Product specification

a leap ahead

# AS3696

4 channel white LED controller for general lighting applications

## **General Description**

The AS3696 is a 4 channels precision LED controller with PWM inputs or internal PWM generator for driving external FETs in precise lighting applications. Build in safety features include thermal shutdown as well as open and short LED detection.

- 2x2 Channel LED driver
- Output current only limited by external FET
- Build in shunt regulator
- Absolute current accuracy +/- 1%
- Channel to channel accuracy +/- 1%
- Normal Mode
  - Linear current control with external voltage
  - Digital PWM control with PWM input
  - Build in PWM-generator with analog duty cycle control
- Current Boost Mode
  - Linear current control with external voltage
  - Digital PWM control with 2 PWM inputs

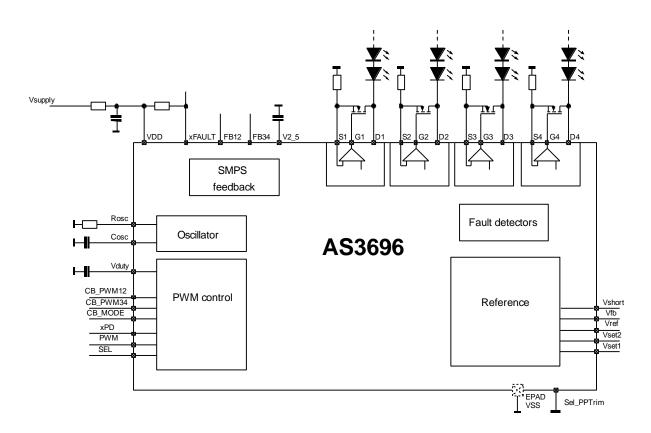


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- Open LED detection and auto-turnoff
- Short LED detection and auto-turnoff
- Temperature shutdown
- 2x automatic supply regulation feedback
- Package QFN 32pin 5x5mm, 0.5mm pitch
- Package TQFP 32pin 7x7mm, 0.8mm pitch

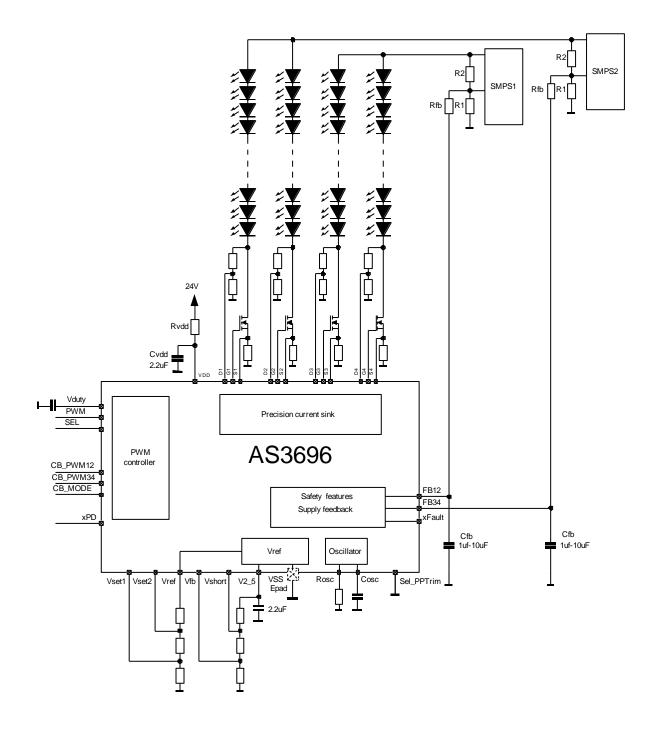
## Applications

- Commercial, industrial and retail lighting
- Streetlights
- Large panel LED backlighting



# 1 Block Diagram

# 2 Typical Application



# **3** Electrical Characteristics

#### 3.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses beyond those listed may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in Section "Electrical Characteristics" is not implied.

Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit	Note
VDDMAX	Supply voltage	-0.3	5.4	V	Voltage limit due to internal shunt regulator.
VIN_2.5V	Maximum voltage	-0.3	V2_5 +0.3V	V	Applicable for 2.5V pins $^{(1)}$
Vin_5v	Maximum voltage	-0.3	VDD +0.3V	V	Applicable for 5V pins $^{(2)}$
VIN_50V	Maximum voltage	-0.3	50	V	Applicable for 50V pins <sup>(3)</sup>
llatch	Latch-Up immunity	-100	+100	mA	Norm: EIA/JESD78
TSTRG	Storage Temperature Range	-55	150	°C	Maximum Junction Temperature
	Humidity	5	85	%	Non condensing
Vesd_LV	Electrostatic Discharge on all pins ( except D1D4 )	-2000	2000	V	Norm: MIL 883 E Method 3015 Human body model
Vesd_hv	Electrostatic Discharge on pins D1 D4	-4000	4000	V	Norm: MIL 883 E Method 3015 Human body model
TBODY	Body Temperature during Soldering		260	°C	according to IPC/JEDEC J-STD- 020C

Note: (1) Pins: V2\_5, Vfb (2) Pins: All pins except V2\_5, D1-D4, Vfb (3) Pins: D1 – D4

# 3.2 Operating Conditions

#### 3.2.1 General

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Rthja	Thermal resistance junction – ambient	QFN32		30		°C/W
Pderate	PT Derating Factor	QFN32	33			mW/ °C
Tamb	Ambient Temperature		-30		85	°C
Tj	Junction Temperature		-30		115	°C

### 3.2.2 Power supply

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
VDDint	Supply Voltage VDD shunt regulator operation	Shunt regulator operation. Supply current has to be limited between 10mA and 30mA by external resistor		5.2	5.5	V
IDDmax	Maximum shunt regulator current				30	mA
VDDext	Supply Voltage VDD	no shunt regulator operation. No external current limiting resistor needed	4.0	4.5	4.9	V

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
VDD_por	Power on reset level	Circuit stays in power down until VDD_POR is reached. G1 – G4 is pulled to GND during power down	2.4		3.0	V
IDD_q	Quiescent current	VDD= 5V, Default setting, PWM = 0		1		mA
IDD_r	Supply current	VDD = 5V, PWM = 240Hz, Duty = 50%		2.5	10	mA
V2_5	V2_5 regulator output		2.4	2.5	2.6	V
l2_5	V2_5 output current				1	mA
Vref	Reference voltage		1.24	1.25	1.26	V
Rvref	Output resistance Vref			300		Ω

### 3.2.3 Current outputs

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Vdx	Output voltage pins Dx				50	V
Rdx	Input resistance in Dx	PWM = 0 U_DX=16V PWM = 1	1 0.1			ΜΩ ΜΩ
Vgx	Max output voltage pin Gx	lgx = 1mA	VDD- 0.5		VDD	V
lgx	Max output current pin Gx				1	mA
Rsx	Input resistance pin Sx		1			MΩ
lled_250	Current accuracy	Trimmed during production ILED =100mA, Temp = 25°C, external NMOS-Transistor used, Vset1 = 250mV (excluding error of external Rset)	-1.0		+1.0	%
lch_250	Channel to channel Current accuracy	Trimmed during production ILED =100mA, Temp = 25°C, external NMOS-Transistor used, Vset1 = 250mV (excluding error of external Rset)	-1.0		+1.0	%
lled_all	Tjunction = $-20^{\circ}$ C to $+100^{\circ}$ C Vset1 = $200$ mV to $500$ mV <sup>(1)</sup>		-2.0		+2.0	%

Note: (1) It is not recommended to use Vset < 200mV in order to minimize influences from PCB-layout and noise.

#### 3.2.4 Feedback circuit, fault detectors

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
IFBmax	Feedback current maximum			300		uA
RFBmin	Minim output resistance	VDx = 0.3V		300	1000	Ω
IFB_g	FB transconductance	$IFB\_g = \Delta I_{FB} / \Delta V_{Dx}$		-3		mA/V
Vfb	Feedback voltage trip point	Trip voltage at Pins Dx	0		3	V
Vshort	Short LED detector Voltage	Short LED detection level voltage Short will be detected if: ((V_Dx -VsetX) /5 + VsetX) > Vshort	0		2	V
Tovtemp	Over temperature limit		130	140	150	°C

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Thyst	Over termperature hysteresis			10		°C

#### 3.2.5 PWM-inputs

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
fPWM	PWM-input frequency	Pins: PWM, CB_PWM12, CB_PWM34	0		1	kHz

### 3.2.6 Oscillator

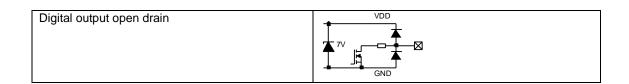
Symbol	Parameter	Parameter Conditions				
UrefH	Reference Voltage high		3.1	3.2	3.3	V
UrefL	Reference Voltage low		0.0	0.1	0.2	V

### 3.2.7 Digital pins

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
Vін	High Level Input voltage	1.3		VDD	V	
VIL	Low Level Input voltage	-0.3		0.8	V	
VoH	High Level output voltage	VDD- 0.3			V	I=mA
VoL	Low Level output voltage			VDD- 0.3	V	I=mA
VoL_PD	Low level output voltage open drain outputs			VDD- 0.3	V	I=mA
R_pu	Input resistance PullUp inputs		300		kΩ	
R_pd	Input resistance PullDown inputs		300		kΩ	

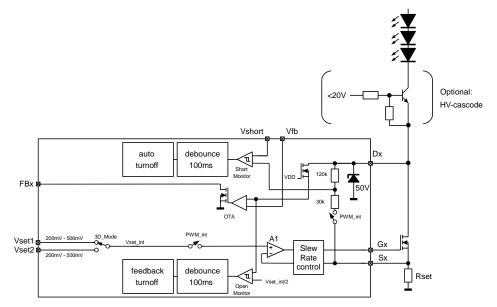
## 3.3 Pins equivalent circuit

VDD	
Digital inputs	
Digital inputs Pull up	
Digital inputs Pull Down	
Digital outputs push/pull	



## 4 Detailed Block description

#### 4.1 Current outputs



#### 4.1.1 Precision current sink

All current sinks are built with an internal error amplifier A1 and an external power transistor. The external transistor should be a NMOS type to keep the current accuracy. The output current during PWM=1 can be calculated:

$$Iled = \frac{Vset1}{Rset}$$
 in normal mode ( CB\_Mode = 0 )  

$$Iled = \frac{Vset2}{Rset}$$
 in Current Boost mode ( CB\_Mode = 1 )

### 4.1.2 Output voltage monitoring

In order to monitor the proper DCDC output voltage the voltage at pin "Dx" is measured during PWM=1. If this voltage is too low a comparator turns on a transconductance amplifier which is able to control the output voltage of the external power supply via pin FB1 or FB2.

### 4.1.3 Open LED detection

If a LED-string is broken the voltage at pin Dx gets lower than Vset\_int/2. This status is detected and accumulated by a comparator during PWM=1. If the accumulated status lasts longer than 100ms, a fault is indicated and the corresponding power feedback function is turned off. After 500ms the fault is reset and the detection starts again.

For proper detection the PWM high time has to be longer than 500us.

### 4.1.4 Short LED detection

Shorted LEDs in a LED-string will cause higher voltage at pin "Dx". A higher voltage during PWM=1 is detected by a comparator and will trigger a "short LED detection" fault. The duration of the fault is

accumulated and if the time exceeds 100ms a fault is indicated and the output is turned off. If the hightime of the waveform is shorter than 100ms it will take more periods to trigger this fault. After 500ms the channel is turned on again. A short will be detected if:

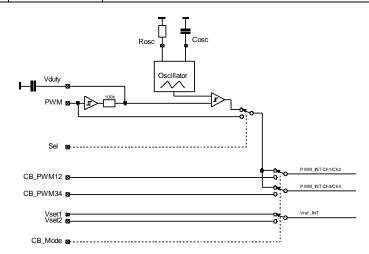
((V\_Dx -VsetX) /5 + VsetX) > Vshort

For proper detection the PWM high time has to be longer than 500us.

#### 4.2 **PWM controller**

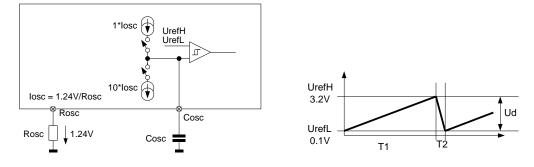
The PWM controller can operate in normal mode or current boost mode. Depending on the mode different output currents can be set.

"3D- Mode"	"SEL"	Mode	Comment	Vref_INT
0	0	Normal PWM external	External PWM is used as PWM_INT	Vset1
0	1	Normal PWM internal	PWM-frequency is generated by internal oscillator PWM-duty cycle is set by voltage on pin "Vduty" Vduty can either be an external voltage (PWM=0) or can be derived from the PWM signal by filtering with an ext capacitor	Vset1
1	X	Current boost mode	CB_PWM12 is used for driving Channels 1 and 2 CB_PWM34 is used for driving Channels 3 and 4	Vset2



#### 4.3 Oscillator

The build in oscillator can be used to generate internal PWM frequencies. The external Capacitor is charged with the current 1.24V/Rosc and discharged with the current 1.24V\*10/Rosc.



$$U_d = U_{refH} - U_{refL} = 3.1V,$$

$$u_1 = \frac{U_d * R_{osc} * C_{osc}}{1.24V},$$

Т

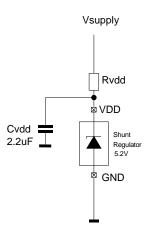
 $T_2 = \frac{U_d * R_{osc} * C_{osc}}{10 * 1.24V}$ 

The Oscillator frequency can be calculated:

 $f_{osc} = \frac{1.24V}{3.1V * R_{osc} * C_{osc}} * \frac{10}{11} = \frac{0.3636}{R_{osc} * C_{osc}} [Hz]$ 

#### 4.4 Power supply

The device has a build in electronic Zener-diode at pin VDD for building a shunt regulator. To obtain a 5.2V regulated supply, a series resistor Rvdd has to be connected in series to the internal zener diode. An external capacitor Cvdd is used to filter the supply on the pin VDD.



The external resistor Rvdd has to be calculated according to the following formula:

 $R_{VDD} = \frac{V_{Supply} - 5.2V}{10mA}$ 

Vsupply...Minimum Supply voltage

Power dissipation of Rvdd;

 $P_{Rvdd} = \frac{\left(V_{Supply} - 5, 2V\right)^2}{R_{VDD}}$ 

To ensure proper operation the minimum supply voltage should be choosen as Vsupply. If a stable supply voltage between 4V and 5V is available in the system this supply can also be used for VDD. In that case there is no need for the series resistor Rvdd.

#### 4.5 Safety features

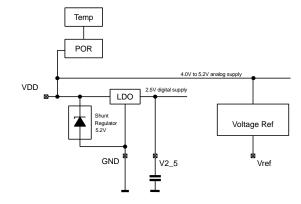
#### 4.5.1 Temperature shutdown

If the die temperature reaches 140°C all outputs are turned off. If the die temperature goes below 130°C the outputs are turned on again.

#### 4.5.2 xPD input

In addition to the build in power on reset circuit there is an external power down input "xPD" available. This gives the possibility to keep the outputs turned off until all blocks of the LED-driver circuits are fully working ( DCDC, MCU ... )

#### 4.6 Reference circuit



The reference circuit generates an internal supply voltage of 2.5V for the digital logic.

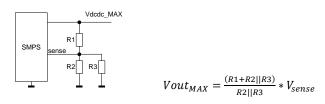
#### 4.7 Dynamic feedback control

The output of pins "FB12" and "FB34" can be used to control any external power supply for best power efficiency. Every power supply senses its output voltage with a resistive voltage divider. This voltage divider can be modified to set the output voltage between a minimum output voltage VMIN and a maximum output voltage VMAX. The design of the dynamic feedback control is done in 3 steps.

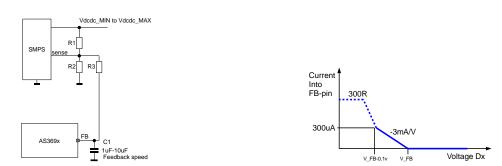
Step 1: Set the resistors R1,R2 in the power supply according to the minimum output voltage







Step 3: Connect R3 to the feedback pin "FBxx". C1 should be chosen according to the speed requirements of the feedback loop.



The characteristic of the feedback function can be seen in the diagram. The final output voltage of is determined by the setting of VFB and the current that is drawn from the external voltage divider.

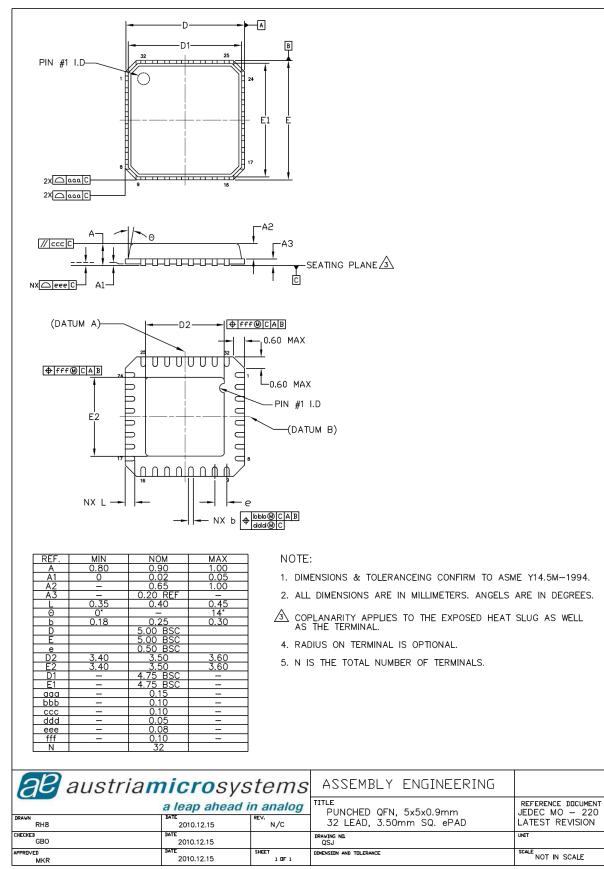
# 5 Pinout and Packaging

## 5.1 Pinout QFN32, TQFP32

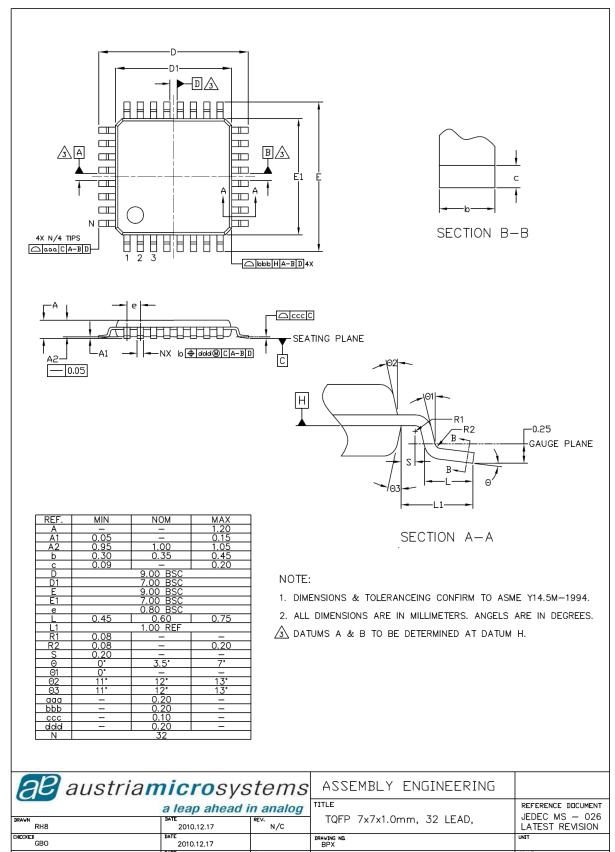
Pin	Pin	Pin	Pin	Description	
Nr	Name	Name	Туре	Description	
	QFN Package	TQFP package			
1	D1	D1	AIO	Connect to Drain of external Transistor	
2	G1	G1	AIO	Connect to Gate of external Transistor	
3	V2_5	V2_5	AIO	Supply output. Connect 2.2uF bypass capacitor to GND	
4	Vfb	Vfb	AIO	Trip point voltage for outputs D1 – D4	
5	Vduty	Vduty	AIO	Analog duty cycle control input	
6	FB12	FB12	AIO	Power supply feedback output1 and output2	
7	FB34	FB34	AIO	Power supply feedback output3 and output4	
8	Vref	VSS	AIO	Reference voltage output (QFN ), VSS ( TQFP )	
9	Vset1	Vset1	AIO	Reference voltage input in normal mode	
10	Vset2	Vset2	AIO	Reference voltage input in 3D mode	
11	Rosc	Rosc	AIO	Resistor of RC-oscillator	
12	Cosc	Cosc	AIO	Capacitor of RC-oscillator	
13	PWM	PWM	DI-PD	PWM input	
14	CB_Mode	CB_Mode	DI-PD	Mode select input	
15	CB_PWM12	CB_PWM12	DI-PD	PWM input in Current Boost Mode for channel1 and channel2	
16	CB_PWM34	CB_PWM34	DI-PD	PWM input in Current Boost Mode for channel3 and channel4	
17	SEL	SEL	DI-PD	PWM input select in normal mode	
18	SEL_PPtrim	SEL_PPtrim	DI-PD	Connect to VSS. This pin is used for factory trimming.	
19	xFAULT	xFAULT	DO-OD	Fault output. Active low	
20	xPD	xPD	DI-PU	Power down input. Active low	
21	Vshort	Vshort	AIO	Short LED detection threshold voltage	
22	VDD	VDD	AIO	Shunt voltage regulator input.	
23	G4	G4	AIO	Connect to Gate of external Transistor	
24	D4	D4	AIO	Connect to Drain of external Transistor	
25	S4	S4	AIO	Connect to Source of External Transistor and to Resistor RSET	
26	S3	S3	AIO	Connect to Source of External Transistor and to Resistor RSET	
27	D3	D3	AIO	Connect to Drain of external Transistor	
28	G3	G3	AIO	Connect to Gate of external Transistor	
29	G2	G2	AIO	Connect to Gate of external Transistor	
30	D2	D2	AIO	Connect to Drain of external Transistor	
31	S2	S2	AIO	Connect to Source of External Transistor and to Resistor RSET	
32	S1	S1	AIO	Connect to Source of External Transistor and to Resistor RSET	
EP	VSS		AIO	Exposed PAD. Connect to VSS ( QFN )	

AIO	Analog Pin	
DI	Digital input	
DI-PU	Digital input with pull up resistor	
DI-PD	Digital input with pull down resistor	
DO	Digital output	
DO-OD	O-OD Digital output open drain	

#### 5.2 Package Drawing QFN32



#### 5.3 Package Drawing TQFP32



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1 OF 1

DIMENSION AND TOLERANCE

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NOT IN SCALE

# 6 Ordering information

Part Number	Marking	Package Type	Delivery Form	Description
AS3696-ZQFT	AS3696	QFN32	Tape and Reel in Dry Pack	Package size = 5x5mm, Pitch = 0.5mm, Pb-free;
AS3696-ZTQT	AS3696	TQFP32	Tape and Reel in Dry Pack	Package size = 7x7mm, Pitch = 0.8mm, Pb-free;

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