	$3.5 \pm 0.1$ ( $0.138 \pm 0.004$ )	$4.0 \pm 0.1$ ( $0.157 \pm 0.004$ )	1.4 (0.055)	0.3 (0.012)
MCF0806 (0302)	0.4 (0.016)	$0.75 \pm 0.05$ ( $0.030 \pm 0.002$ )	$0.95 \pm 0.05$ ( $0.037 \pm 0.002$ )	$2.0 \pm 0.05$ ( $0.079 \pm 0.002$ )	0.55 (0.022)	0.3 (0.012)
MCF1210 (0504)	0.55 (0.022)	$1.15 \pm 0.05$ ( $0.045 \pm 0.002$ )	$1.40 \pm 0.05$ ( $0.055 \pm 0.002$ )	$4.0 \pm 0.1$ ( $0.157 \pm 0.004$ )	0.65 (0.026)	0.3 (0.012)
MCF2010 (0804)	0.45 (0.018)	$1.1 \pm 0.1$ ( $0.043 \pm 0.004$ )	$2.3 \pm 0.1$ ( $0.091 \pm 0.004$ )	$4.0 \pm 0.1$ ( $0.157 \pm 0.004$ )	0.85 (0.033)	0.3 (0.012)
MCKK2012 (0805)	1.0 (0.039)	$1.55 \pm 0.2$ ( $0.061 \pm 0.008$ )	$2.3 \pm 0.2$ ( $0.091 \pm 0.008$ )	$4.0 \pm 0.1$ ( $0.157 \pm 0.004$ )	1.3 (0.051)	0.25 (0.010)

Unit : mm (inch)

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● Embossed Tape (4mm wide)

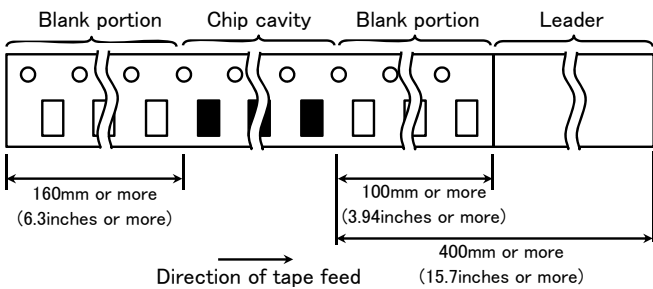


Unit : mm

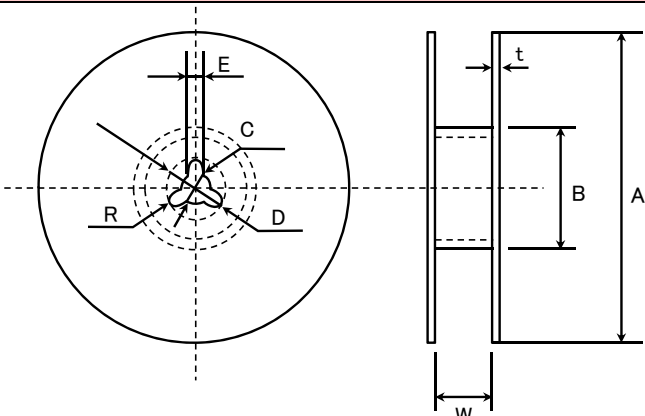
Type	Thickness mm (inch)	Chip cavity		Insertion Pitch	Tape Thickness	
		A	B	F	K	T
HKQ0402 (01005)	0.2 (0.008)	0.23	0.43	1.0±0.02	0.5max.	0.25max.

Unit : mm

④ LEADER AND BLANK PORTION



⑤ Reel Size



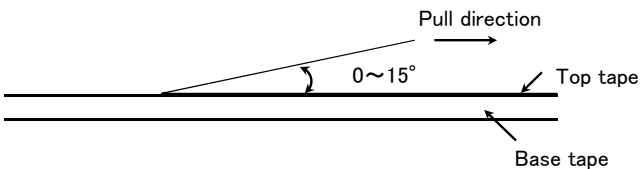
A	B	C	D	E	R
$\phi 178 \pm 2.0$	$\phi 50$ or more	$\phi 13.0 \pm 0.2$	$\phi 21.0 \pm 0.8$	$2.0 \pm 0.5$	1.0

	t	W
4mm width tape	1.5max.	$5 \pm 1.0$
8mm width tape	2.5max.	$10 \pm 1.5$

(Unit : mm)

⑥ Top tape strength

The top tape requires a peel-off force of 0.1~0.7N in the direction of the arrow as illustrated below.





## Multilayer chip inductors

Multilayer chip inductors for high frequency, Multilayer chip bead inductors

Multilayer common mode choke coils (MC series F type)

Metal Multilayer Chip Power Inductors (MCOIL™ MC series)

### RELIABILITY DATA

1. Operating Temperature Range			
Specified Value	BK0402	-55~+125°C	
	BK0603		
	BK1005		
	BKH0603		
	BKH1005		
	BK1608		
	BK2125		
	ARRAY		BK2010
			BK3216
	BKP0402		-55~+85°C
	BKP0603		
	BKP1005		
	BKP1608		
	BKP2125		
	MCF 0605	-40~+85°C	
	MCF 0806		
	MCF 1210		
	MCF 2010		
	CK1608	-40~+85°C	
	CK2125		
	CKS2125		
	CKP1608		
	CKP2012		
	CKP2016		
	CKP2520		
	NM2012		
	NM2520		
	LK1005		-55~+125°C
	LK1608		
	LK2125		
	HKQ0402	-40~+85°C	
	HK0603		
HK1005	-55~+125°C		
HK1608			
HK2125			
HKQ0603W/HKQ0603C/HKQ0603S/ HKQ0603U/	-55~+125°C		
AQ105	-40~+125°C (Including self-generated heat)		
MCFE1608			
MCKK2012			

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## 2. Storage Temperature Range

Specified Value	BK0402	-55~+125°C	
	BK0603		
	BK1005		
	BKH0603		
	BKH1005		
	BK1608		
	BK2125		
	ARRAY		BK2010
			BK3216
	BKP0402		
	BKP0603	-55~+85°C	
	BKP1005		
	BKP1608		
	BKP2125		
	MCF 0605		
	MCF 0806	-40~+85°C	
	MCF 1210		
	MCF 2010		
	CK1608		
	CK2125	-40~+85°C	
CKS2125			
CKP1608			
CKP2012			
CKP2016			
CKP2520			
NM2012			
NM2520			
LK1005			
LK1608			
LK2125	-55~+125°C		
HKQ0402			
HK0603			
HK1005	-40~+85°C		
HK1608			
HK2125			
HKQ0603W/HKQ0603C/HKQ0603S/ HKQ0603U/	-55~+125°C		
AQ105			
MCFE1608	-40~+85°C		
MCKK2012			

### 3. Rated Current

Specified Value	BK0402	150~750mA DC	
	BK0603	100~500mA DC	
	BK1005	120~1000mA DC	
	BKH0603	115~450mA DC	
	BKH1005	200~300mA DC	
	BK1608	150~1500mA DC	
	BK2125	200~1200mA DC	
	ARRAY	BK2010	100mA DC
		BK3216	100~200mA DC
	BKP0402	0.55~1.1A DC	
	BKP0603	0.8~1.8A DC	
	BKP1005	0.8~2.4A DC	
	BKP1608	1.0~3.0A DC	
	BKP2125	1.5~4.0A DC	
	MCF 0605	0.05A DC	
	MCF 0806	0.1~0.13A DC	
	MCF 1210	0.1~0.15A DC	
	MCF 2010	0.1A DC	
	CK1608	50~60mA DC	
	CK2125	60~500mA DC	
	CKS2125	110~280mA DC	
	CKP1608	0.35~0.9A DC	
	CKP2012	0.7~1.7A DC	
	CKP2016	0.9~1.6A DC	
	CKP2520	1.1~1.8A DC	
	NM2012	1.0~1.2A DC	
	NM2520	0.9~1.2A DC	
	LK1005	20~25mA DC	
	LK1608	1~150mA DC	
	LK2125	5~300mA DC	
	HK0603	60~470mA DC	
	HK1005	110~300mA DC (-55~+125°C) 200~900mA DC (-55~+85°C)	
	HK1608	150~300mA DC	
	HK2125	300mA DC	
	HKQ0402	100~500mA DC	
	HKQ0603W	100~850mA DC	
	HKQ0603C	160~850mA DC	
	HKQ0603S	130~600mA DC	
	HKQ0603U	190~900mA DC	
	AQ105	280~710mA DC	
	MCFE1608	Idc1 : 1400~2600mA DC, Idc2 : 800~1500mA DC	
	MCKK2012	Idc1 : 2000mA DC, Idc2 : 1400mA DC	

#### Definition of rated current:

- In the CK, CKS and BK Series, the rated current is the value of current at which the temperature of the element is increased within 20°C.
- In the BK Series P type, CK Series P type, NM Series, the rated current is the value of current at which the temperature of the element is increased within 40°C.
- In the LK, HK, HKQ0603, and AQ Series, the rated current is either the DC value at which the initial L value is decreased within 5% with the application of DC bias, or the value of current at which the temperature of the element is increased within 20°C.
- In the HKQ0402(~9N1), the rated current is either the DC value at which the initial L value is decreased within 5% with the application of DC bias, or the value of current at which the temperature of the element is increased within 20°C.
- In the HKQ0402(10N~), the rated current is either the DC value at which the initial L value is decreased within 5% with the application of DC bias, or the value of current at which the temperature of the element is increased within 25°C.
- In the MC Series, Idc1 is the DC value at which the initial L value is decreased within 30% and Idc2 is the DC value at which the temperature of element is increased within 40°C by the application of DC bias. (at 20°C)

4. Impedance

Specified Value	BK0402	10~330 Ω ±5 Ω(10 Ω), ±25%(Other)	
	BK0603	10~1200 Ω ±25%	
	BK1005	10~1800 Ω ±25%	
	BKH0603	25~1500 Ω ±25%	
	BKH1005	600~1800 Ω ±25%	
	BK1608	22~2500 Ω ±25%	
	BK2125	15~2500 Ω ±25%	
	ARRAY	BK2010	5~1000 Ω ±25%
		BK3216	60~1000 Ω ±25%
	BKP0402	10~33 Ω ±5 Ω(10 Ω), ±25%(Other)	
	BKP0603	10~120 Ω ±5 Ω(10 Ω), ±25%(Other)	
	BKP1005	10~330 Ω ±5 Ω(EM100), ±25%(Other)	
	BKP1608	33~470 Ω ±25%	
	BKP2125	33~330 Ω ±25%	
	MCF 0605	12~90 Ω ±5 Ω(12 Ω), ±20%(35 Ω), ±25%(Other)	
	MCF 0806	12~90 Ω ±5 Ω(12 Ω), ±20%(Other)	
	MCF 1210	40~90 Ω ±20%(2H900), ±25%(Other)	
	MCF 2010	90 Ω ±25%	
	CK1608		
	CK2125		
	CKS2125		
	CKP1608		
	CKP2012		
	CKP2016		
	CKP2520		
	NM2012		
	NM2520		
	LK1005		
	LK1608		
	LK2125		
	HKQ0402		
	HK0603		
	HK1005		
	HK1608		
	HK2125		
	HKQ0603W/HKQ0603C/HKQ0603S/ HKQ0603U		
	AQ105		
	MCFE1608		
	MCKK2012		
	Test Methods and Remarks	BK0402Series, BKP0402Series Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz Measuring equipment : E4991A (or its equivalent) Measuring jig : 16197A (or its equivalent)	
		BK0603Series, BKP0603Series Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz Measuring equipment : 4291A (or its equivalent) Measuring jig : 16193A (or its equivalent)	
		BK1005Series, BKP1005Series, BKH1005Series Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz Measuring equipment : 4291A (or its equivalent) Measuring jig : 16192A (or its equivalent), 16193A (or its equivalent)	
		BK1608・2125Series, BKP1608・2125Series Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz Measuring equipment : 4291A (or its equivalent), 4195A (or its equivalent) Measuring jig : 16092A (or its equivalent) or 16192A (or its equivalent) /HW	
		BK2010・3216Series, MCF Series Measuring frequency : 100±1MHz Measuring equipment : 4291A (or its equivalent), 4195A (or its equivalent) Measuring jig : 16192A (or its equivalent)	

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5. Inductance

Specified Value	BK0402		
	BK0603		
	BK1005		
	BKH0603		
	BKH1005		
	BK1608		
	BK2125		
	ARRAY	BK2010	
		BK3216	
	BKP0402		
	BKP0603		
	BKP1005		
	BKP1608		
	BKP2125		
	MCF 0605		
	MCF 0806		
	MCF 1210		
	MCF 2010		
	CK1608	4.7~10.0 $\mu$ H: $\pm$ 20%	
	CK2125	0.1~10.0 $\mu$ H: $\pm$ 20%	
	CKS2125	1.0~10.0 $\mu$ H: $\pm$ 20%	
	CKP1608	0.33~2.2 $\mu$ H: $\pm$ 20%	
	CKP2012	0.47~4.7 $\mu$ H: $\pm$ 20%	
	CKP2016	0.47~4.7 $\mu$ H: $\pm$ 20%	
	CKP2520	0.47~4.7 $\mu$ H: $\pm$ 20%	
	NM2012	0.82~1.0 $\mu$ H: $\pm$ 20%	
	NM2520	1.0~2.2 $\mu$ H: $\pm$ 20%	
	LK1005	0.12~2.2 $\mu$ H: $\pm$ 10 or 20%	
	LK1608	0.047~33.0 $\mu$ H: $\pm$ 20% 0.10~12.0 $\mu$ H: $\pm$ 10%	
	LK2125	0.047~33.0 $\mu$ H: $\pm$ 20% 0.10~12.0 $\mu$ H: $\pm$ 10%	
	HK0603	1.0~6.2nH: $\pm$ 0.3nH 6.8~100nH: $\pm$ 5%	
	HK1005	1.0~6.2nH: $\pm$ 0.3nH 6.8~270nH: $\pm$ 5%	
	HK1608	1.0~5.6nH: $\pm$ 0.3nH 6.8~470nH: $\pm$ 5%	
	HK2125	1.5~5.6nH: $\pm$ 0.3nH 6.8~470nH: $\pm$ 5%	
	HKQ0402	0.5~3.9nH: $\pm$ 0.1 or 0.2 or 0.3nH 4.3~5.6nH: $\pm$ 0.3nH or 3% or 5% 6.2~47nH: $\pm$ 3 or 5%	
	HKQ0603W	0.6~3.9nH: $\pm$ 0.1 or 0.2 or 0.3nH 4.3~6.2nH: $\pm$ 0.2 or 0.3nH or 3 or 5% 6.8~27nH: $\pm$ 3 or 5% 33~100nH: $\pm$ 5%	
	HKQ0603C	0.6~3.9nH: $\pm$ 0.1 or 0.2 or 0.3nH 4.3~6.2nH: $\pm$ 0.2 or 0.3nH 6.8~22nH: $\pm$ 3 or 5%	
	HKQ0603S	0.6~6.2nH: $\pm$ 0.2 or 0.3nH 6.8~22nH: $\pm$ 3 or 5%	
	HKQ0603U	0.6~4.2nH: $\pm$ 0.1 or 0.2 or 0.3nH 4.3~6.5nH: $\pm$ 0.2 or 0.3nH 6.8~22nH: $\pm$ 3 or 5%	
	AQ105	1.0~6.2nH: $\pm$ 0.3nH 6.8~15nH: $\pm$ 5%	
	MCFE1608	0.24~1.0 $\mu$ H: $\pm$ 20%	
	MCKK2012	1.0 $\mu$ H: $\pm$ 20%	
	Test Methods and Remarks	CK, LK, CKP, NM, MC Series	
		Measuring frequency	: 2~4MHz (CK1608) : 2~25MHz (CK2125) : 2~10MHz (CKS2125) : 10~25MHz (LK1005) : 1~50MHz (LK1608) : 0.4~50MHz (LK2125) : 1MHz (CKP1608·CKP2012·CKP2016·CKP2520·NM2012·NM2520·MCFE1608·MCKK2012) Measuring equipment /jig : ·4194A+16085B+16092A (or its equivalent) ·4195A+41951+16092A (or its equivalent) ·4294A+16192A (or its equivalent) ·4291A+16193A (or its equivalent)/LK1005 ·4285A+42841A+42842C+42851-61100 (or its equivalent)/CKP1608·CKP2012·CKP2016·CKP2520·NM2012·NM2520·MCFE1608·MCKK2012
	HK, HKQ, AQ Series	Measuring current	: ·1mA rms (0.047~4.7 $\mu$ H) ·0.1mA rms (5.6~33 $\mu$ H)
Measuring frequency		: 100MHz (HK0603·HK1005·AQ105)	
Measuring frequency		: 50/100MHz (HK1608·HK2125)	
Measuring frequency		: 500MHz (HKQ0603C·HKQ0603S·HKQ0603U)	
Measuring frequency		: 300/500MHz (HKQ0603W)	
Measuring frequency		: 100/500MHz (HKQ0402)	
Measuring equipment /jig		: ·4291A+16197A (or its equivalent)/HK0603·AQ105 ·4291A+16193A (or its equivalent)/HK1005 ·E4991A+16197A (or its equivalent)/HKQ0603S·HKQ0603U·HKQ0603W·HKQ0603C ·4291A+16092A + in-house made jig (or its equivalent)/HK1608·HK2125 ·E4991A+16196D (or its equivalent)/HKQ0402	

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Specified Value	BK0402	—	
	BK0603		
	BK1005		
	BKH0603		
	BKH1005		
	BK1608		
	BK2125		
	ARRAY		BK2010
			BK3216
	BKP0402		
	BKP0603		
	BKP1005		
	BKP1608		
	BKP2125		
	MCF 0605		
	MCF 0806		
	MCF 1210		
	MCF 2010		
	CK1608		—
	CK2125		
	CKS2125		
	CKP1608		
	CKP2012		
	CKP2016		
	CKP2520		
NM2012			
NM2520			
LK1005	10~20 min.		
LK1608	10~35 min.		
LK2125	15~50 min.		
HK0603	4~5 min.		
HK1005	8 min.		
HK1608	8~12 min.		
HK2125	10~18 min.		
HKQ0402	3~8 min.		
HKQ0603W	6~15 min.		
HKQ0603C	14~15 min.		
HKQ0603S	10~13 min.		
HKQ0603U	14 min.		
AQ105	8 min.		
MCFE1608	—		
MCKK2012	—		
Test Methods and Remarks	<p>LK Series</p> <p>Measuring frequency : 10~25MHz(LK1005)</p> <p>Measuring frequency : 1~50MHz(LK1608)</p> <p>Measuring frequency : 0.4~50MHz(LK2125)</p> <p>Measuring equipment /jig : •4194A+16085B+16092A(or its equivalent)</p> <p>•4195A+41951+16092A(or its equivalent)</p> <p>•4294A+16192A(or its equivalent)</p> <p>•4291A+16193A(or its equivalent)/LK1005</p> <p>Measuring current : •1mA rms(0.047~4.7 μH)</p> <p>•0.1mA rms(5.6~33 μH)</p>		
	<p>HK, HKQ, AQ Series</p> <p>Measuring frequency : 100MHz(HK0603·HK1005·AQ105)</p> <p>Measuring frequency : 50/100MHz(HK1608·HK2125)</p> <p>Measuring frequency : 500MHz(HKQ0603C·HKQ0603S·HKQ0603U)</p> <p>Measuring frequency : 300/500MHz(HKQ0603W)</p> <p>Measuring frequency : 100/500MHz(HKQ0402)</p> <p>Measuring equipment /jig : •4291A+16197A(or its equivalent)/HK0603·AQ105</p> <p>•4291A+16193A(or its equivalent)/HK1005</p> <p>•E4991A+16197A(or its equivalent)/HKQ0603S·HKQ0603U·HKQ0603W·HKQ0603C</p> <p>•4291A+16092A + in-house made jig(or its equivalent)/HK1608, HK2125</p> <p>•E4991A+16196D(or its equivalent)HKQ0402</p>		

7. DC Resistance			
Specified Value	BK0402	0.07~1.2 Ω max.	
	BK0603	0.065~1.50 Ω max.	
	BK1005	0.03~0.90 Ω max.	
	BKH0603	0.26~3.20 Ω max.	
	BKH1005	0.85~2.00 Ω max.	
	BK1608	0.05~1.10 Ω max.	
	BK2125	0.05~0.75 Ω max.	
	ARRAY	BK2010	0.10~0.90 Ω max.
		BK3216	0.15~0.80 Ω max.
	BKP0402	0.05~0.15 Ω max.	
	BKP0603	0.030~0.180 Ω max.	
	BKP1005	0.0273~0.220 Ω max.	
	BKP1608	0.025~0.18 Ω max.	
	BKP2125	0.020~0.075 Ω max.	
	MCF 0605	2.5~6.5 Ω max	
	MCF 0806	2.5~5.0 Ω max.	
	MCF 1210	2.5~4.5 Ω max.	
	MCF 2010	4.5 Ω max.	
	CK1608	0.45~0.85 Ω(±30%)	
	CK2125	0.16~0.65 Ω max.	
	CKS2125	0.12~0.52 Ω max.	
	CKP1608	0.15~0.35 Ω max.	
	CKP2012	0.08~0.28 Ω max.	
	CKP2016	0.075~0.20 Ω max	
	CKP2520	0.05~0.16 Ω max.	
	NM2012	0.10~0.15 Ω max.	
	NM2520	0.11~0.22 Ω max.	
	LK1005	0.41~1.16 Ω max.	
	LK1608	0.2~2.2 Ω max.	
	LK2125	0.1~1.1 Ω max.	
	HK0603	0.11~3.74 Ω max.	
	HK1005	0.08~4.8 Ω max.	
	HK1608	0.05~2.6 Ω max.	
	HK2125	0.10~1.5 Ω max.	
	HKQ0402	0.08~5.0 Ω max.	
	HKQ0603W	0.07~4.1 Ω max.	
	HKQ0603C	0.07~1.6 Ω max.	
	HKQ0603S	0.06~1.29 Ω max.	
	HKQ0603U	0.06~1.29 Ω max.	
	AQ105	0.07~0.45 Ω max.	
	MCFE1608	0.100~0.340 Ω max.	
MCKK2012	0.123 Ω max.		
Test Methods and Remarks	Measuring equipment: VOAC-7412, VOAC-7512, VOAC-7521 (made by Iwasaki Tsushinki), HIOKI3227 (or its equivalent)		

8. Self Resonance Frequency (SRF)						
Specified Value	BK0402	—				
	BK0603					
	BK1005					
	BKH0603		—			
	BKH1005					
	BK1608					
	BK2125					
	ARRAY			BK2010		
				BK3216		
	BKP0402			—		
	BKP0603					
	BKP1005					
	BKP1608					
	BKP2125					
	MCF 0605					
	MCF 0806					
	MCF 1210					
	MCF 2010					
	CK1608				17~25MHz min.	
	CK2125				24~235MHz min.	
	CKS2125				24~75MHz min.	
	CKP1608				—	
	CKP2012					
	CKP2016					
	CKP2520					
	NM2012					
	NM2520					
	LK1005					40~180MHz min.
	LK1608					9~260MHz min.
	LK2125					13~320MHz min.
	HK0603					900~10000MHz min.
	HK1005					400~10000MHz min.
	HK1608					300~10000MHz min.
HK2125	200~4000MHz min.					
HKQ0402	1200~10000MHz min.					
HKQ0603W	800~10000MHz min.					
HKQ0603C	2500~10000MHz min.					
HKQ0603S	1900~10000MHz min.					
HKQ0603U	1900~10000MHz min.					
AQ105	2300~10000MHz min.					
MCFE1608	—					
MCKK2012						
Test Methods and Remarks	LK, CK Series : Measuring equipment : 4195A (or its equivalent) Measuring jig : 41951 + 16092A (or its equivalent) HK, HKQ, AQ Series : Measuring equipment : 8719C (or its equivalent) • 8753D (or its equivalent) / HK2125					

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9. Temperature Characteristic

Specified Value	BK0402	-				
	BK0603					
	BK1005					
	BKH0603		-			
	BKH1005					
	BK1608					
	BK2125					
	ARRAY			BK2010		
				BK3216		
	BKP0402			-		
	BKP0603					
	BKP1005					
	BKP1608					
	BKP2125					
	MCF 0605					
	MCF 0806					
	MCF 1210					
	MCF 2010					
	CK1608				-	
	CK2125					
	CKS2125					
	CKP1608					
	CKP2012					
	CKP2016					
	CKP2520					
	NM2012					
	NM2520					
	LK1005					-
	LK1608					
	LK2125					
	HK0603					
	HK1005					
HK1608						
HK2125						
HKQ0402	Inductance change: Within $\pm 10\%$					
HKQ0603W						
HKQ0603C						
HKQ0603S						
HKQ0603U						
AQ105						
MCFE1608						
MCKK2012						
Test Methods and Remarks		HK, HKQ, AQ Series:				
		Temperature range : $-30 \sim +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ Reference temperature : $+20^{\circ}\text{C}$				
	MC Series:					
	Temperature range : $-40 \sim +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ Reference temperature : $+20^{\circ}\text{C}$					

10. Resistance to Flexure of Substrate

Specified Value	BK0402	No mechanical damage.	
	BK0603		
	BK1005		
	BKH0603		
	BKH1005		
	BK1608		
	BK2125		
	ARRAY		BK2010
			BK3216
	BKP0402		
	BKP0603		
	BKP1005		
	BKP1608		
	BKP2125		
	MCF 0605		
	MCF 0806		
	MCF 1210		
	MCF 2010		
	CK1608		
	CK2125		
	CKS2125		
	CKP1608		
	CKP2012		
	CKP2016		
	CKP2520		
	NM2012		
	NM2520		
	LK1005		
	LK1608		
	LK2125		
	HK0603		
	HK1005		
HK1608			
HK2125			
HKQ0402			
HKQ0603W			
HKQ0603C			
HKQ0603S			
HKQ0603U			
AQ105			
MCFE1608			
MCKK2012			
Test Methods and Remarks	<p>Warp : 2mm (BK Series without 0402size, BKP, BKH1005, CK, CKS, CKP, NM, LK, HK, HKQ0603S, HKQ0603U, AQ Series, MCF1210, MC Series)</p> <p>Testing board : 1mm (BK0402, BKP0402, BKH0603, HKQ0402, HKQ0603W, HKQ0603C Series, MCF Series without 1210 size,)</p> <p>Thickness : glass epoxy-resin substrate</p> <p>                  : 0.8mm</p>	<p>(Unit: mm)</p>	

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11. Solderability

Specified Value	BK0402	At least 75% of terminal electrode is covered by new solder.	
	BK0603		
	BK1005		
	BKH0603		
	BKH1005		
	BK1608		
	BK2125		
	ARRAY		BK2010
			BK3216
	BKP0402		
	BKP0603		
	BKP1005		
	BKP1608		
	BKP2125		
	MCF 0605		
	MCF 0806		
	MCF 1210		
	MCF 2010		
	CK1608		At least 75% of terminal electrode is covered by new solder.
	CK2125		
	CKS2125		
	CKP1608		
	CKP2012		
	CKP2016		
	CKP2520		
NM2012			
NM2520			
LK1005			
LK1608			
LK2125			
HK0603			
HK1005			
HK1608			
HK2125			
HKQ0402			
HKQ0603W			
HKQ0603C			
HKQ0603S			
HKQ0603U			
AQ105			
MCFE1608			
MCKK2012			
Test Methods and Remarks	Solder temperature : 230±5°C (JIS Z 3282 H60A or H63A)		
	Solder temperature : 245±3°C (Sn/3.0Ag/0.5Cu)		
	Duration : 4±1 sec.		

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 For details of each product (characteristics graph, reliability information, precautions for use, and so on), see our Web site (<http://www.ty-top.com/>).

12. Resistance to Soldering			
Specified Value	BK0402	Appearance: No significant abnormality Impedance change: Within $\pm 30\%$	
	BK0603		
	BK1005		
	BKH0603		
	BKH1005		
	BK1608		
	BK2125		
	ARRAY		BK2010
			BK3216
	BKP0402		
	BKP0603		
	BKP1005		
	BKP1608		
	BKP2125		
	MCF 0605		Appearance: No significant abnormality Impedance change: Within $\pm 20\%$
	MCF 0806		
	MCF 1210		
	MCF 2010		
	CK1608		
	CK2125	No mechanical damage. Remaining terminal electrode: 70% min	
	CKS2125		
	CKP1608	Inductance change R10~4R7: Within $\pm 10\%$ 6R8~100: Within $\pm 15\%$ CKS2125 : Within $\pm 20\%$ CKP1608、CKP2012、CKP2016、CKP2520、NM2012、NM2520: Within $\pm 30\%$	
	CKP2012		
	CKP2016		
	CKP2520		
NM2012			
NM2520			
LK1005	No mechanical damage. Remaining terminal electrode: 70% min. Inductance change: Within $\pm 15\%$		
LK1608			
LK2125	No mechanical damage. Remaining terminal electrode: 70% min. Inductance change 47N~4R7: Within $\pm 10\%$ 5R6~330: Within $\pm 15\%$		
HK0603			
HK1005	No mechanical damage. Remaining terminal electrode: 70% min. Inductance change: Within $\pm 5\%$		
HK1608			
HK2125			
HKQ0402			
HKQ0603W			
HKQ0603C			
HKQ0603S			
HKQ0603U			
AQ105			
MCFE1608			
MCKK2012	No mechanical damage. Remaining terminal electrode: 70% min. Inductance change: Within $\pm 10\%$		
Test Methods and Remarks	Solder temperature : $260 \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$ Duration : $10 \pm 0.5$ sec. Preheating temperature : $150$ to $180^\circ\text{C}$ Preheating time : 3 min. Flux : Immersion into methanol solution with colophony for 3 to 5 sec. Recovery : 2 to 3 hrs of recovery under the standard condition after the test. (See Note 1)		
(Note 1) When there are questions concerning measurement result; measurement shall be made after $48 \pm 2$ hrs of recovery under the standard condition.			

13. Thermal Shock

Specified Value	BK0402	Appearance: No significant abnormality Impedance change: Within $\pm 30\%$		
	BK0603			
	BK1005			
	BKH0603			
	BKH1005			
	BK1608			
	BK2125			
	ARRAY		BK2010	
			BK3216	
	BKP0402			
	BKP0603			
	BKP1005			
	BKP1608			
	BKP2125			
	MCF 0605		Appearance: No significant abnormality Impedance change: Within $\pm 20\%$	
	MCF 0806			
	MCF 1210			
	MCF 2010			
	CK1608	No mechanical damage.		
	CK2125	Inductance change: Within $\pm 20\%$ Q change: Within $\pm 30\%$		
	CKS2125	Inductance change: Within $\pm 20\%$ (CKS2125)		
	CKP1608	No mechanical damage. Inductance change: Within $\pm 30\%$		
	CKP2012			
	CKP2016			
	CKP2520			
	NM2012			
	NM2520	No mechanical damage. Inductance change: Within $\pm 10\%$ Q change: Within $\pm 30\%$		
	LK1005			
	LK1608			
	LK2125	No mechanical damage. Inductance change: Within $\pm 10\%$ Q change: Within $\pm 20\%$		
	HK0603			
	HK1005			
	HK1608			
	HK2125			
	HKQ0402			
	HKQ0603W			
	HKQ0603C			
	HKQ0603S			
	HKQ0603U			
	AQ105	Appearance: No significant abnormality Inductance change: Within $\pm 10\%$		
	MCFE1608			
	MCKK2012			
	Test Methods and Remarks	Conditions for 1 cycle		
		Step	temperature (°C)	time (min.)
		1	Minimum operating temperature +0/−3	30±3
2		Room temperature	2~3	
3		Maximum operating temperature +3/−0	30±3	
4		Room temperature	2~3	
Number of cycles :5				
Recovery: 2 to 3 hrs of recovery under the standard condition after the test. (See Note 1)				

(Note 1) When there are questions concerning measurement result; measurement shall be made after  $48 \pm 2$  hrs of recovery under the standard condition.

14. Damp Heat ( Steady state)			
Specified Value	BK0402	Appearance: No significant abnormality Impedance change: Within $\pm 30\%$	
	BK0603		
	BK1005		
	BKH0603		
	BKH1005		
	BK1608		
	BK2125		
	ARRAY		BK2010
			BK3216
	BKP0402		
	BKP0603		
	BKP1005		
	BKP1608		
	BKP2125		
	MCF 0605		Appearance: No significant abnormality Impedance change: Within $\pm 20\%$
	MCF 0806		
	MCF 1210		
	MCF 2010		
	CK1608	No mechanical damage.	
	CK2125	Inductance change: Within $\pm 20\%$ Q change: Within $\pm 30\%$	
	CKS2125	Inductance change: Within $\pm 20\%$	
	CKP1608	No mechanical damage. Inductance change: Within $\pm 30\%$	
	CKP2012		
	CKP2016		
	CKP2520		
	NM2012		
	NM2520		
	LK1005	No mechanical damage.	
	LK1608	Inductance change: Within $\pm 10\%$ Q change: Within $\pm 30\%$	
	LK2125	No mechanical damage. Inductance change: Within $\pm 20\%$ Q change: Within $\pm 30\%$	
	HK0603	No mechanical damage. Inductance change: Within $\pm 10\%$ Q change: Within $\pm 20\%$	
	HK1005		
HK1608			
HK2125			
HKQ0402			
HKQ0603W			
HKQ0603C			
HKQ0603S			
HKQ0603U			
AQ105			
MC1608	Appearance: No significant abnormality Inductance change: Within $\pm 10\%$		
MC2012			
Test Methods and Remarks	BK, BKP, BKH Series, MCF Series: Temperature : $40 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ Humidity : 90 to 95%RH Duration : 500+24/-0 hrs Recovery : 2 to 3 hrs of recovery under the standard condition after the removal from test chamber. (See Note 1)  LK, CK, CKS, CKP, NM, HK, HKQ, AQ, MC Series: Temperature : $40 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ ( LK, CK, CKS, CKP, NM Series) : $60 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ ( HK, HKQ, AQ, MC Series) Humidity : 90 to 95%RH Duration : 500±12 hrs Recovery : 2 to 3 hrs of recovery under the standard condition after the removal from test chamber. (See Note 1)		
(Note 1) When there are questions concerning measurement result; measurement shall be made after $48 \pm 2$ hrs of recovery under the standard condition.			

15. Loading under Damp Heat

Specified Value	BK0402	Appearance: No significant abnormality Impedance change: Within $\pm 30\%$	
	BK0603		
	BK1005		
	BKH0603		
	BKH1005		
	BK1608		
	BK2125		
	ARRAY		BK2010
			BK3216
	BKP0402		
	BKP0603		
	BKP1005		
	BKP1608		
	BKP2125		
	CK1608	No mechanical damage.	
	CK2125	Inductance change: Within $\pm 20\%$ Q change: Within $\pm 30\%$	
	CKS2125	No mechanical damage. Inductance change: Within $\pm 20\%$	
	CKP1608	No mechanical damage. Inductance change: Within $\pm 30\%$	
	CKP2012		
	CKP2016		
	CKP2520		
	NM2012		
	NM2520		
	LK1005	No mechanical damage. Inductance change: Within $\pm 10\%$ Q change: Within $\pm 30\%$	
	LK1608	No mechanical damage. Inductance change: 0.047~12.0 $\mu\text{H}$ : Within $\pm 10\%$ 15.0~33.0 $\mu\text{H}$ : Within $\pm 15\%$ Q change: Within $\pm 30\%$	
	LK2125	No mechanical damage. Inductance change: Within $\pm 20\%$ Q change: Within $\pm 30\%$	
	HK0603	No mechanical damage. Inductance change: Within $\pm 10\%$ Q change: Within $\pm 20\%$	
HK1005			
HK1608			
HK2125			
HKQ0402			
HKQ0603W			
HKQ0603C			
HKQ0603S			
HKQ0603U			
AQ105			
MCFE1608			
MCKK2012	Appearance: No significant abnormality Inductance change: Within $\pm 10\%$		
Test Methods and Remarks	BK, BKP, BKH Series: Temperature : $40 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ Humidity : 90 to 95%RH Applied current : Rated current Duration : $500 + 24 / - 0$ hrs Recovery : 2 to 3 hrs of recovery under the standard condition after the removal from test chamber. (See Note 1) LK, CK, CKS, CKP, NK, HK, HKQ, AQ, MC Series: Temperature : $40 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ ( LK, CK, CKS, CKP, NM Series) : $60 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ ( HK, HKQ, AQ, MC Series) Humidity : 90 to 95%RH Applied current : Rated current Duration : $500 \pm 12$ hrs Recovery : 2 to 3 hrs of recovery under the standard condition after the removal from test chamber. (See Note 1)		

Note on standard condition: "standard condition" referred to herein is defined as follows:

5 to 35°C of temperature, 45 to 85% relative humidity, and 86 to 106kPa of air pressure.

When there are questions concerning measurement results:

In order to provide correlation data, the test shall be conducted under condition of  $20 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$  of temperature, 60 to 70% relative humidity, and 86 to 106kPa of air pressure.

Unless otherwise specified, all the tests are conducted under the "standard condition."

(Note 1) Measurement shall be made after  $48 \pm 2$  hrs of recovery under the standard condition.

16. Loading at High Temperature

Specified Value	BK0402	Appearance: No significant abnormality Impedance change: Within $\pm 30\%$	
	BK0603		
	BK1005		
	BKH0603		
	BKH1005		
	BK1608		
	BK2125		
	ARRAY		BK2010
			BK3216
	BKP0402		
	BKP0603		
	BKP1005		
	BKP1608		
	BKP2125		
	MCF 0605		Appearance: No significant abnormality Impedance change: Within $\pm 20\%$
	MCF 0806		
	MCF 1210		
	MCF 2010		
	CK1608	No mechanical damage.	
	CK2125	Inductance change: Within $\pm 20\%$ Q change: Within $\pm 30\%$	
	CKS2125	No mechanical damage. Inductance change: Within $\pm 20\%$	
	CKP1608	No mechanical damage. Inductance change: Within $\pm 30\%$	
	CKP2012		
	CKP2016		
	CKP2520		
	NM2012		
	NM2520		
LK1005	No mechanical damage. Inductance change: Within $\pm 10\%$ Q change: Within $\pm 30\%$		
LK1608	No mechanical damage. Inductance change: 0.047~12.0 $\mu\text{H}$ : Within $\pm 10\%$ 15.0~33.0 $\mu\text{H}$ : Within $\pm 15\%$ Q change: Within $\pm 30\%$		
LK2125	No mechanical damage. Inductance change: Within $\pm 20\%$ Q change: Within $\pm 30\%$		
HK0603	No mechanical damage. Inductance change: Within $\pm 10\%$ Q change: Within $\pm 20\%$		
HK1005			
HK1608			
HK2125			
HKQ0402			
HKQ0603W			
HKQ0603C			
HKQ0603S			
HKQ0603U			
AQ105			
MCFE1608			
MCKK2012	Appearance: No significant abnormality Inductance change: Within $\pm 10\%$		
Test Methods and Remarks	BK, BKH, BKP Series, MCF Series: Temperature : 125 $\pm$ 3 $^{\circ}$ C (BK, BKH Series) : 85 $\pm$ 3 $^{\circ}$ C (BKP, MCF Series) Applied current : Rated current Duration : 500 $\pm$ 24/—0 hrs Recovery : 2 to 3 hrs of recovery under the standard condition after the removal from test chamber. (See Note 1)		
	LK, CK, CKS, CKP, NM, HK, HKQ, AQ, MC Series: Temperature : 85 $\pm$ 2 $^{\circ}$ C (LK, CK, CKS, CKP, NM, MC Series) : 85 $\pm$ 2 $^{\circ}$ C (HK1608, 2125) : 85 $\pm$ 2 $^{\circ}$ C (HK1005, AQ105 operating temperature range—55~+85 $^{\circ}$ C) : 125 $\pm$ 2 $^{\circ}$ C (HKQ0402, HK0603, HK1005, HKQ0603S, HKQ0603U, HKQ0603W, HKQ0603C, AQ105 operating temperature range—55~+125 $^{\circ}$ C) Applied current : Rated current Duration : 500 $\pm$ 12 hrs Recovery : 2 to 3 hrs of recovery under the standard condition after the test. (See Note 1)		

Note on standard condition: "standard condition" referred to herein is defined as follows:  
5 to 35 $^{\circ}$ C of temperature, 45 to 85% relative humidity, and 86 to 106kPa of air pressure.

When there are questions concerning measurement results:

In order to provide correlation data, the test shall be conducted under condition of 20 $\pm$ 2 $^{\circ}$ C of temperature, 60 to 70% relative humidity, and 86 to 106kPa of air pressure. Unless otherwise specified, all the tests are conducted under the "standard condition."

(Note 1) Measurement shall be made after 48 $\pm$ 2 hrs of recovery under the standard condition.



# Precautions on the use of Multilayer chip inductors

## Multilayer chip inductors for high frequency, Multilayer chip bead inductors

## Multilayer common mode choke coils (MC series F type)

## Metal Multilayer Chip Power Inductors (MCOIL™ MC series)

### PRECAUTIONS

#### 1. Circuit Design

- Precautions**
- ◆ Verification of operating environment, electrical rating and performance
    1. A malfunction in medical equipment, spacecraft, nuclear reactors, etc. may cause serious harm to human life or have severe social ramifications.
 

As such, any inductors to be used in such equipment may require higher safety and/or reliability considerations and should be clearly differentiated from components used in general purpose applications.
  - ◆ Operating Current (Verification of Rated current)
    1. The operating current for inductors must always be lower than their rated values.
    2. Do not apply current in excess of the rated value because the inductance may be reduced due to the magnetic saturation effect.

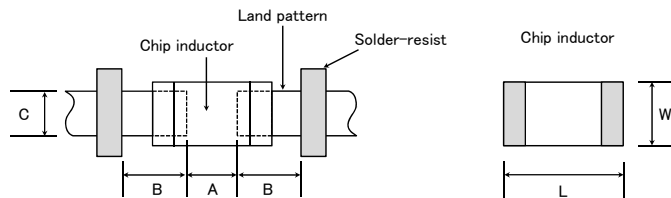
#### 2. PCB Design

- Precautions**
- ◆ Pattern configurations (Design of Land-patterns)
    1. When inductors are mounted on a PCB, the size of land patterns and the amount of solder used (size of fillet) can directly affect inductor performance.
 

Therefore, the following items must be carefully considered in the design of solder land patterns:

      - (1) The amount of solder applied can affect the ability of chips to withstand mechanical stresses which may lead to breaking or cracking. Therefore, when designing land-patterns it is necessary to consider the appropriate size and configuration of the solder pads which in turn determines the amount of solder necessary to form the fillets.
      - (2) When more than one part is jointly soldered onto the same land or pad, the pad must be designed so that each component's soldering point is separated by solder-resist.
      - (3) The larger size of land patterns and amount of solder, the smaller Q value after mounting on PCB. It makes higher the Q value to design land patterns smaller than terminal electrode of chips.
  - ◆ Pattern configurations (Inductor layout on panelized [breakaway] PC boards)
    1. After inductors have been mounted on the boards, chips can be subjected to mechanical stresses in subsequent manufacturing processes (PCB cutting, board inspection, mounting of additional parts, assembly into the chassis, wave soldering the reflow soldered boards etc.) For this reason, planning pattern configurations and the position of SMD inductors should be carefully performed to minimize stress.

- Technical considerations**
- ◆ Pattern configurations (Design of Land-patterns)
    1. The following diagrams and tables show some examples of recommended patterns to prevent excessive solder amounts (larger fillets which extend above the component end terminations). Examples of improper pattern designs are also shown.
      - (1) Recommended land dimensions for a typical chip inductor land patterns for PCBs



Recommended land dimensions for wave-soldering (Unit: mm)

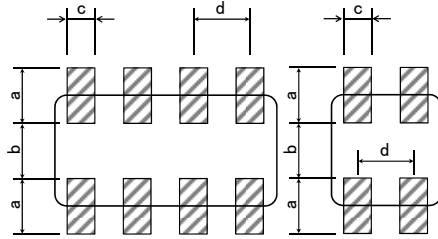
Type	1608	2012	2125	2016	2520	3216	
Size	L	1.6	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.5	3.2
	W	0.8	1.25	1.25	1.6	2.0	1.6
A	0.8~1.0	1.0~1.4	1.0~1.4	1.0~1.4	1.0~1.4	1.8~2.5	
B	0.5~0.8	0.8~1.5	0.8~1.5	0.8~1.5	0.6~1.0	0.8~1.7	
C	0.6~0.8	0.9~1.2	0.9~1.2	1.3~1.6	1.6~2.0	1.2~1.6	

Recommended land dimensions for reflow-soldering (Unit: mm)

Type	0402	0603	1005	105	1608	2012	2125	2016	2520	3216
Size	L	0.4	0.6	1.0	1.0	1.6	2.0	2.0	2.5	3.2
	W	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.8	1.25	1.25	1.6	2.0
A	0.15~0.25	0.20~0.30	0.45~0.55	0.50~0.55	0.8~1.0	0.8~1.2	0.8~1.2	0.8~1.2	1.0~1.4	1.8~2.5
B	0.10~0.20	0.20~0.30	0.40~0.50	0.30~0.40	0.6~0.8	0.8~1.2	0.8~1.2	0.8~1.2	0.6~1.0	0.6~1.5
C	0.15~0.30	0.25~0.40	0.45~0.55	0.60~0.70	0.6~0.8	0.9~1.6	0.9~1.6	1.2~2.0	1.8~2.2	1.2~2.0

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Excess solder can affect the ability of chips to withstand mechanical stresses. Therefore, please take proper precautions when designing land-patterns.



Recommended land dimension for Reflow-soldering

Type	3216	2010	1210	0806	0605	
Size	L	3.2	2.0	1.25	0.85	0.65
	W	1.6	1.0	1.0	0.65	0.50
a	0.7~0.9	0.5~0.6	0.45~0.55	0.25~0.35	0.27~0.33	
b	0.8~1.0	0.5~0.6	0.7~0.8	0.25~0.35	0.17~0.23	
c	0.4~0.5	0.2~0.3	0.25~0.35	0.25~0.35	0.20~0.26	
d	0.8	0.5	0.55	0.5	0.4	

(Unit: mm)

(2) Examples of good and bad solder application

Item	Not recommended	Recommended
Mixed mounting of SMD and leaded components	Lead wire of component	Solder-resist
Component placement close to the chassis	Chassis Solder (for grounding) Electrode pattern	Solder-resist
Hand-soldering of leaded components near mounted components	Lead wire of component Soldering iron	Solder-resist
Horizontal component placement		Solder-resist

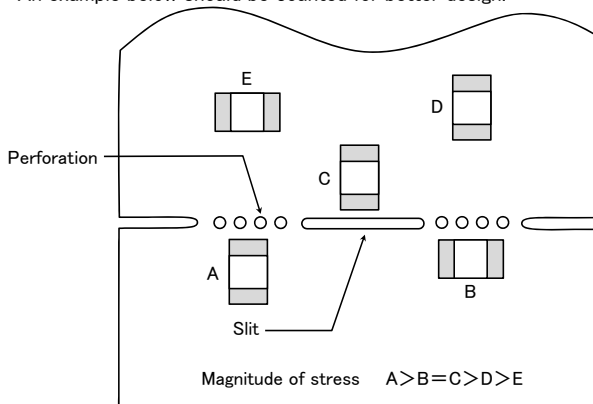
◆ Pattern configurations (Inductor layout on panelized [breakaway] PC boards)

1-1. The following are examples of good and bad inductor layout; SMD inductors should be located to minimize any possible mechanical stresses from board warp or deflection.

Item	Not recommended	Recommended
Deflection of the board	Deflection of the board	Position the component at a right angle to the direction of the mechanical stresses that are anticipated.

1-2. To layout the inductors for the breakaway PC board, it should be noted that the amount of mechanical stresses given will vary depending on inductor layout.

An example below should be counted for better design.



1-3. When breaking PC boards along their perforations, the amount of mechanical stress on the inductors can vary according to the method used. The following methods are listed in order from least stressful to most stressful: push-back, slit, V-grooving, and perforation. Thus, any ideal SMD inductor layout must also consider the PCB splitting procedure.

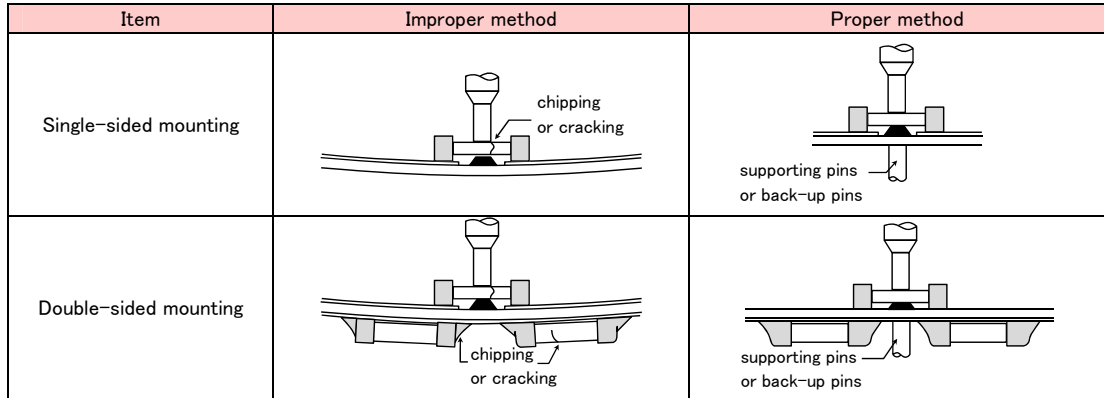
### 3. Considerations for automatic placement

#### Precautions

- ◆ Adjustment of mounting machine
  1. Excessive impact load should not be imposed on the inductors when mounting onto the PC boards.
  2. The maintenance and inspection of the mounter should be conducted periodically.
- ◆ Selection of Adhesives
  1. Mounting inductors with adhesives in preliminary assembly, before the soldering stage, may lead to degraded inductor characteristics unless the following factors are appropriately checked; the size of land patterns, type of adhesive, amount applied, hardening temperature and hardening period. Therefore, it is imperative to consult the manufacturer of the adhesives on proper usage and amounts of adhesive to use.

#### Technical considerations

- ◆ Adjustment of mounting machine
  1. If the lower limit of the pick-up nozzle is low, too much force may be imposed on the inductors, causing damage. To avoid this, the following points should be considered before lowering the pick-up nozzle:
    - (1) The lower limit of the pick-up nozzle should be adjusted to the surface level of the PC board after correcting for deflection of the board.
    - (2) The pick-up pressure should be adjusted between 1 and 3N static loads.
    - (3) To reduce the amount of deflection of the board caused by impact of the pick-up nozzle, supporting pins or back-up pins should be used under the PC board. The following diagrams show some typical examples of good pick-up nozzle placement:



2. As the alignment pin wears out, adjustment of the nozzle height can cause chipping or cracking of the inductors because of mechanical impact on the inductors. To avoid this, the monitoring of the width between the alignment pin in the stopped position, and maintenance, inspection and replacement of the pin should be conducted periodically.

#### ◆ Selection of Adhesives

1. Some adhesives may cause reduced insulation resistance. The difference between the shrinkage percentage of the adhesive and that of the inductors may result in stresses on the inductors and lead to cracking. Moreover, too little or too much adhesive applied to the board may adversely affect component placement, so the following precautions should be noted in the application of adhesives.

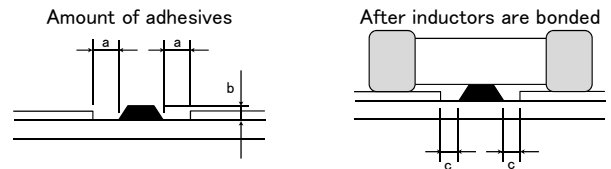
##### (1) Required adhesive characteristics

- a. The adhesive should be strong enough to hold parts on the board during the mounting & solder process.
- b. The adhesive should have sufficient strength at high temperatures.
- c. The adhesive should have good coating and thickness consistency.
- d. The adhesive should be used during its prescribed shelf life.
- e. The adhesive should harden rapidly.
- f. The adhesive must not be contaminated.
- g. The adhesive should have excellent insulation characteristics.
- h. The adhesive should not be toxic and have no emission of toxic gasses.

- (2) When using adhesives to mount inductors on a PCB, inappropriate amounts of adhesive on the board may adversely affect component placement. Too little adhesive may cause the inductors to fall off the board during the solder process. Too much adhesive may cause defective soldering due excessive flow of adhesive on to the land or solder pad.

[Recommended conditions]

Figure	0805 case sizes as examples
a	0.3mm min
b	100~120 μm
c	Area with no adhesive



### 4. Soldering

#### Precautions

#### ◆ Selection of Flux

1. Since flux may have a significant effect on the performance of inductors, it is necessary to verify the following conditions prior to use;
  - (1) Flux used should be with less than or equal to 0.1 wt% (Chlorine conversion method) of halogenated content. Flux having a strong acidity content should not be applied.
  - (2) When soldering inductors on the board, the amount of flux applied should be controlled at the optimum level.
  - (3) When using water-soluble flux, special care should be taken to properly clean the boards.

#### ◆ Soldering

1. Temperature, time, amount of solder, etc. are specified in accordance with the following recommended conditions, and please contact us about peak temperature when you use lead-free paste.

◆ Selection of Flux

- 1-1. When too much halogenated substance (Chlorine, etc.) content is used to activate the flux, or highly acidic flux is used, an excessive amount of residue after soldering may lead to corrosion of the terminal electrodes or degradation of insulation resistance on the surface of the Inductor.
- 1-2. Flux is used to increase solderability in flow soldering, but if too much is applied, a large amount of flux gas may be emitted and may detrimentally affect solderability. To minimize the amount of flux applied, it is recommended to use a flux-bubbling system.
- 1-3. Since the residue of water-soluble flux is easily dissolved by water content in the air, the residue on the surface of Inductor in high humidity conditions may cause a degradation of insulation resistance and therefore affect the reliability of the components. The cleaning methods and the capability of the machines used should also be considered carefully when selecting water-soluble flux.

◆ Soldering

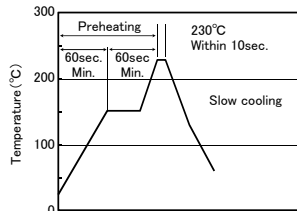
1-1. Preheating when soldering

Heating: Chip inductor components should be preheated to within 100 to 130°C of the soldering. Cooling: The temperature difference between the components and cleaning process should not be greater than 100°C.

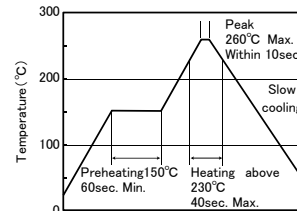
Chip inductors are susceptible to thermal shock when exposed to rapid or concentrated heating or rapid cooling. Therefore, the soldering process must be conducted with a great care so as to prevent malfunction of the components due to excessive thermal shock.

[Reflow soldering]

【Recommended conditions for eutectic soldering】



【Recommended condition for Pb-free soldering】

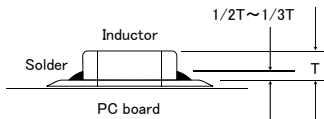


※Ceramic chip components should be preheated to within 100 to 130°C of the soldering.

※Assured to be reflow soldering for 2 times.

Caution

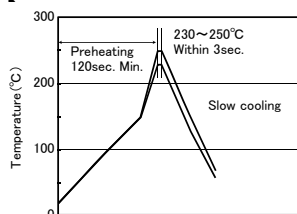
1. The ideal condition is to have solder mass (fillet) controlled to 1/2 to 1/3 of the thickness of the inductor, as shown below:



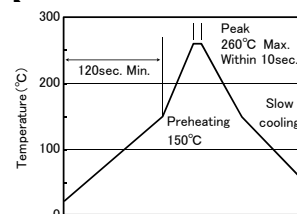
2. Because excessive dwell times can detrimentally affect solderability, soldering duration should be kept as close to recommended times as possible.

[Wave soldering]

【Recommended conditions for eutectic soldering】



【Recommended condition for Pb-free soldering】



※Ceramic chip components should be preheated to within 100 to 130°C of the soldering.

※Assured to be wave soldering for 1 time.

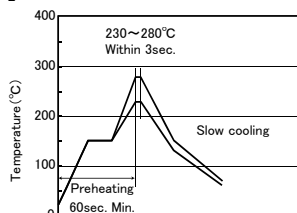
※Except for reflow soldering type.

Caution

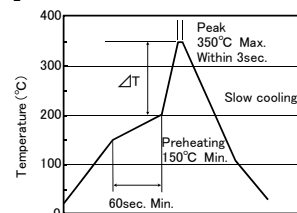
1. Make sure the inductors are preheated sufficiently.
2. The temperature difference between the inductor and melted solder should not be greater than 100 to 130°C.
3. Cooling after soldering should be as gradual as possible.
4. Wave soldering must not be applied to the inductors designated as for reflow soldering only.

[Hand soldering]

【Recommended conditions for eutectic soldering】



【Recommended condition for Pb-free soldering】



(※ΔT ≤ 190°C ( 3216 Type max), ΔT ≤ 130°C ( 3225 Type min))

※It is recommended to use 20W soldering iron and the tip is 1 φ or less.

※The soldering iron should not directly touch the components.

※Assured to be soldering iron for 1 time.

Note: The above profiles are the maximum allowable soldering condition, therefore these profiles are not always recommended.

Technical considerations

	<p>Caution</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Use a 20W soldering iron with a maximum tip diameter of 1.0 mm.</li> <li>2. The soldering iron should not directly touch the inductor.</li> </ol>
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## 5. Cleaning

Precautions	<p>◆Cleaning conditions</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. When cleaning the PC board after the Inductors are all mounted, select the appropriate cleaning solution according to the type of flux used and purpose of the cleaning (e.g. to remove soldering flux or other materials from the production process.)</li> <li>2. Cleaning conditions should be determined after verifying, through a test run, that the cleaning process does not affect the inductor's characteristics.</li> </ol>						
Technical considerations	<p>◆Cleaning conditions</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The use of inappropriate solutions can cause foreign substances such as flux residue to adhere to the inductor, resulting in a degradation of the inductor's electrical properties (especially insulation resistance).</li> <li>2. Inappropriate cleaning conditions (insufficient or excessive cleaning) may detrimentally affect the performance of the inductors.             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) Excessive cleaning                 <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. In the case of ultrasonic cleaning, too much power output can cause excessive vibration of the PC board which may lead to the cracking of the inductor or the soldered portion, or decrease the terminal electrodes' strength. Thus the following conditions should be carefully checked;                     <table style="margin-left: 20px; border: none;"> <tr> <td style="padding-right: 20px;">Ultrasonic output</td> <td>Below 20W/l</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Ultrasonic frequency</td> <td>Below 40kHz</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Ultrasonic washing period</td> <td>5 min. or less</td> </tr> </table> </li> </ol> </li> </ol> </li> </ol>	Ultrasonic output	Below 20W/l	Ultrasonic frequency	Below 40kHz	Ultrasonic washing period	5 min. or less
Ultrasonic output	Below 20W/l						
Ultrasonic frequency	Below 40kHz						
Ultrasonic washing period	5 min. or less						

## 6. Post cleaning processes

Precautions	<p>◆Application of resin coatings, moldings, etc. to the PCB and components.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. With some type of resins a decomposition gas or chemical reaction vapor may remain inside the resin during the hardening period or while left under normal storage conditions resulting in the deterioration of the inductor's performance.</li> <li>2. When a resin's hardening temperature is higher than the inductor's operating temperature, the stresses generated by the excess heat may lead to inductor damage or destruction.</li> <li>3. Stress caused by a resin's temperature generated expansion and contraction may damage inductors.</li> </ol> <p>The use of such resins, molding materials etc. is not recommended.</p>
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## 7. Handling

Precautions	<p>◆Breakaway PC boards (splitting along perforations)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. When splitting the PC board after mounting inductors and other components, care is required so as not to give any stresses of deflection or twisting to the board.</li> <li>2. Board separation should not be done manually, but by using the appropriate devices.</li> </ol> <p>◆General handling precautions</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Always wear static control bands to protect against ESD.</li> <li>2. Keep the inductors away from all magnets and magnetic objects.</li> <li>3. Use non-magnetic tweezers when handling inductors.</li> <li>4. Any devices used with the inductors ( soldering irons, measuring instruments) should be properly grounded.</li> <li>5. Keep bare hands and metal products (i.e., metal desk) away from chip electrodes or conductive areas that lead to chip electrodes.</li> <li>6. Keep inductors away from items that generate magnetic fields such as speakers or coils.</li> </ol> <p>◆Mechanical considerations</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Be careful not to subject the inductors to excessive mechanical shocks.             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) If inductors are dropped on the floor or a hard surface they should not be used.</li> <li>(2) When handling the mounted boards, be careful that the mounted components do not come in contact with or bump against other boards or components.</li> </ol> </li> </ol>
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## 8. Storage conditions

Precautions	<p>◆Storage</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. To maintain the solderability of terminal electrodes and to keep the packaging material in good condition, care must be taken to control temperature and humidity in the storage area. Humidity should especially be kept as low as possible.             <p style="margin-left: 20px;">Recommended conditions</p> <p style="margin-left: 40px;">Ambient temperature Below 30°C</p> <p style="margin-left: 40px;">Humidity Below 70% RH</p> <p>The ambient temperature must be kept below 40°C. Even under ideal storage conditions inductor electrode solderability decreases as time passes, so inductors should be used within 6 months from the time of delivery.</p> <p>*The packaging material should be kept where no chlorine or sulfur exists in the air.</p> </li> </ol>
Technical considerations	<p>◆Storage</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. If the parts are stocked in a high temperature and humidity environment, problems such as reduced solderability caused by oxidation of terminal electrodes and deterioration of taping/packaging materials may take place. For this reason, components should be used within 6 months from the time of delivery. If exceeding the above period, please check solderability before using the inductors.</li> </ol>

▶ This catalog contains the typical specification only due to the limitation of space. When you consider the purchase of our products, please check our specification. For details of each product (characteristics graph, reliability information, precautions for use, and so on), see our Web site (<http://www.ty-top.com/>).

# SMD COMMON MODE CHOKE COILS FOR DC AND SIGNAL LINES



REFLOW

■ PARTS NUMBER

\*Operating Temp. : -25~+105°C (Including self-generated heat)

B	U	0	5	M	C	△	0	1	△	T	△
①	②	③	④	⑤	⑥						

△=Blank space

① Series name

Code	Series name
BU	Common mode choke coil

④ Product classification code

Code	Product classification code
△01~△10	Product classification code

② Dimensions of core

Code	Dimensions of core [mm]
05	5.0

⑤ Packaging

Code	Packaging
△T	Taping

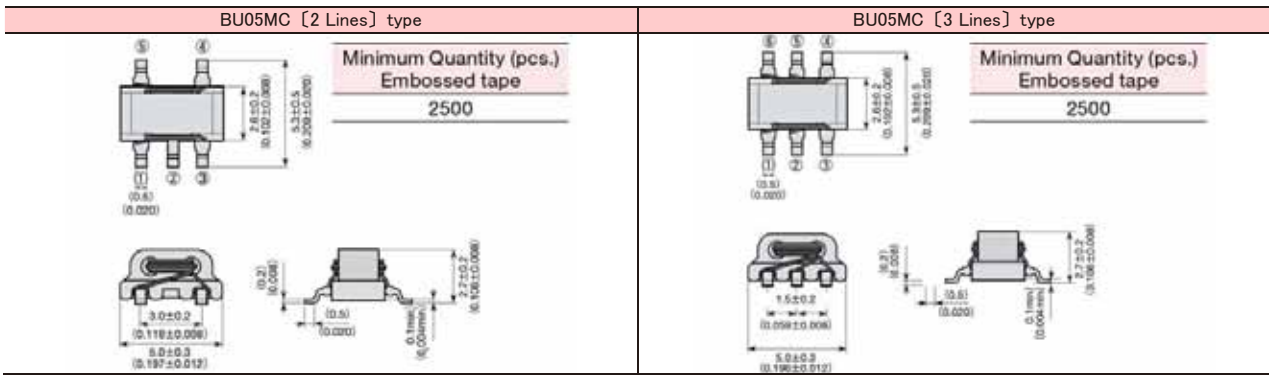
③ Shape

Code	Shape
MC	Surface mount type

⑥ Internal code

Code	Internal code
△	Standard

■ STANDARD EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS / MINIMUM QUANTITY



Unit: mm (inch)

The values without tolerance are for reference only.

■ PARTS NUMBER

● BU05MC type

Parts number	EHS	Number of lines	Impedance [Ω] (typ.)	Measuring frequency [MHz]	DC Resistance [Ω] (max.)	Rated current [A] (max.)	Rated voltage [V] (D.C.)	Insulation resistance [MΩ] (min.)
BU05MC 01 T	RoHS	2	1000	60	0.12	1.0	50	100
BU05MC 08 T	RoHS	3	700	60	0.11	0.5	50	100

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# SMD COMMON MODE CHOKE COILS FOR DC AND SIGNAL LINES, BALUN TRANSFORMERS

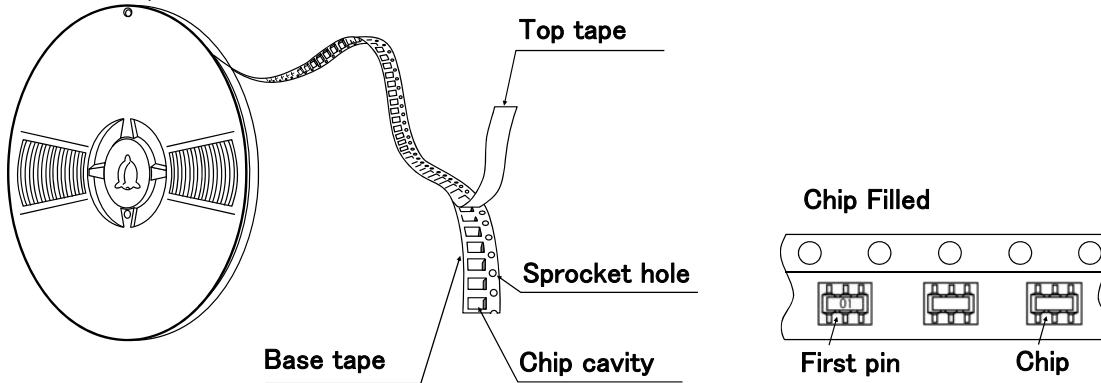
## PACKAGING

### ① Minimum Quantity

Type	Minimum Quantity [pcs]	
	Box	Taping
BU05MC	—	2500
BU05MB	200	—
BU06MB	150	—

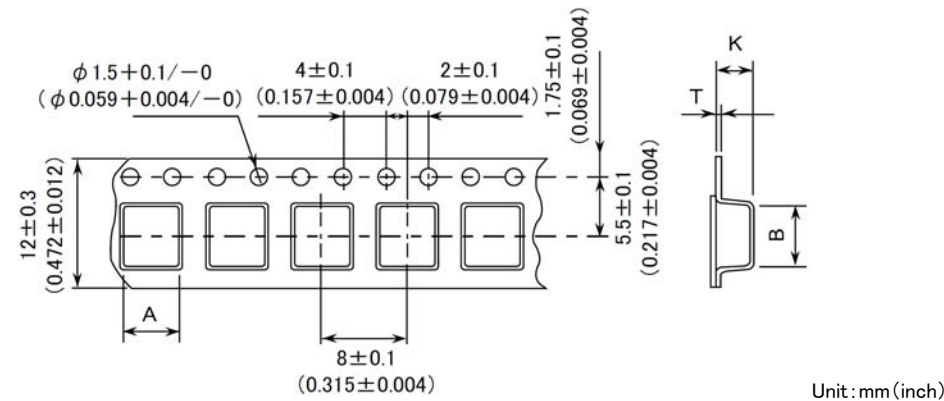
### ② Tape material

#### ● Embossed Tape



### ③ Taping dimensions

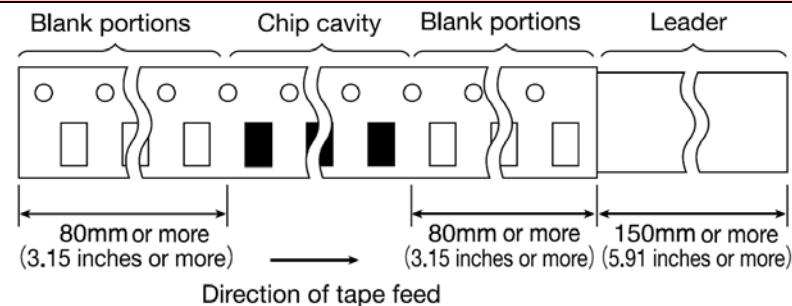
#### ● Embossed tape 12mm wide (0.472 inches wide)



Type	Insertion pitch	Chip cavity		Tape thickness	
		A	B	K	T
BU05MC	$8.0 \pm 0.1$ (0.315 ± 0.004)	$5.2 \pm 0.1$ (0.205 ± 0.004)	$5.6 \pm 0.1$ (0.220 ± 0.004)	$3.2 \pm 0.1$ (0.126 ± 0.004)	$0.4 \pm 0.05$ (0.016 ± 0.002)

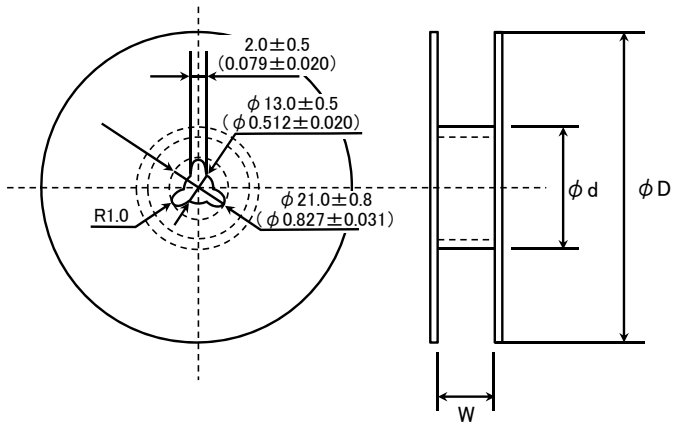
Unit: mm (inch)

### ④ Leader and Blank portion



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⑤ Reel size



Type	$\phi D$	$\phi d$	W
BU05MC	$330 \pm 2.0$ ( $12.99 \pm 0.079$ )	$80 \pm 1.0$ ( $3.15 \pm 0.039$ )	$13.5 \pm 1.0$ ( $0.53 \pm 0.039$ )

Unit : mm (inch)



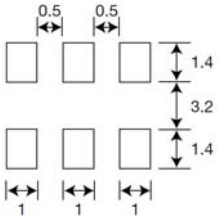
# SMD COMMON MODE CHOKE COILS FOR DC AND SIGNAL LINES, BALUN TRANSFORMERS

## PRECAUTIONS

### 1. Circuit Design

Precautions	<p>◆Operating environment</p> <p>1. The products described in this specification are intended for use in general electronic equipment, (office supply equipment, telecommunications systems, measuring equipment, and household equipment). They are not intended for use in mission-critical equipment or systems requiring special quality and high reliability (traffic systems, safety equipment, aerospace systems, nuclear control systems and medical equipment including life-support systems,) where product failure might result in loss of life, injury or damage. For such uses, contact TAIYO YUDEN Sales Department in advance.</p>
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### 2. PCB Design

Precautions	<p>◆Land pattern design</p> <p>1. Please contact any of our offices for a land pattern, and refer to a recommended land pattern of specifications.</p>
Technical considerations	<p>◆Land pattern design</p> <p>Surface Mounting</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Mounting and soldering conditions should be checked beforehand.</li> <li>• Applicable soldering process to these products is reflow soldering only.</li> <li>• Recommended Land Patterns</li> </ul> <p>【BU05MC】</p>  <p style="text-align: right;">Unit: mm</p>

### 3. Considerations for automatic placement

Precautions	<p>◆Adjustment of mounting machine</p> <p>1. Excessive impact load should not be imposed on the products when mounting onto the PC boards.</p> <p>2. Mounting and soldering conditions should be checked beforehand.</p>
Technical considerations	<p>◆Adjustment of mounting machine</p> <p>1. When installing products, care should be taken not to apply distortion stress as it may deform the products.</p>

### 4. Soldering

Precautions	<p>◆Reflow soldering</p> <p>1. Please contact any of our offices for a reflow soldering, and refer to the recommended condition specified.</p> <p>2. This product can be used reflow soldering only.</p> <p>3. Please do not add any stress to a product until it returns in normal temperature after reflow soldering.</p> <p>◆Lead free soldering</p> <p>1. When using products with lead free soldering, we request to use them after confirming adhesion, temperature of resistance to soldering heat, soldering etc sufficiently.</p> <p>◆Recommended conditions for using a soldering iron</p> <p>【BU05MC】</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Put the soldering iron on the land-pattern.</li> <li>• Soldering iron's temperature - Below 350°C</li> <li>• Duration - 3 seconds or less</li> <li>• The soldering iron should not directly touch the inductor.</li> </ul>
Technical considerations	<p>◆Reflow soldering</p> <p>1. If products are used beyond the range of the recommended conditions, heat stresses may deform the products, and consequently degrade the reliability of the products.</p> <p>◆Recommended conditions for using a soldering iron</p> <p>If products are used beyond the range of the recommended conditions, heat stresses may deform the products, and consequently degrade the reliability of the products.</p>

### 5. Cleaning

Precautions	<p>◆Cleaning conditions</p> <p>1. Please contact any of our offices for a cleaning.</p>
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6. Handling	
Precautions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆Handling               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Keep the product away from all magnets and magnetic objects.</li> </ol> </li> <li>◆Breakaway PC boards (splitting along perforations)               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. When splitting the PC board after mounting product, care should be taken not to give any stresses of deflection or twisting to the board.</li> <li>2. Board separation should not be done manually, but by using the appropriate devices.</li> </ol> </li> <li>◆Mechanical considerations               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Please do not give the product any excessive mechanical shocks.</li> <li>2. Please do not add any shock and power to a product in transportation.</li> </ol> </li> <li>◆Pick-up pressure               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Please do not push to add any pressure to a winding part. Please do not give any shock and push onto an exposed part of ferrite cores.</li> </ol> </li> <li>◆Packing               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Please avoid accumulation of a packing box as much as possible.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>
Technical considerations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆Handling               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. There is a case that a characteristic varies with magnetic influence.</li> </ol> </li> <li>◆Breakaway PC boards (splitting along perforations)               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The position of the product on PCBs shall be carefully considered to minimize the stress caused from splitting of the PCBs.</li> </ol> </li> <li>◆Mechanical considerations               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. There is a case to be damaged by a mechanical shock.</li> <li>2. There is a case to be broken by the handling in transportation.</li> </ol> </li> <li>◆Pick-up pressure               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. An excessive shock or stress may cause a damage to the product or a deterioration of a characteristic.</li> </ol> </li> <li>◆Packing               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. If packing boxes are accumulated, that could cause a deformation on packing tapes or a damage on the products.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>
7. Storage conditions	
Precautions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆Storage               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. To maintain the solderability of terminal electrodes and to keep the packing material in good condition, temperature and humidity in the storage area should be controlled.                   <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Recommended conditions                       <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Ambient temperature : 0~40°C, Humidity : Below 70% RH</li> </ul> </li> </ul> </li> </ol> <p>The ambient temperature must be kept below 30°C. Even under ideal storage conditions, the solderability of electrodes may decrease gradually. For this reason, the products should be used within one year from the time of delivery. In case of storage over 6 months, solderability shall be checked before actual usage.</p> </li> </ul>
Technical considerations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆Storage               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Under a high temperature and humidity environment, problems such as reduced solderability caused by oxidation of terminal electrodes and deterioration of taping/packaging materials may take place.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>

# LEADED COMMON MODE CHOKE COILS FOR DC AND SIGNAL LINES



WAVE

■ PARTS NUMBER

\* Operating Temp.: -25~+105°C (Including self-generated heat)

[TLF Type]

T	L	F	△	9	U	B	H	3	0	2	W	K	1
①	②	③		④	⑤	⑥							

△=Blank space

① Series name

Code	Series name
TLF	Common mode choke coil

② Dimensions of core

Code	Dimensions of core [mm]
△9	9

③ Shape

Code	Shape
UB△	U core, vertically split wound
UBH	U core, horizontally split wound

④ Nominal inductance

Code (example)	Nominal inductance [μH]
302	3000
203	20000

⑤ Inductance tolerance

Code	Inductance tolerance
W	+100/-10%

⑥ Internal code

Code	Internal code
K1	Adhesive fixation

[BU Type]

B	U	0	8	R	A	△	1	1	△
①	②	③	④	⑤					

△=Blank space

① Series name

Code	Series name
BU	Common mode choke coil

② Dimensions of core

Code	Dimensions of core [mm]
08	8.0

③ Shape

Code	Shape
RA	Double-wire lead

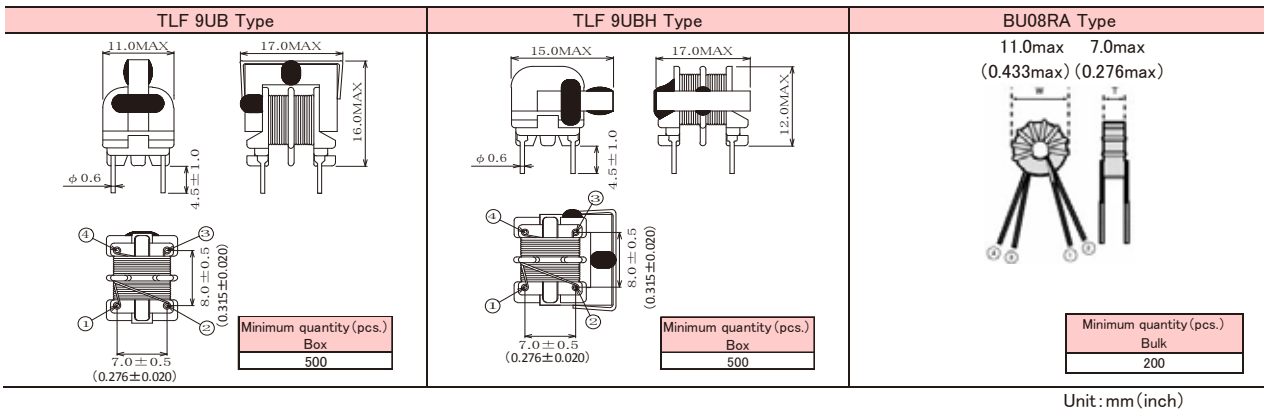
④ Product classification code

Code	Product classification code
△01~△20	Product classification code

⑤ Internal code

Code	Internal code
△	Standard

■ STANDARD EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS / MINIMUM QUANTITY



■ PARTS NUMBER

Parts number	EHS	Number of lines	Nominal inductance [mH]	Inductance tolerance	DC Resistance [Ω] (max.)	Rated current [A] (max.)	Rated voltage [V] (D.C.)	Insulation resistance [MΩ] (min.)
TLF 9UBH302W K1	RoHS	2	3.0	+100/-10%	1.5	0.40	50	100
TLF 9UB 302W K1	RoHS	2	3.0	+100/-10%	1.5	0.40	50	100
TLF 9UBH802W K1	RoHS	2	8.0	+100/-10%	3.0	0.30	50	100
TLF 9UB 802W K1	RoHS	2	8.0	+100/-10%	3.0	0.30	50	100
TLF 9UBH203W K1	RoHS	2	20.0	+100/-10%	6.5	0.18	50	100
TLF 9UB 203W K1	RoHS	2	20.0	+100/-10%	6.5	0.18	50	100

Parts number	EHS	Number of lines	Nominal inductance [μH]	Inductance Measuring frequency [kHz]	Impedance [Ω] (typ.)	Impedance Measuring frequency [MHz]	DC Resistance [Ω] (max.)	Rated current [A] (max.)	Rated voltage [V] (D.C.)	Insulation resistance [MΩ] (min.)
BU08RA 11	RoHS	2	0.7~1.3	1	1000	250	0.013	4.0	50	100
BU08RA 16	RoHS	2	1.19~2.21	1	1200	200	0.011	3.0	50	100

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# LEADED COMMON MODE CHOKE COILS FOR DC AND SIGNAL LINES

## LEADED COMMON MODE CHOKE COILS FOR AC LINES

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### PACKAGING

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#### ① Minimum Quantity

##### ● BU Type

Type	Minimum Quantity[pcs]	
	Box	Bulk
BU08RA□□	—	200

##### ● TLH/TLF Type

Type	Minimum Quantity[pcs]	
	Box	
TLH10UA□	1000	
TLH10UB		
TLF10UAH		
TLF9UA□	500	
TLF9UB□		
TLF14CB□		
TLF24HB□		

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# LEADED COMMON MODE CHOKE COILS FOR DC AND SIGNAL LINES, LEADED COMMON MODE CHOKE COILS FOR AC LINES

## RELIABILITY DATA

1. Operating Temperature Range									
Specified Value	BU—RA Type	-25 ~ + 105°C							
	TLH, TLF Type								
Test Method and Remarks	Including temperature rise due to self-generated heat.								
2. Storage temperature range									
Specified Value	BU—RA Type	-40 ~ + 85°C							
	TLH, TLF Type								
3. Rated current									
Specified Value	BU—RA Type	Within the specified range							
	TLH, TLF Type								
Test Method and Remarks	TLH10U, TLF10UA : The maximum value of AC current within the temperature rise of 60°C TLF9UA, 14CB, 24HB : The maximum value of AC current within the temperature rise of 45°C TLF9UB : The maximum value of DC current within the temperature rise of 45°C								
4. Inductance									
Specified Value	BU—RA Type	Within the specified tolerance							
	TLH, TLF Type								
Test Method and Remarks	BU—RA Measuring equipment : HP4262A TLF9U : Measuring equipment : LCR meter 4284A or its equivalent Measuring frequency : 1kHz Measuring voltage : 1Vrms TLH, TLF (except TLF9U) : Measuring equipment : LCR meter 4284A or its equivalent Measuring frequency : 1kHz Measuring voltage : 0.1Vrms								
5. DC resistance									
Specified Value	BU—RA Type	Within the specified tolerance							
	TLH, TLF Type								
Test Method and Remarks	Measuring equipment : DC ohmmeter								
6. Terminal strength tensile force									
Specified Value	BU—RA Type	No abnormality							
	TLH, TLF Type								
Test Method and Remarks	BU—RA: Apply the stated tensile force gradually in the direction to draw terminal 5N, 10±1sec. TLH10UA, TLH10UB, TLF9U : Apply the stated tensile force gradually in the direction to draw terminal.								
	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>force [N]</th> <th>duration [s]</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>5</td> <td>30±5</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> TLH10UAH, TLF (except TLF9U): Apply the stated tensile force gradually in the direction to draw terminal. <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>force [N]</th> <th>duration [s]</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>10</td> <td>30±5</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		force [N]	duration [s]	5	30±5	force [N]	duration [s]	10
force [N]	duration [s]								
5	30±5								
force [N]	duration [s]								
10	30±5								

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7. Insulation resistance between wires		
Specified Value	BU—RA Type	100M $\Omega$ min.
	TLH, TLF Type	
Test Method and Remarks	Applied voltage : 50VDC (BU—RA, : 500VDC (TLH, TLF (except TLF9UB)) : 250VDC (TLF9UB) Duration : 60sec.	
8. Insulation resistance between wire and core		
Specified Value	BU—RA Type	100M $\Omega$ min. (except TLH, TLF10UAH Type)
	TLH, TLF Type	
Test Method and Remarks	TLF : Applied voltage : 500VDC (TLF (except TLF9UB)) : 250VDC (TLF9UB) Duration : 60 sec.	
9. Withstanding : between wires		
Specified Value	BU—RA Type	No abnormality
	TLH, TLF Type	
Test Method and Remarks	Applied voltage : 250VDC (BU—RA) : 2000VAC (TLH, TLF (except TLF9UB)) : 500VDC (TLF9UB) Duration : 60sec	
10. Withstanding : between wires and core		
Specified Value	BU—RA Type	No abnormality (except TLH, TLF10UAH Type)
	TLH, TLF Type	
Test Method and Remarks	TLF : Applied voltage : 2000VAC (TLF (except TLF9UB)) : 500VDC (TLF9UB) Duration : 60sec.	
11. Rated voltage		
Specified Value	BU—RA Type	Within the specified range
	TLH, TLF Type	
Test Method and Remarks	TLH, TLF (except TLF9UB) : 250VAC BU—RA, TLF9UB : 50VDC	
12. Resistance to vibration		
Specified Value	BU—RA Type	Appearance : No abnormality Inductance change : Within $\pm 15\%$
	TLH, TLF Type	TLF9U : Inductance change : Within $\pm 5\%$ TLH, TLF (except TLF9U) : Appearance is no abnormality and within the specified range
Test Method and Remarks	BU—RA, TLH, TLF : According to JIS C 0040 Direction : 2hrs each in X, Y and Z direction Total : 6hrs Frequency range : 10 to 55 to 10Hz (1 min.) Amplitude : 1.5mm (shall not exceed acceleration 196m/s <sup>2</sup> ) Mounting method : soldering onto PC board Recovery : At least 1hr of recovery under the standard condition after the removal from test chamber, followed by the measurement within 2hrs.	

13. Solderability		
Specified Value	BU—RA Type	At least 75% of terminal electrode is covered by new solder.
	TLH, TLF Type	At least 90% of terminal electrode is covered by new solder.
Test Method and Remarks	TLH, TLF : Solder temperature : 235±0.5°C Duration : 2±0.5sec. Immersion depth : Up to 1.5 to 2.0mm from PBC mounted level.	
	TLH, TLF : Solder temperature : 245±5°C Duration : 4±1sec. Immersion depth : Up to 1.0 to 1.5mm from PBC mounted level.	
14. Resistance to soldering heat		
Specified Value	BU—RA Type	Appearance : No abnormality Inductance change : Within ±15%
	TLH, TLF Type	TLF9UA : Inductance change : Within ±5% TLF14CB : Appearance is no abnormality and within the specified range
Test Method and Remarks	TLH, TLF : Solder temperature : 260±5°C Duration : 5±0.5sec. Immersion depth : Up to 1.5 to 2.0mm from PBC mounted level. Recovery : At least 1hr of recovery under the standard condition after the removal from test chamber, followed by the measurement within 2hrs.	
	TLH, TLF : Solder temperature : 260±5°C Duration : 10±1sec. Immersion depth : Up to 1.0 to 1.5mm from PBC mounted level. Recovery : At least 1hr of recovery under the standard condition after the removal from test chamber, followed by the measurement within 2hrs.	
15. Thermal shock		
Specified Value	BU—RA Type	Appearance : No abnormality Inductance change : Within ±15%
	TLH, TLF Type	TLF9UA : Inductance change : Within ±15% TLH, TLF (except TLF9UA) : Withstanding voltage : No abnormality Insulation resistance : No abnormality
Test Method and Remarks	BU—RA, TLH, TLF : According to JIS C 0025 Conditions for 1 cycle -25°C~+85°C, keep each 30min  Number of cycles : 10 Recovery : At least 1hr of recovery under the standard condition after the removal from test chamber, followed by the measurement within 2 hrs.	
16. Damp heat		
Specified Value	BU—RA Type	
	TLH, TLF Type	TLF9UA : Inductance change : Within ±15% TLH, TLF (except TLF9UA) : Withstanding voltage : No abnormality Insulation resistance : No abnormality
Test Method and Remarks	TLH, TLF : Temperature : 60±2°C : 40±2°C (※except TLF9U) Humidity : 90~95%RH Duration : 500 hrs Recovery : At least 1hr of recovery under the standard removal from test chamber followed by the measurement within 2 hrs.	

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17. Loading under damp heat					
Specified Value	BU—RA Type	Appearance : No abnormality Inductance change : Within $\pm 15\%$			
	TLH, TLF Type	Withstanding voltage : No abnormality Insulation resistance : No abnormality			
Test Method and Remarks	BU—RA : Temperature : $40 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ Humidity : $90 \sim 95\% \text{RH}$ Applied current : 500 hrs Apply rated current across windings (※except TLF9U ) Recovery : At least 1hr of recovery under the standard removal from test chamber followed by the measurement within 2 hrs.				
	TLH, TLF : Temperature : $60 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ : $40 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ (※except TLF9U ) Humidity : $90 \sim 95\% \text{RH}$ Duration : 100 hrs : 500 hrs Apply rated current across windings (※except TLF9U ) Applied voltage : Apply the following specified voltage between windings. <table border="1" style="margin-left: 40px;"> <tr> <td>TLF9UA</td> <td>250VAC</td> </tr> <tr> <td>TLF9UB</td> <td>50VDC</td> </tr> </table> Recovery : At least 1hr of recovery under the standard removal from test chamber followed by the measurement within 2 hrs.		TLF9UA	250VAC	TLF9UB
TLF9UA	250VAC				
TLF9UB	50VDC				

18. Low temperature life test		
Specified Value	BU—RA Type	Appearance : No abnormality Inductance change : Within $\pm 15\%$
	TLH, TLF Type	TLF9U : Inductance change : Within $\pm 15\%$ TLH, TLF (except TLF9U) : Withstanding voltage : No abnormality Insulation resistance : No abnormality
Test Method and Remarks	BU—RA, TLH, TLF : Temperature : $-25 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ : $-40 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ (※ BU—RA·TLF·TLH ) Duration : 500 hrs Recovery : At least 1hr of recovery under the standard removal from test chamber followed by the measurement within 2 hrs.	

19. High Temperature life test		
Specified Value	BU—RA Type	Appearance : No abnormality Inductance change : Within $\pm 15\%$
	TLH, TLF Type	TLF9U : Inductance change : Within $\pm 15\%$ TLH, TLF (except TLF9U) : Withstanding voltage : No abnormality Insulation resistance : No abnormality
Test Method and Remarks	BU—RA, TLH, TLF : Temperature : $85 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ (※ BU—RA) : $105 \pm 3^\circ\text{C}$ (※ TLF·TLH) Duration : 500 hrs Recovery : At least 1hr of recovery under the standard removal from test chamber followed by the measurement within 2 hrs.	



# LEADED COMMON MODE CHOKE COILS FOR DC AND SIGNAL LINES, LEADED COMMON MODE CHOKE COILS FOR AC LINES

## ■ PRECAUTIONS

1. Circuit Design	
Precautions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆Operating environment               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The products described in this specification are intended for use in general electronic equipment, (office supply equipment, telecommunications systems, measuring equipment, and household equipment). They are not intended for use in mission-critical equipment or systems requiring special quality and high reliability (traffic systems, safety equipment, aerospace systems, nuclear control systems and medical equipment including life-support systems) where product failure might result in loss of life, injury or damage. For such uses, contact TAIYO YUDEN Sales Department in advance.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>
2. PCB Design	
Precautions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆Design               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Please design insertion pitches as matching to that of leads of the component on PCBs.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>
Technical considerations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆Design               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. When Inductors are mounted onto a PC board, hole dimensions on the board should match the lead pitch of the component, if not, it will cause breakage of the terminals or cracking of terminal roots covered with resin as excess stress travels through the terminal legs.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>
3. Soldering	
Precautions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆Wave soldering               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Please refer to the specifications in the catalog for a wave soldering.</li> <li>2. Do not immerse the entire inductor in the flux during the soldering operation.</li> </ol> </li> <li>◆Lead free soldering               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. When using products with lead free soldering, we request to use them after confirming of adhesion, temperature of resistance to soldering heat, etc. sufficiently.</li> </ol> </li> <li>◆Recommended conditions for using a soldering iron               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Put the soldering iron on the land-pattern.</li> <li>• Soldering iron's temperature – Below 350°C</li> <li>• Duration – 3 seconds or less</li> <li>• The soldering iron should not directly touch the product.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Technical considerations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆Lead free soldering               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. If products are used beyond the range of the recommended conditions, heat stresses may deform the products, and consequently degrade the reliability of the products.</li> </ol> </li> <li>◆Recommended conditions for using a soldering iron               <p>If products are used beyond the range of the recommended conditions, heat stresses may deform the products, and consequently degrade the reliability of the products.</p> </li> </ul>
4. Cleaning	
Precautions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆Cleaning conditions               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. TLF type                   <p>Please contact any of our offices for about a cleaning.</p> </li> </ol> </li> </ul>
5. Handling	
Precautions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆Handling               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Keep the product away from all magnets and magnetic objects.</li> </ol> </li> <li>◆Mechanical considerations               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Please do not give the product any excessive mechanical shocks.</li> <li>2. TLF type                   <p>Please do not add any shock or power to a product in transportation.</p> </li> </ol> </li> <li>◆Packing               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Please do not give the product any excessive mechanical shocks.                   <p>In loading, please pay attention to handling indication mentioned in a packing box (a loading direction / number of maximum loading / fragile item).</p> </li> </ol> </li> </ul>
Technical considerations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆Handling               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. There is a case that a characteristic varies with magnetic influence.</li> </ol> </li> <li>◆Mechanical considerations               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. There is a case to be damaged by a mechanical shock.</li> <li>2. TLF type                   <p>There is a case to be broken by a fall.</p> </li> </ol> </li> <li>◆Packing               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. There is a case that a lead route turns at by a fall or an excessive shock.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>

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## 6. Storage conditions

Precautions	<p>◆Storage</p> <p>1. To maintain the solderability of terminal electrodes and to keep the packing material in good condition, temperature and humidity in the storage area should be controlled.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Recommended conditions</li></ul> <p>Ambient temperature : 0~40°C Humidity : Below 70% RH</p> <p>The ambient temperature must be kept below 30°C. Even under ideal storage conditions, the solderability of electrodes decreases gradually, so the products should be mounted within one year from the time of delivery.</p> <p>In case of storage over 6 months, solderability shall be checked before actual usage.</p>
Technical considerations	<p>◆Storage</p> <p>1. Under a high temperature and humidity environment, problems such as reduced solderability caused by oxidation of terminal electrodes and deterioration of taping/packaging materials may take place.</p>

# LEADED COMMON MODE CHOKE COILS FOR AC LINES



WAVE

■ PARTS NUMBER

\*Operating Temp. : -25~+105°C (Including self-generated heat)

T	L	F	1	4	C	B	△	1	0	3	△	0	R	7	K	1
①	②	③	④	⑤	⑥	⑦										

△=Blank space

① Series name

Code	Series name
TLF	Common mode choke
TLH	Hybrid choke

④ Nominal Inductance

Code (example)	Nominal Inductance [μH]
102	1000
103	10000

② Dimensions of core

Code	Dimensions of core [mm]
△9	9
10	10
14	14
24	24

⑤ Inductance tolerance

Code	Inductance tolerance
△	Nominal Values or higher
W	+100/-10%

③ Shape

Code	Shape
UA△	U core, vertical type
UAH	U core, horizontal type
UB△	U core, vertically split wound
CB△	Square type core vertically split wound
CBH	Square type core horizontally split wound
HB△	Double-square type core vertically split wound
HBH	Double-square type core horizontally split wound

⑥ Rated current

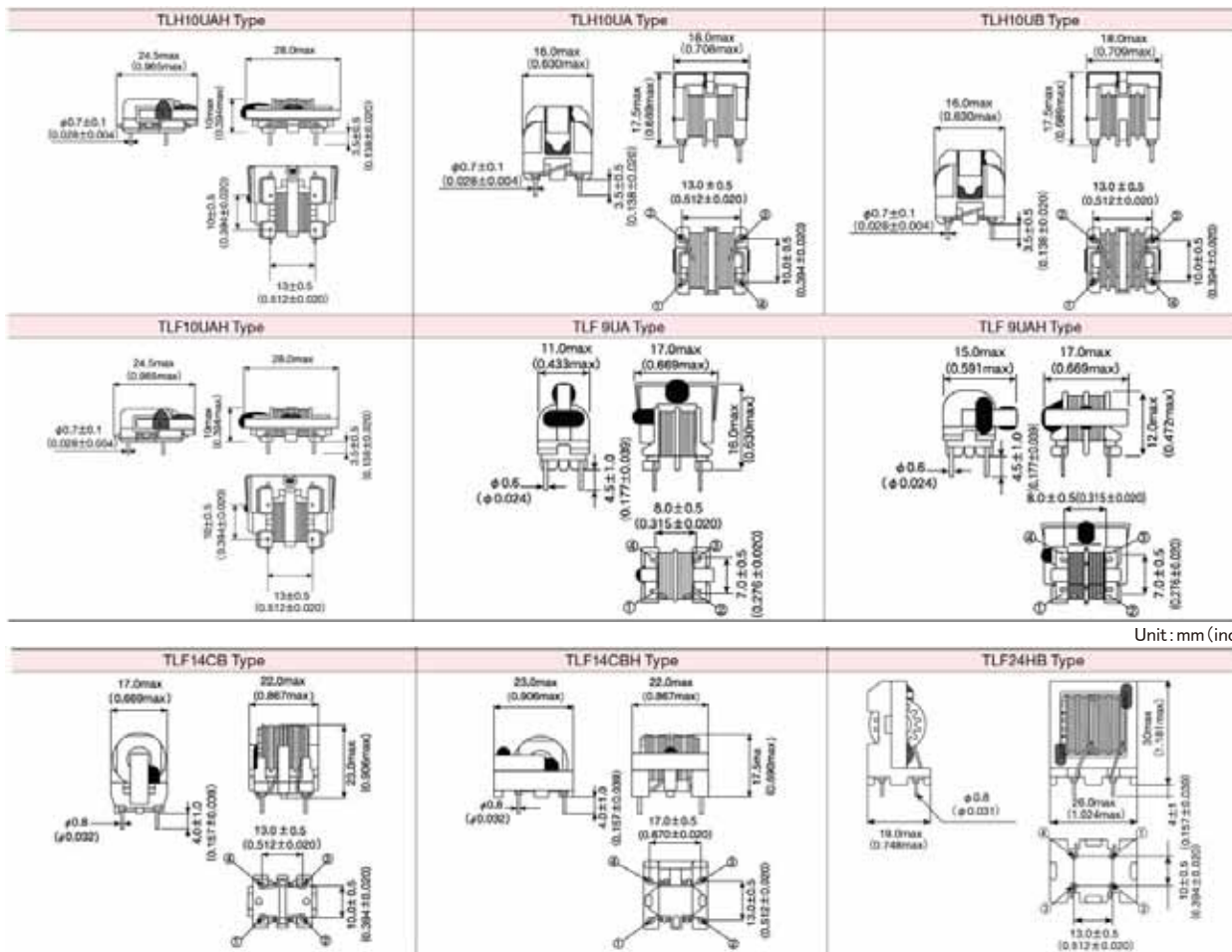
Code	Rated current [A]
R54	0.54
OR8	0.8

※R=Decimal point

⑦ Internal code

Code	Internal code
K1	Adhesive fixation

■ STANDARD EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS / MINIMUM QUANTITY

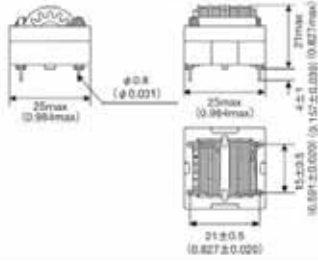


Unit: mm (inch)

Unit: mm (inch)

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TLF24 HBH Type



Unit: mm (inch)

Type	Minimum Quantity (pcs.) Box
TLH Type	500
TLF Type	

■ PARTS NUMBER

● TLH10UAH type (Hybrid choke)

Parts number	EHS	Common mode inductance [mH]	Inductance tolerance	Normal mode inductance [mH] (typ.)	DC Resistance [ $\Omega$ ] (max.)	Rated current [A] (max.)	Rated voltage AC [V] (max.)
TLH10UAH872 0R7	RoHS	8.7	min.	0.70	1.00	0.7	250
TLH10UAH992 0R6	RoHS	9.9	min.	0.85	1.35	0.6	250
TLH10UAH123 0R5	RoHS	12	min.	1.06	1.60	0.5	250

● TLH10UA type (Hybrid choke)

Parts number	EHS	Common mode inductance [mH]	Inductance tolerance	Normal mode inductance [mH] (typ.)	DC Resistance [ $\Omega$ ] (max.)	Rated current [A] (max.)	Rated voltage AC [V] (max.)
TLH10UA 901 2R0	RoHS	0.9	min.	0.067	0.089	2.0	250
TLH10UA 112 1R8	RoHS	1.1	min.	0.087	0.126	1.8	250
TLH10UA 152 1R6	RoHS	1.5	min.	0.126	0.171	1.6	250
TLH10UA 212 1R4	RoHS	2.1	min.	0.160	0.222	1.4	250
TLH10UA 282 1R2	RoHS	2.8	min.	0.215	0.272	1.2	250
TLH10UA 432 1R0	RoHS	4.3	min.	0.330	0.398	1.0	250
TLH10UA 622 0R8	RoHS	6.2	min.	0.430	0.578	0.8	250
TLH10UA 872 0R7	RoHS	8.7	min.	0.644	0.878	0.7	250
TLH10UA 992 0R6	RoHS	9.9	min.	0.836	1.138	0.6	250
TLH10UA 143 0R5	RoHS	14	min.	1.256	1.567	0.5	250

● TLH10UB type (Hybrid choke)

Parts number	EHS	Common mode inductance [mH]	Inductance tolerance	Normal mode inductance [mH] (typ.)	DC Resistance [ $\Omega$ ] (max.)	Rated current [A] (max.)	Rated voltage AC [V] (max.)
TLH10UB 701 2R0	RoHS	0.7	min.	0.056	0.097	2.0	250
TLH10UB 112 1R7	RoHS	1.1	min.	0.068	0.133	1.7	250
TLH10UB 142 1R4	RoHS	1.4	min.	0.113	0.214	1.4	250
TLH10UB 232 1R2	RoHS	2.3	min.	0.150	0.274	1.2	250
TLH10UB 352 1R0	RoHS	3.5	min.	0.232	0.422	1.0	250
TLH10UB 442 0R8	RoHS	4.4	min.	0.328	0.624	0.8	250
TLH10UB 872 0R7	RoHS	8.7	min.	0.580	0.982	0.7	250
TLH10UB 972 0R6	RoHS	9.7	min.	0.735	1.314	0.6	250
TLH10UB 113 0R5	RoHS	11	min.	0.877	1.577	0.5	250

● TLF10UAH type

Parts number	EHS	Common mode inductance [mH]	Inductance tolerance	DC Resistance [ $\Omega$ ] (max.)	Rated current [A] (max.)	Rated voltage AC [V] (max.)
TLF10UAH872 0R7	RoHS	8.7	min.	1.00	0.7	250
TLF10UAH992 0R6	RoHS	9.9	min.	1.35	0.6	250
TLF10UAH123 0R5	RoHS	12	min.	1.60	0.5	250

● TLF 9UA type

Parts number	EHS	Common mode inductance [mH]	Inductance tolerance	DC Resistance [ $\Omega$ ] (max.)	Rated current [A] (max.)	Rated voltage AC [V] (max.)
TLF 9UA 102WR8K1	RoHS	1.0	+100/-10%	0.5	0.80	250
TLF 9UA 202WR54K1	RoHS	2.0	+100/-10%	1.0	0.54	250
TLF 9UA 302WR42K1	RoHS	3.0	+100/-10%	1.5	0.42	250
TLF 9UA 502WR32K1	RoHS	5.0	+100/-10%	2.5	0.32	250
TLF 9UA 802WR25K1	RoHS	8.0	+100/-10%	4.0	0.25	250
TLF 9UA 103WR23K1	RoHS	10	+100/-10%	4.5	0.23	250

● TLF 9UAH type

Parts number	EHS	Common mode inductance [mH]	Inductance tolerance	DC Resistance [ $\Omega$ ] (max.)	Rated current [A] (max.)	Rated voltage AC [V] (max.)
TLF 9UAH102WR8K1	RoHS	1.0	+100/-10%	0.5	0.80	250
TLF 9UAH202WR54K1	RoHS	2.0	+100/-10%	1.0	0.54	250
TLF 9UAH302WR42K1	RoHS	3.0	+100/-10%	1.5	0.42	250
TLF 9UAH502WR32K1	RoHS	5.0	+100/-10%	2.5	0.32	250
TLF 9UAH802WR25K1	RoHS	8.0	+100/-10%	4.0	0.25	250
TLF 9UAH103WR23K1	RoHS	10	+100/-10%	4.5	0.23	250

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## ● TLF14CB type

Parts number	EHS	Common mode inductance [mH]	Inductance tolerance	DC Resistance [ $\Omega$ ] (max.)	Rated current [A] (max.)	Rated voltage AC [V] (max.)
TLF14CB 102 1R5K1	RoHS	1.0	min.	0.10	1.5	250
TLF14CB 222 1R2K1	RoHS	2.2	min.	0.18	1.2	250
TLF14CB 332 1R0K1	RoHS	3.3	min.	0.32	1.0	250
TLF14CB 472 1R0K1	RoHS	4.7	min.	0.38	1.0	250
TLF14CB 562 0R8K1	RoHS	5.6	min.	0.42	0.8	250
TLF14CB 682 0R8K1	RoHS	6.8	min.	0.60	0.8	250
TLF14CB 103 0R7K1	RoHS	10	min.	0.85	0.7	250
TLF14CB 223 0R4K1	RoHS	22	min.	1.7	0.4	250
TLF14CB 333 0R3K1	RoHS	33	min.	2.7	0.3	250
TLF14CB 473 0R2K1	RoHS	47	min.	3.6	0.2	250
TLF14CB 563 0R2K1	RoHS	56	min.	5.0	0.2	250
TLF14CB 683 0R2K1	RoHS	68	min.	6.5	0.2	250

## ● TLF14CBH type

Parts number	EHS	Common mode inductance [mH]	Inductance tolerance	DC Resistance [ $\Omega$ ] (max.)	Rated current [A] (max.)	Rated voltage AC [V] (max.)
TLF14CBH102 1R5K1	RoHS	1.0	min.	0.10	1.5	250
TLF14CBH222 1R2K1	RoHS	2.2	min.	0.18	1.2	250
TLF14CBH332 1R0K1	RoHS	3.3	min.	0.32	1.0	250
TLF14CBH472 1R0K1	RoHS	4.7	min.	0.38	1.0	250
TLF14CBH562 0R8K1	RoHS	5.6	min.	0.42	0.8	250
TLF14CBH682 0R8K1	RoHS	6.8	min.	0.60	0.8	250
TLF14CBH103 0R7K1	RoHS	10	min.	0.85	0.7	250
TLF14CBH223 0R4K1	RoHS	22	min.	1.7	0.4	250
TLF14CBH333 0R3K1	RoHS	33	min.	2.7	0.3	250
TLF14CBH473 0R2K1	RoHS	47	min.	3.6	0.2	250
TLF14CBH563 0R2K1	RoHS	56	min.	5.0	0.2	250
TLF14CBH683 0R2K1	RoHS	68	min.	6.5	0.2	250

## ● TLF24HB type

Parts number	EHS	Common mode inductance [mH]	Inductance tolerance	DC Resistance [ $\Omega$ ] (max.)	Rated current [A] (max.)	Rated voltage AC [V] (max.)
TLF24HB 122 3R0K1	RoHS	1.2	min.	0.045	3.0	250
TLF24HB 222 2R2K1	RoHS	2.2	min.	0.080	2.2	250
TLF24HB 272 2R0K1	RoHS	2.7	min.	0.090	2.0	250
TLF24HB 332 1R8K1	RoHS	3.3	min.	0.120	1.8	250
TLF24HB 392 1R5K1	RoHS	3.9	min.	0.130	1.5	250
TLF24HB 562 1R4K1	RoHS	5.6	min.	0.187	1.4	250
TLF24HB 682 1R2K1	RoHS	6.8	min.	0.254	1.2	250
TLF24HB 822 1R0K1	RoHS	8.2	min.	0.275	1.0	250
TLF24HB 103 1R0K1	RoHS	10	min.	0.345	1.0	250
TLF24HB 123 0R9K1	RoHS	12	min.	0.350	0.9	250
TLF24HB 183 0R8K1	RoHS	18	min.	0.550	0.8	250
TLF24HB 273 0R6K1	RoHS	27	min.	0.880	0.6	250
TLF24HB 333 0R5K1	RoHS	33	min.	1.150	0.5	250

## ● TLF24HBH type

Parts number	EHS	Common mode inductance [mH]	Inductance tolerance	DC Resistance [ $\Omega$ ] (max.)	Rated current [A] (max.)	Rated voltage AC [V] (max.)
TLF24HBH122 3R0K1	RoHS	1.2	min.	0.045	3.0	250
TLF24HBH222 2R2K1	RoHS	2.2	min.	0.080	2.2	250
TLF24HBH272 2R0K1	RoHS	2.7	min.	0.090	2.0	250
TLF24HBH332 1R8K1	RoHS	3.3	min.	0.120	1.8	250
TLF24HBH392 1R5K1	RoHS	3.9	min.	0.130	1.5	250
TLF24HBH562 1R4K1	RoHS	5.6	min.	0.187	1.4	250
TLF24HBH682 1R2K1	RoHS	6.8	min.	0.254	1.2	250
TLF24HBH822 1R0K1	RoHS	8.2	min.	0.275	1.0	250
TLF24HBH103 1R0K1	RoHS	10	min.	0.345	1.0	250
TLF24HBH123 0R9K1	RoHS	12	min.	0.350	0.9	250
TLF24HBH183 0R8K1	RoHS	18	min.	0.550	0.8	250
TLF24HBH273 0R6K1	RoHS	27	min.	0.880	0.6	250
TLF24HBH333 0R5K1	RoHS	33	min.	1.150	0.5	250

# LEADED COMMON MODE CHOKE COILS FOR DC AND SIGNAL LINES

## LEADED COMMON MODE CHOKE COILS FOR AC LINES

### PACKAGING

#### ① Minimum Quantity

##### ● BU Type

Type	Minimum Quantity [pcs]	
	Box	Bulk
BU08RA□□	—	200

##### ● TLH/TLF Type

Type	Minimum Quantity [pcs]	
	Box	
TLH10UA□	1000	
TLH10UB		
TLF10UAH		
TLF9UA□	500	
TLF9UB□		
TLF14CB□		
TLF24HB□		

# LEADED COMMON MODE CHOKE COILS FOR DC AND SIGNAL LINES, LEADED COMMON MODE CHOKE COILS FOR AC LINES

## RELIABILITY DATA

1. Operating Temperature Range		
Specified Value	BU—RA Type	-25 ~ + 105°C
	TLH, TLF Type	
Test Method and Remarks	Including temperature rise due to self-generated heat.	
2. Storage temperature range		
Specified Value	BU—RA Type	-40 ~ + 85°C
	TLH, TLF Type	
3. Rated current		
Specified Value	BU—RA Type	Within the specified range
	TLH, TLF Type	
Test Method and Remarks	TLH10U, TLF10UA : The maximum value of AC current within the temperature rise of 60°C TLF9UA, 14CB, 24HB : The maximum value of AC current within the temperature rise of 45°C TLF9UB : The maximum value of DC current within the temperature rise of 45°C	
4. Inductance		
Specified Value	BU—RA Type	Within the specified tolerance
	TLH, TLF Type	
Test Method and Remarks	BU—RA Measuring equipment : HP4262A TLF9U : Measuring equipment : LCR meter 4284A or its equivalent Measuring frequency : 1kHz Measuring voltage : 1Vrms TLH, TLF (except TLF9U) : Measuring equipment : LCR meter 4284A or its equivalent Measuring frequency : 1kHz Measuring voltage : 0.1Vrms	
5. DC resistance		
Specified Value	BU—RA Type	Within the specified tolerance
	TLH, TLF Type	
Test Method and Remarks	Measuring equipment : DC ohmmeter	
6. Terminal strength tensile force		
Specified Value	BU—RA Type	No abnormality
	TLH, TLF Type	
Test Method and Remarks	BU—RA: Apply the stated tensile force gradually in the direction to draw terminal 5N, 10±1sec.	
	TLH10UA, TLH10UB, TLF9U : Apply the stated tensile force gradually in the direction to draw terminal.	
	force [N]	duration [s]
	5	30±5
Test Method and Remarks	TLH10UAH, TLF (except TLF9U): Apply the stated tensile force gradually in the direction to draw terminal.	
	force [N]	duration [s]
	10	30±5

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7. Insulation resistance between wires		
Specified Value	BU—RA Type	100M $\Omega$ min.
	TLH, TLF Type	
Test Method and Remarks	Applied voltage : 50VDC (BU—RA, : 500VDC (TLH, TLF (except TLF9UB)) : 250VDC (TLF9UB) Duration : 60sec.	
8. Insulation resistance between wire and core		
Specified Value	BU—RA Type	100M $\Omega$ min. (except TLH, TLF10UAH Type)
	TLH, TLF Type	
Test Method and Remarks	TLF : Applied voltage : 500VDC (TLF (except TLF9UB)) : 250VDC (TLF9UB) Duration : 60 sec.	
9. Withstanding : between wires		
Specified Value	BU—RA Type	No abnormality
	TLH, TLF Type	
Test Method and Remarks	Applied voltage : 250VDC (BU—RA) : 2000VAC (TLH, TLF (except TLF9UB)) : 500VDC (TLF9UB) Duration : 60sec	
10. Withstanding : between wires and core		
Specified Value	BU—RA Type	No abnormality (except TLH, TLF10UAH Type)
	TLH, TLF Type	
Test Method and Remarks	TLF : Applied voltage : 2000VAC (TLF (except TLF9UB)) : 500VDC (TLF9UB) Duration : 60sec.	
11. Rated voltage		
Specified Value	BU—RA Type	Within the specified range
	TLH, TLF Type	
Test Method and Remarks	TLH, TLF (except TLF9UB) : 250VAC BU—RA, TLF9UB : 50VDC	
12. Resistance to vibration		
Specified Value	BU—RA Type	Appearance : No abnormality Inductance change : Within $\pm 15\%$
	TLH, TLF Type	TLF9U : Inductance change : Within $\pm 5\%$ TLH, TLF (except TLF9U) : Appearance is no abnormality and within the specified range
Test Method and Remarks	BU—RA, TLH, TLF : According to JIS C 0040 Direction : 2hrs each in X, Y and Z direction Total : 6hrs Frequency range : 10 to 55 to 10Hz (1 min.) Amplitude : 1.5mm (shall not exceed acceleration 196m/s <sup>2</sup> ) Mounting method : soldering onto PC board Recovery : At least 1hr of recovery under the standard condition after the removal from test chamber, followed by the measurement within 2hrs.	



13. Solderability		
Specified Value	BU—RA Type	At least 75% of terminal electrode is covered by new solder.
	TLH, TLF Type	At least 90% of terminal electrode is covered by new solder.
Test Method and Remarks	TLH, TLF : Solder temperature : 235±0.5°C Duration : 2±0.5sec. Immersion depth : Up to 1.5 to 2.0mm from PBC mounted level.	
	TLH, TLF : Solder temperature : 245±5°C Duration : 4±1sec. Immersion depth : Up to 1.0 to 1.5mm from PBC mounted level.	
14. Resistance to soldering heat		
Specified Value	BU—RA Type	Appearance : No abnormality Inductance change : Within ±15%
	TLH, TLF Type	TLF9UA : Inductance change : Within ±5% TLF14CB : Appearance is no abnormality and within the specified range
Test Method and Remarks	TLH, TLF : Solder temperature : 260±5°C Duration : 5±0.5sec. Immersion depth : Up to 1.5 to 2.0mm from PBC mounted level. Recovery : At least 1hr of recovery under the standard condition after the removal from test chamber, followed by the measurement within 2hrs.	
	TLH, TLF : Solder temperature : 260±5°C Duration : 10±1sec. Immersion depth : Up to 1.0 to 1.5mm from PBC mounted level. Recovery : At least 1hr of recovery under the standard condition after the removal from test chamber, followed by the measurement within 2hrs.	
15. Thermal shock		
Specified Value	BU—RA Type	Appearance : No abnormality Inductance change : Within ±15%
	TLH, TLF Type	TLF9UA : Inductance change : Within ±15% TLH, TLF (except TLF9UA) : Withstanding voltage : No abnormality Insulation resistance : No abnormality
Test Method and Remarks	BU—RA, TLH, TLF : According to JIS C 0025 Conditions for 1 cycle -25°C~+85°C, keep each 30min  Number of cycles : 10 Recovery : At least 1hr of recovery under the standard condition after the removal from test chamber, followed by the measurement within 2 hrs.	
16. Damp heat		
Specified Value	BU—RA Type	
	TLH, TLF Type	TLF9UA : Inductance change : Within ±15% TLH, TLF (except TLF9UA) : Withstanding voltage : No abnormality Insulation resistance : No abnormality
Test Method and Remarks	TLH, TLF : Temperature : 60±2°C : 40±2°C (※except TLF9U) Humidity : 90~95%RH Duration : 500 hrs Recovery : At least 1hr of recovery under the standard removal from test chamber followed by the measurement within 2 hrs.	

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17. Loading under damp heat					
Specified Value	BU—RA Type	Appearance : No abnormality Inductance change : Within $\pm 15\%$			
	TLH, TLF Type	Withstanding voltage : No abnormality Insulation resistance : No abnormality			
Test Method and Remarks	BU—RA : Temperature : $40 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ Humidity : $90 \sim 95\% \text{RH}$ Applied current : 500 hrs Apply rated current across windings (※except TLF9U) Recovery : At least 1hr of recovery under the standard removal from test chamber followed by the measurement within 2 hrs.				
	TLH, TLF : Temperature : $60 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ : $40 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ (※except TLF9U) Humidity : $90 \sim 95\% \text{RH}$ Duration : 100 hrs : 500 hrs Apply rated current across windings (※except TLF9U) Applied voltage : Apply the following specified voltage between windings. <table border="1" style="margin-left: 40px;"> <tr> <td>TLF9UA</td> <td>250VAC</td> </tr> <tr> <td>TLF9UB</td> <td>50VDC</td> </tr> </table> Recovery : At least 1hr of recovery under the standard removal from test chamber followed by the measurement within 2 hrs.		TLF9UA	250VAC	TLF9UB
TLF9UA	250VAC				
TLF9UB	50VDC				

18. Low temperature life test		
Specified Value	BU—RA Type	Appearance : No abnormality Inductance change : Within $\pm 15\%$
	TLH, TLF Type	TLF9U : Inductance change : Within $\pm 15\%$ TLH, TLF (except TLF9U) : Withstanding voltage : No abnormality Insulation resistance : No abnormality
Test Method and Remarks	BU—RA, TLH, TLF : Temperature : $-25 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ : $-40 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ (※ BU—RA·TLF·TLH) Duration : 500 hrs Recovery : At least 1hr of recovery under the standard removal from test chamber followed by the measurement within 2 hrs.	

19. High Temperature life test		
Specified Value	BU—RA Type	Appearance : No abnormality Inductance change : Within $\pm 15\%$
	TLH, TLF Type	TLF9U : Inductance change : Within $\pm 15\%$ TLH, TLF (except TLF9U) : Withstanding voltage : No abnormality Insulation resistance : No abnormality
Test Method and Remarks	BU—RA, TLH, TLF : Temperature : $85 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ (※ BU—RA) : $105 \pm 3^\circ\text{C}$ (※ TLF·TLH) Duration : 500 hrs Recovery : At least 1hr of recovery under the standard removal from test chamber followed by the measurement within 2 hrs.	

# LEADED COMMON MODE CHOKE COILS FOR DC AND SIGNAL LINES, LEADED COMMON MODE CHOKE COILS FOR AC LINES

## ■ PRECAUTIONS

1. Circuit Design	
Precautions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆Operating environment               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The products described in this specification are intended for use in general electronic equipment, (office supply equipment, telecommunications systems, measuring equipment, and household equipment). They are not intended for use in mission-critical equipment or systems requiring special quality and high reliability (traffic systems, safety equipment, aerospace systems, nuclear control systems and medical equipment including life-support systems) where product failure might result in loss of life, injury or damage. For such uses, contact TAIYO YUDEN Sales Department in advance.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>
2. PCB Design	
Precautions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆Design               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Please design insertion pitches as matching to that of leads of the component on PCBs.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>
Technical considerations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆Design               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. When Inductors are mounted onto a PC board, hole dimensions on the board should match the lead pitch of the component, if not, it will cause breakage of the terminals or cracking of terminal roots covered with resin as excess stress travels through the terminal legs.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>
3. Soldering	
Precautions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆Wave soldering               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Please refer to the specifications in the catalog for a wave soldering.</li> <li>2. Do not immerse the entire inductor in the flux during the soldering operation.</li> </ol> </li> <li>◆Lead free soldering               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. When using products with lead free soldering, we request to use them after confirming of adhesion, temperature of resistance to soldering heat, etc. sufficiently.</li> </ol> </li> <li>◆Recommended conditions for using a soldering iron               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Put the soldering iron on the land-pattern.</li> <li>• Soldering iron's temperature – Below 350°C</li> <li>• Duration – 3 seconds or less</li> <li>• The soldering iron should not directly touch the product.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Technical considerations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆Lead free soldering               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. If products are used beyond the range of the recommended conditions, heat stresses may deform the products, and consequently degrade the reliability of the products.</li> </ol> </li> <li>◆Recommended conditions for using a soldering iron               <p>If products are used beyond the range of the recommended conditions, heat stresses may deform the products, and consequently degrade the reliability of the products.</p> </li> </ul>
4. Cleaning	
Precautions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆Cleaning conditions               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. TLF type                   <p>Please contact any of our offices for about a cleaning.</p> </li> </ol> </li> </ul>
5. Handling	
Precautions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆Handling               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Keep the product away from all magnets and magnetic objects.</li> </ol> </li> <li>◆Mechanical considerations               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Please do not give the product any excessive mechanical shocks.</li> <li>2. TLF type                   <p>Please do not add any shock or power to a product in transportation.</p> </li> </ol> </li> <li>◆Packing               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Please do not give the product any excessive mechanical shocks.                   <p>In loading, please pay attention to handling indication mentioned in a packing box (a loading direction / number of maximum loading / fragile item).</p> </li> </ol> </li> </ul>
Technical considerations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◆Handling               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. There is a case that a characteristic varies with magnetic influence.</li> </ol> </li> <li>◆Mechanical considerations               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. There is a case to be damaged by a mechanical shock.</li> <li>2. TLF type                   <p>There is a case to be broken by a fall.</p> </li> </ol> </li> <li>◆Packing               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. There is a case that a lead route turns at by a fall or an excessive shock.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>

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## 6. Storage conditions

Precautions	<p>◆Storage</p> <p>1. To maintain the solderability of terminal electrodes and to keep the packing material in good condition, temperature and humidity in the storage area should be controlled.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Recommended conditions</li></ul> <p>Ambient temperature : 0~40°C Humidity : Below 70% RH</p> <p>The ambient temperature must be kept below 30°C. Even under ideal storage conditions, the solderability of electrodes decreases gradually, so the products should be mounted within one year from the time of delivery.</p> <p>In case of storage over 6 months, solderability shall be checked before actual usage.</p>
Technical considerations	<p>◆Storage</p> <p>1. Under a high temperature and humidity environment, problems such as reduced solderability caused by oxidation of terminal electrodes and deterioration of taping/packaging materials may take place.</p>